Bankura University

Department of Sanskrit

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS):

The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses (Core Courses, Foundational Courses, Elective Courses). The courses can be evaluated following the grading system.

M A in Sanskrit Programme details:

Programme Objectives:

This programme tries to aware students of the holistic approach of Sanskrit literature and as well as the modern studies, researches and approaches towards Sanskrit Studies. There are papers from different disciplines of Sanskrit studies, such as Veda, Literature, Grammar, Philosophy etc. Not only that the programme has comparative studies on western methods of literary theory, and interpretation. In the philosophy section one unit describes western methods of logic. Computational Linguistics is also introduced. Understanding of the idea of the research will be nurtured through the course on writing term paper. Major elective courses will initiate the student in a selected area providing in depth and comprehensive understanding of that area. The main aim of this programme is to train students in a way that they would able to do further research on their respective fields. This programme would also help student to be competent as a next-generation teacher of Sanskrit.

Programme Specific Outcome:

This programme will enable students to have a comprehensive idea of Sanskrit literature. It is expected that the course would form the knowledge and basic skills for the students to take up various teaching assignments and to pursue further research in the field.

Assessment Methods:

In most of the courses, especially in core courses and in major elective courses the medium of instruction in the class primarily will be Sanskrit. The questions will be framed in Sanskrit language with Devanagari script and the medium of answer also will be Sanskrit with Devanagari script. In Linguistics course, in Computational Linguistics course, in Comparative Poetics, in Western Logic and in the papers of Indian Epigraphy ,Palaeography and History English language will be used as the medium of instructions and the medium of answers and as well as the medium of questions along with Sanskrit. Each Paper is of 50 marks, having 4 credits. In each paper except in the assignment paper 10 marks is kept for Internal Assessment and the end Semester exam would be of 40 marks.

Descriptions of Courses

1. Core Course: A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.

2. Elective Course: Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/ subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course. Here there will be two kind of Elective courses, one is major and another is minor. Major elective course would direct students towards specialisation. Minor elective course is to be taken from other departments.

3. Foundational courses are to be conducted by university. The course will have internal assessment only. It would be a non-credit course. But candidates are required to obtain as Satisfactory to become eligible for the award of P.G degree.

4. In each semester except 3rd semester an assignment work may be given in lieu of a discipline specific elective paper.

Career Opportunities: After completion of MA in Sanskrit students can work as a Sanskrit language teacher in different institutes. They can also apply in different institute as a research assistant. They as also eligible to write NET and SET exam.

SEMESTER – 1

Vedic Studies

Objectives:

As Veda is the oldest literature of Sanskrit, and one of the oldest literatures of world, it is an important content of this syllabus. There are selected hymns from the Rgveda, with the commentary of Sāyaṇa. Sāyaṇa, is the celebrated Vedic commentator of 13th century. With the help of

Rgvedabhāşyopakramaņīkā, one can get to know about the introduction of a commentray.Nirukt a (etymological interpretation) is one of the six Vedānga disciplines, treating etymology, particularly of obscure words, especially those occurring in the Vedas. The discipline is traditionally attributed to Yāska, an ancient Sanskrit etymologist.

Course Learning Outcome:

This course is designed to aware the students with Vedic hymes and Etymology of words, so that they can understand the meaning of Veda.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course- SNSK-101C	Vedic Studies		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Rgveda Hymns with Sāyaņa's Commentary: Agni, (1.1)Vāk(10.125), Viśvāmitra-nadī -samvāda III.33, Puruṣasukta X.90, Nāsadīyasukta X-129	20		
	Unit-II	Ŗgvedabhāṣyopakramaīkā	10		
	Unit-III	Nirukta- (Adhyāya-I)	10		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. RigvedaSamhita with Sayanabhasya, VaidikSamshodhanMandal, Pune
- $2. \ Rigved a Samhita \ With \ Dayan and a bhas ya, Vedik pustakala ya, Ajamer.$
- 3.শ্রৌতপাঠ ,সুক্লা সেন ,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো কলকাতা।
- 4. नरिुक्तम्, दुर्गाचार्यकृत-ऋज्वर्थाख्यव्याख्यानुसारी, मुकुन्दझाशर्मणा संपादतिम्।
- 5.নিরুক্ত ,অধ্যাপক তারকনাথ অধিকারী,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো।
- 6.ঋশ্বেদভাষ্যোপক্রমঃ ,ডঃ রমারন্তন মুখোপাধ্যায়,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো।
- 7.ঋথ্বেদভাষ্য্যোপক্রণিকা, সং-শ্রীসত্যরন্জন বন্দোপাধ্যায়,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো।
- 8.ऋग्वेद-भाष्य-भूमकाि, अनु. रामअवध पाण्डेय,मोतीलाल बनारसीदास ,दल्लिी ।

9. নিরুক্তম্, ব্রহ্মচারীমেধাচৈতন্য সম্পাদিতম্,সংস্কৃত পুস্তক ভাণ্ডার।

Grammar

Objectives:

This course has been designed as the background of Sanskrit grammar. It is an introductory course on Pāninian grammar. The course starts with a brief introduction with the discussion about grammarians of Sanskrit since ancient. The famous text of sixteen century Sidhāntakaumudī would initiate students to the world of Pānini.

Course Learning Outcomes:

This course enables students to know about the technical terms and meta-rules of Pāninian Grammar. They will be able to know about *sandhi* rules. This knowledge would empower them to read complex Sanskrit texts. In addition to this rules and resulting forms of *strī*-*pratyaprakaraņam* would also enhance the knowledge of Sanskrit Morphology.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course SNSK-102C	Grammar		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Siddhāntakaumudī (Samjñā & Paribhāṣā)	20		
	Unit-II	Siddhāntakaumudī (ac sandhi, Prakṛtibhāva) Strī- pratyaprakaraṇam(resulting forms with relevant sutras)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: Unit-I

1X10=10(out of 3)[explanation of $s\bar{u}tra$ (8) and one short question of 2 marks]

1X6=6(out of 2)[explanation of *vrtti*]

2X2=4(out of 3)

Unit-II

5X2=10 (out of 4) [*rūpasiddhi*]
6X1=6(out of 2) [explanation of *sūtra*]
2X2=4 (out of 4)

Suggested Readings:

1.Vaikaraņasidhāntakaumudī (Samjñā paribhāṣāprakaraṇam)edited by Mrinalkanti Gangyopadhyaya,

Sanskrit Book Depo

2. Vaikaranasidhāntakaumudī (sandhiprakaranam)edited by Mrinalkanti Gangyopadhyaya,

3. Vaikaraņasidhāntakaumudī (Samjñā paribhāṣāprakaraņam)edited by Ayodhyanatha Sastri

4. Vaikaraṇasidhāntakaumudī, with bālamanoramā-tattvabodhinī, edited by Giridharasharma Caturveda and Parameswaranndasharma Vidyabhaskara, MLBD, First volume.

5. Vaikaraņasidhāntakaumudī(strīpratayaprakaraņam) edited by TapanSankar Bhattacharya

6. Vaikaraņasidhāntakaumudī, ed. by S.D. Basu

7. Astādhyāyīsūtrapāthaḥ, edited by Ramaśankar Misra, MLBD

8. Pāņini, Saroja Bhate, Sahitya Acdemy

9. Vyakaran Sastrer itihas, Amiya Kumar Bhattacharya, Sanskrit Pustaka Bhandar

Philosophy

Objectives: This course initiates three schools of Indian Philosophy. It starts with the introduction of Mahābhāṣya of Patañjali. It not only discusses the necessity and nature of grammar, it is treated as an introductory text of all discipline. It is a masterpiece of Sanskrit prose writing. The kārikavali-Muktāvali of Viswanatha Panchanana is a popular manual of the Nyāya-Vaisesika System. This text is divided into five section, viz. Pratyaksha-khanda, Anumāna-khanda, Upamāna-khanda, Sabda-khanda, and Guna-khanda.. Sāmkhya is one of the six āstika schools of Indian philosophy. It is most related to the Yoga school of Indian Philosophy and it was influential on other schools of Indian philosophy. Sāmkhyakārikā of Ishvarkrisna is a popular text in Samkhya school.

Course Learning outcomes:

This course aims to introduce the application methods and techniques of Navya Ny \bar{a} ya language among the students. The objective of the course is also to enrich the concept of different views

on the precise form of fruition of *Mangala*, Causality, and three types of causes, nine substances and perception. It also teaches students how to introduce a subject to a pupil, and how to arouse interest in it.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Philosophy		50	4	4
SNSK-103C					
	Unit-I	Mahabhāṣya: Paspaśā	15		
	Unit-II	Bhaṣāpariccheda with general acquaintance of Muktāvalī (Pratyakṣakhaṇḍa)	15		
	Unit-III	Sāṁkhyakārikā	10		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

2. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

3. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

4. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi. 5. Mahabhasya with Pradipa & Uddyota, Ed. Bhargava Shastri, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratistha, Varanasi.

6. Mahabhasya, Ed. Medhachaitanya, Sanskrita Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata

7. Mahabhasya, Ed. Sanghamitra Sengupta, Sanskrita Pustaka Bhandar, Kolkata.

8. Mahabhasya, Ed. Gangadhar Kar, Sanskrita Pustaka Bhandar, Kolkata.

9. Mahābhāṣya(paspaśāhnika), edited by S.D.Joshi CASS, University of Pune.

10. Mahābhāṣya, ed. By Brahmacari Medhacaitanya

11. Samkhyakarika of Ishwarkrisna with Samkhyatattwakoumudi, Ed. Narayanachandra Goswami, Sanskrita Pustaka Bhandar, Kolkata.

12. Samkhyakarika of Ishwarkrisna with Samkhyatattwakoumudi, Ed. Purnachandravedantachunchu, Paschimvanga Rajya Pustaka Parsad, Kolkata.

Kāvya

Objectives:

This course has been designed as introductory course on Sanskrit kāvya. The course consists of two texts. The first one is Mrcchakațikam of Śūdraka. The drama is unique in the sense of plot and the different uses of Prākrta languages in it. It breaks away from the banal theme of Royal life. It deals with the love-story of Brahmin Cārudatta and the rich courtesan Vasantasena. This social drama, breathing as it does a plebeian atmosphere, is regarded as the most Shakespearian of all Sanskrit plays.

The second one is Kāvyaprakāśa, a celebrated work on Poetics, attributed to Mammata, the rhetorician from 11th century Kashmir. The text written in 10 chapters attempts to synthesise the doctrines of the different schools of Sanskrit rhetoric and finally establishes the doctrines of the Dhvani school.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course would aware students the mastery of Sanskrit poets as dramatists and as poets also. It would also make them aware about the different forms of the literary theory such as *Dhvani*, *Rasa*, *Alamkar* etc.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course SNSK- 104C	Kāvya		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Mṛcchakațikam	20		
	Unit-II	Kāvyaprakāśa(I,II)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. The Kavyaprakash of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentary Balabhodhini by Jhalakikar (Bhatta Vamana) published by Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute Poona 1983.

2. The Kavyaprakasha of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentaries Pradipa and Udyota, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi.

3. The Kavyaprakasha of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentary Haimavati, Motilal Banarasi Das, Newdelhi.

4. Kavyaprakash, Vimalkant Mukhopadhyaya, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.

5. Mrichchhakatikam M.R.Kale, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi

6. Mrichchhakatikam, De and Siddhanta, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.

7. Mrichchhakatikam, Ramashankar Tripathi, MLBD, Delhi.

8. . The Sanskrit Drama - Dr.V.Raghavan, Motilal Banarsidas, Newdelhi.

Assignment

Objectives: This course consists two parts. In the unit –I there is Mastering in Sanskrit Language. As the medium of instruction is primarily Sanskrit and the medium of writing is also Sanskrit, it is necessary to have sound knowledge of Sanskrit language. Otherwise it is difficult to write in Sanskrit and to prepare presentation in Sanskrit. In the unit-I rules of reading and writing of basic Sanskrit would be explained. In the unit-II topics related to different branches of

Sanskrit would be given to students. Students would do necessary research and would write a term paper on the given topic with the help of supervisor. After the end- semester exam there would be a written exam of 20 marks and there would be a viva-voice examination.

Course Learning Outcomes: Students would get glimpses of research world and they would learn to write scholarly article in Sanskrit and to present it in Sanskrit language.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Assignment		50	4	4
SNSK-105IA					
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

SEMESTER – 2

Vedic Studies

Objectives: This course again includes Vedic Hymns other than Rgveda. It includes hymns from Atharvaveda and from Yajurveda. Atharvaveda is the fourth Veda and it is unique in nature. It is known as the procedures for everyday life. Royal rituals and the duties of the court priests are included in the Atharvaveda. Along with these ayurveda, the traditional system of medicine in ancient India is also included in the very text. The Yajurveda is the Veda primarily of prose mantras for worship rituals. An ancient Vedic Sanskrit text, it is a compilation of ritual offering formulas that were said by a priest while an individual performed ritual actions such as those before the yajña fire. The Vedic culture is known as the tradition of sacrifices. The different nature of sacrifices are included here from Śatapathabrāhmaṇa, which is one of the earliest examples of Sanskrit prose writings. Again the syllabus includes another chapter Nirukta.

Course Learning Outcomes: Students would get more intrinsic idea of Vedic world through hymns, sacrifices and the world of etymology.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code					Class
					hour\week

Core Course- SNSK- 201C	Vedic Studies		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Hymns from other Veda than Ŗgveda with Sāyaņa's, Uvaṭa's , Mahīdhara's and Dayānanda's Commentary: Atharvaveda: Varuṇa(IV.16),Kāla(XIX.53) Śuklayajurveda: Śivasaṁkalpasūkta(6 mantras)	20		
	Unit-II	Śatapathabrāhmaṇa(Pañcamahāyajña(XI.5,6,1- 9)	10		
	Unit-III	Nirukta- (Adhyāya-VII)	10		
	Internal Assessment		10	J	

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sayanabhashya-sametaAtharvavedaSamhita, Ram Svarup Gaud, ChowkhambaVidyaBhavan, Varanasi.
- 2. SuklayajurvedaSamhita With Ubata-Mahidharabhasya, Motilal Banarasidas. Delhi, 1969.
- 3. YajurvedaBhasa-bhasya With Dayanandabhasya ,DayanandaSansthan,Karolbag ,Delhi.

4 .শ্রৌতপাঠ,সুক্লা সেন ,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো কলকাতা।

5.ShatapathaBrahamana ,Commentary of Sayanacharya,Edt.bySatyaBrataSamasrami AsiaticSociety 57,Park Street,Kalkutta-1905.

6.ShatapathaBrahamana ,Edt.by Swami SatyaprakashaSaraswati,VijayakumarGobingaramaHasananda.

7. नरिुक्तम्, दुर्गाचार्यकृत-ऋज्वर्थाख्यव्याख्यानुसारी, मुकुन्दझाशर्मणा संपादतिम् ।

৪.নিরুক্ত ,অধ্যাপক তারকনাথ অধিকারী,সংস্কৃত বুক ডিপো।

9. নিরুক্তম্, ব্রহ্মচারীমেধাচৈতন্য সম্পাদিতম্,সংস্কৃত পুস্তক ভাণ্ডার।

Grammar

Objectives: After the introduction of grammar in the first semester, this course introduces core operations form Sanskrit grammar. As the verb is the central part of sentence, it is necessary to know the internal structure of verb, and how it gets ready to be used in the sentence, after the rules of affixation. It also tells about verb classes . The text Siddhāntakaumudī discusses in details about the grammatical operations with the help of Pāṇinian rules. Along with this unit I also talks about those forms of verbs which are used to express wish. There are verb forms which are used to express reduplication of actions. The second unit includes Linguistics. It starts with the definition of the language and the subject itself. It talks about the major broad divisions of Linguistics such as Phonology, Morphology, Syntax, Semantics etc along with their general rules. It talks about the relation between human language and brain. It also tells about divisions of languages.

Course Learning Outcomes: Students would get mastery over the structure of verb forms of Sanskrit and they would get glimpses of the world of Linguistics.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course SNSK- 202C	Grammar		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Siddhāntakaumudī (bhvādi, bhū,edh) ņijanta, sannanta, yannta(resulting forms and relevant rules)	20		
	Unit-II	Bhāṣāvijñām	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

Unit-I

6X2=12(rūpasiddhi)[out of 3]

2X4=8 (out of 7)

Unit-II

1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Vaikaranasidhāntakaumudī, with bālamanoramā-tattvabodhinī, edited by Giridharasharma Caturveda and Parameswaranndasharma Vidyabhaskara, MLBD, third volume.
- 2. Vaikaranasidhāntakaumudī Srikrishnanandatirtha, M.L, Dey and co.
- 3. Bhāṣāvijñām, Kapildev Diwedi
- 4. Yubhātah samskritam prati, G.B. Palsule, Rastriya Sanskrit Sansthan
- 5. An Introduction to Language, Victoria Fromkin, Robert Rodman, Nina Hyams.
- 6. Language Files 12, The ohio State University
- 7. Phonetics in Ancient India, W.S Allen, Oxford University Press, 1953
- 8. The Sanskrit Language, T Burrow
- 9. Sanskrit Syntax, J.S.Spijer
- 10. Elements of the Science of Language, I.J.S Taraporewalla, Calcutta University

Philosophy

Objectives:The *kārikāvalī-muktāvalī* of *Viśvanatha Pañchānana* is a popular manual of the Nyaya-Vaisesika System. This text is divided into five section, viz. *pratyakṣa-khanda, anumāna-khanda, upamāna-khanda, śabda-khanda,* and *guṇa-khanda. Anumiti* (Inference), *paramarśa* (consideration), *vyāpti* (invariable concomitance), *pakṣata* (subjecthood) and *hetvābhās*a (fallacies) are explained in *Anumānakhanda* of the *Kārikava*ī. *Arthasamgraha* of *Laugakshi Bhaskara* is a popular text in *Mimāmsā* system.

Course Learning Outcomes: . The aim of the course is to enrich students the concept of inference knowledge in Indian context. This course also introduces technical terms of Nyāya. Through the text of Arthasamgraha, student should be able to understand the main aspects of $Mim\bar{a}ms\bar{a}$ darśana.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Philosophy		50	4	4
SNSK-203C					
	Unit-I	Bhaṣāpariccheda	20		
		with general			
		acquaintance of			
		Muktāvalī			

	(anumāna)		
Unit-II	Arthasamgraha	20	
Internal Assessment		10	

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

2. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

3. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

4. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

5. Arthasamgraha of Lougaksibhaskara with Aloka, Ed. Vachaspati Upadhyaya, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthana, Varanasi.

6. Arthasamgraha of Lougaksibhaskara with Arthakoumudi, Ed. Rajeshwar Shastri Musalgaonkar, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthana, Varanasi.

7. Arthasamgraha of Lougaksibhaskara Ed. Swami Alokananda, RKM Vivekananda University, Belur Math, West Bengal.

Kāvya

Objectives: The IXth and Xth Chapters of the Kāvyaprakāśa Mammat discusses the poetic figures and their place in poetry by justifying their relation to Rasa. Alamkara are compared to ornaments on a Man's Body, as such they adorn words and Meanings which constitute the 'Body' of the Poetry. They thus serve to embellish indirectly (through sound and sense) the underlying soul of the sentiment. Anandavardhan's book Dhvanyaloka created a drastic change in Sanskrit Criticism. He has evoked appreciation of the critical world and has assigned top position in the hierarchy of critics through the first clear formulation of Dhavani Theory, is found

in the Dhvanyaloka. His dhvani theory has been carried out by the later $\bar{a}c\bar{a}ryas$ such as Mammat, Abhinavgupta etc.

Course Learning Outcomes: The paper aims to make students engage into these new forms of Poetic Figures, so that they can learn how to apply these in poetry .Through this Paper, the students would be able to cope with the most important theory of Sanskrit literary Criticism.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Kāvya		50	4	4
SNSK-204C					
	Unit-I	Kāvyaprakāśa(IX,X)	20		
	Unit-II	Dhvanyāloka(Ist) with locana commentary	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. The Dhvanyaloka of Ànandavardhana with the Locana Sanskrit commentary of Abhinavagupta and Balapriya Sanskrit Commentary of Sahridayatilakan K Ramapisharoti.
- 2 .Dhvanyaloka with the locana Malayalam commentary of EV Damodaran, published by NBS Thiruvanantapuram.

3. The Dhvanyaloka of Ànandavardhana with the Locana of Abhinvagupta Translated by Daniel HH Ingalls, Jeffrey Moussaieff Masson and M V Patvardhan, edited with an introduction by Daniel H H Ingalls, Harvard University Press Cambridge, Massachusetts and London, England.

4 .Dhvanyalokalocana, Pt Jagannath Pathak, Chaukhamba Vidyabhavan, Varanasi.

5. Dhvanyaloka with the locana, Ramsagar Tripathi, Motilal Benarasidas, Delhi.

Assignment

Objectives: This course consists two parts. In the unit –I there is Mastering in Sanskrit Language. As the medium of instruction is primarily Sanskrit and the medium of writing is also

Sanskrit, it is necessary to have sound knowledge of Sanskrit language. Otherwise it is difficult to write in Sanskrit and to prepare presentation in Sanskrit. In the unit-I rules of reading and writing of basic Sanskrit would be explained. In the unit-II topics related to different branches of Sanskrit would be given to students. Students would do necessary research and would write a term paper on the given topic with the help of supervisor. After the end- semester exam there would be a written exam of 20 marks and there would be a viva-voice examination.

Course Learning Outcomes: Students would get glimpses of research world and they would learn to write scholarly article in Sanskrit and to present it in Sanskrit language.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Assignment		50	4	4
SNSK-205IA					
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

SEMESTER - 3

Veda (Group-A)

Vedic Hymns

Objectives: This course introduces Vedic hymns from various Vedas, with the commentaries of different commentators.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to open the poetic and philosophical world of Veda through various Vedic hymns.

Course	Course	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code	Title				Class
					hour

					week
Major Elective	Vedic Hymns		50	4	4
SNSK- 301EA					
	Unit-I	Varuņa(1.25), Sūrya(1.125), Ūṣas(3.61), Parjyanya(5. 83), Māņḍukya(7.103) with Sāyaņa's Commentary	20		
	Unit-II	Atharvaveda :bhūmisūkta(12.1), brahmacaryasūkta(11.5), with Sāyaņa's commentary	10		
	Unit-III	Kṛṣṇayajurveda[5 kāṇḍa, 6 prapāṭhak, (jalapraśṁsā)] Śuklayajurveda(32.1-32.5)	10		
	Internal Assess ment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. RigvedaSamhita with Sayanabhasya, VaidikSamshodhanMandal, Pune

2. RigvedaSamhita With Dayanandabhasya ,Vedikpustakalaya ,Ajamer.

3. Krishanayajurvediyatattiriyasamhita With Sayanabhasya, Edt.by KashinathaShastri,AnandaashramaMudralaya.

4. Rigsuktamanimala, Dr. VrajabihariChaube, KatyayanaVaidikaSahityaPrakashana, Hoshiyarpur.

5 .AtharvavediyamBhumisukatam, Dr.VrajabihariChaube, KatyayanaVaidikaSahityaPrakashana,Hoshiyarpur.

6 .Sayanabhashya-sametaAtharvavedaSamhita, Ram Svarup Gaud, ChowkhambaVidyaBhavan, Varanasi.

7 .SuklayajurvedaSamhita With Ubata-Mahidharabhasya,Motilal Banarasidas.Delhi,1969.

8. YajurvedaBhasa-bhasya With Dayanandabhasya ,DayanandaSansthan,Karolbag ,Delhi,

9. TaittiriyaSamhita, VaidikSamshodhanMandal, Pune

10. TaittiriyaSamhita, DhundirajShastriBapat, Pune

History

Objectives: This course introduces history of Vedic Literature. It also introduces different interpretation of Vedic Literature. It also includes Vedic thought on education society and economy.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to open the entire world of Vedic literature and it social thoughts to the students.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-302EA	History		50	4	4
	Unit-I	History of Vedic Literature	15	-	
	Unit-II	Vedic Interpretation(Eastern & Western)	10		
	Unit-III	Vedic Thought(education, society &economy)	15		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. वैदकि साहति्य एवं संस्कृत, डा.कपलिदेव द्वविदी, वश्विवदि्यालय प्रकाशन,वाराणसी ।
- 2. History of Sanskrit Literature, M. Winternitz
- বৈদিকসাহিত্যেরইতিহাস,অধ্যপকযুধিষ্ঠিরগোপ, সংস্কৃতবুকডিপো।
- 4. বেদেরপরিচয়,ডঃযোগীরাজবসু, ফার্মাকেএলএমপ্রাইভেটলিমিটেড।
- वेदभाष्यकारों की वेदार्थ-प्रक्रियाएँ, आचार्य रामानाथ वेदालंकार,श्री घूडमल प्रहलादकुमार आर्य धर्मार्थ-न्यास,राजस्थान।

- 6. वैदकिवाङ्मयस्येतहिासः, डाँ. जगदीश्चन्द्रमशि्रः,चौखम्बा सुरभारती प्रकाशन,वाराणसी.।
- 7. वैदकि देवता उद्भव और वकिास, गयाचरण त्रपिाठी, राष्ट्रयि संस्कृत संस्थान, नई दल्लि।
- 8. वैदकि माइथौलोजी, अनु.राम कुमार राय, चौखम्बा वदि्या भवन, वाराणसी।
- 9. वेदकालीन समाज, डाँ.शवदत्त ज्ञानी, , चौखम्बा वदि्या भवन, वाराणसी।
- 10. आचार्य सायण और माधव ,बलदेव उपाध्याय, हनि्दी साहति्य सम्मेलन, प्रयाग।
- 11. वेद-व्**याख्**या की दशािएँ, डाँ व्**रजबहिारी चौबे,कात्**यायन वैदकि साहत्यि प्रकाशन,होशयािरपुर।

Āraņyaka&Upaniṣada

Objectives: This course introduces *āraņyaka* and *upaniṣada* part of Veda. *Āraņyakas* lay emphasis on meditation rather than meditation. They are in fact, opposed to sacrifices and many of the early rituals. Their stress is on moral values. They form a bridge between way of work (karma marga) which was the sole concern of the *brāhmaņas*. *Āraṇyakas* lay the path towards the ultimate knowledge of *upaniṣad*. On the other hand the course introduces *upaniṣadas*. *Upaniṣadas* contain the knowledge imparted by the gurus to their disciples. This knowledge led people to attain ultimate salvation. This *ātmajñana* or *brajmajñana* can take people out of this worldly circle of death and life. **Course Learning Outcomes:** This course aims to make students aware the spiritual teachings of Veda, other than world of rituals. These philosophical teachings would empower students to understand Vedic philosophy.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-303EA	Āraņyaka& Upaniṣad		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Aitareya Ar.2.3(prāņavidyā) Taittirīya Ar. 1.2	30		
	Unit-II	Māņḍukyopaniṣad	10		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. ऐतरेयारण्यकं सायणभाष्यसहितम्, राजेन्द्रलालेन संपादितम्, कलिकाता ।
- 2. तैत्तिरीयारण्यकं सायणभाष्यसहितम्, जमुनापाठकेन संपादितम्, चौखम्बा संस्कृत सीरीज आफिस, वाराणसी।
- 3. ईशादि नौपनिषद् , गीताप्रेस, गोरखपुर।
- 4. माण्डूक्योपनिषद्, गीताप्रेस, गोरखपुर।
- 5. एकादशोपनिषद् · विद्यामार्तण्ड डाँ· सत्यव्रत सिद्धान्तालंकार [,]विजयकृष्ण लखनपाल,नई दिल्ली।

Nirukta &Vrhatdevatā

Objectives: This course consists two texts. The first one is Nirukta. Nirukta means "explained, interpreted". Nirukta covers etymology, and is the study concerned with correct interpretation of Sanskrit words in the Vedas. It is the systematic creation of a glossary and it discusses how to understand archaic, uncommon words. The Bhe the sys is a metrical Sanskrit work. It is traditionally ascribed to sage Śaunaka. It is an enlarged catalogue of the Rigvedic deities worshipped in the individual hymns. It also contains the myths and legends related to the composition of these hymns. This work consists eight *adhyayas* (chapters), mostly written in *anu(chapa* meter, though a number of verses are also in *trin or,a* meter. Each chapter comprises about 30 *vargas*, each consisting of five verses.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to make students aware the ancient etymological world. The other texts would tell them the myth and legends about gods and their creation.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-304EA	Nirukta &Vṛhatdevatā		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Nirukta(VIII)	25		
	Unit-II	Vŗhatdevatā	15		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. निरुक्तम्,दुर्गाचार्यकृत-ऋज्वर्थाख्यव्याख्यानुसारी,मुकुन्दझाशर्मणा संपादितम्।
- निरुक्तम्, श्रीछज्जुरामशास्त्रिणा दुर्गाचार्यसंस्कृतचीकया च विभूषितम्, मेहरचन्द लछमनदास पब्लिकेशन्स् नई दिल्ली।
- 3. Brihaddevata, A. A. Macdonell
- 4. बृहद्देवता , अनु. रानकुमार राय , चौखम्बा संस्कृत संस्थान, वाराणसी ।

Kāvya (Group-B)

Poetics and Dramaturgy

Objectives:This paper includes the fourth chapter of Kāvyaprakaśa, and Nātyaśāstra. The fourth chapter discusses the *dhavani kāvya, rasa sūtra* of Ācārya Bharata, and types of rasa etc. Nātyaśāstra of Bharat's is a work on dramaturgy. It primarily aims at giving the necessary directions to actors to enable them creditably to acquit themselves in acting out their parts and to the dramatists, who possessed of the power of poetic vision, to enable them to write flawless dramas. The Main topics of the Nātyaśāstra are four such as acting, dance, music and *rasa*. *Rasa* is the most important element of drama from the point of view of dramatist, actor and spectator and is concerned for the enjoyment of all.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through the knowledge of this paper Students can easily understand the generalisation theory in the context of *rasa-nispatti*. This course is designed to familiarise students with the dramaturgy and its elements such as *vritti*, *rasa* and about types of stage and architecture of stage in Sanskrit drama.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code					Class
					hour
					week
Major	Poetics &Dramaturgy		50	4	4
Elective					
SNSK-					
301EB					
	TT 1 T		20		
	Unit-I	Kāvyaprakāśa(IV)	20		

	Unit-II	Nātyaśāstra(I,II.VI)	20	
	Internal Assessment		10	

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. The Kavyaprakash of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentary Balabhodhini by Jhalakikar (Bhatta Vamana) published by Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute Poona

1983.

- 2. The Kavyaprakasha of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentaries Pradipa and Udyota, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi.
- 3. The Kavyaprakasha of Mammata with the Sanskrit Commentary Haimavati, Motilal Banarasi Das, Newdelhi.
 - Kavyaprakash, Vimalkant Mukhopadhyaya, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.
 1.Natyashastra Ed. Trans. Dr.N.P.Unni, Nag Publishers, New Delhi.
 - 6. Bharatha The Natyatra Kapila Vatsyana, Kerala Sahitya Academi, Trichur.
- 7. More Studies in Sanskrit Sahitya shastra V M Kulkarni, Saraswati Pustak Bhandar, Ahammedabad.
- 8. Outline of Abhinavagupta`s Aesthetics V M Kulkarni, Saraswati Pustak Bhandar, Ahammedabad.

9. Natyashastra, BM Chaturvedi, Vidyanidhi Prakashan, Delhi

10. Abhinvabharati on Bharatha`s Natyastra and Avaloka on DhananjayaDramaturgical Principal, Manjul Gupta, Gian Publishers, New Delhi. 7 Number of Rasas - Dr. V Raghavan, Adyar Library& Research Centre, Madras. 8 Rasabharathi (Malayalam) Vedabandhu, Kerala Sahitya Academi, Trichur
11. History of Sanskrit Poetics - P. V Kane, Motilal banarasidas, Delhi

12. Bharatiya Kavyasastram - T. Bhaskaran.

13. Samskrta Sahitya Vimarsanam - Dr. N. V.P Unithiri., Kerala Language Institute, Thiruvanantapuram.

Gītikāvya and Mahākāvya

Objectives: This paper constituents Meghadūtam of Kālidāsa and the first canto of Śiśupālavadham of Māgha. Kālidāsa is indisputably the greatest master-mind in the Sanskrit poetry. The charms of his poetry must have evoked spontaneous outpouring of praise and manifestations of admiration even from foreign Scholars and poets, like Goethe and Schlegel. Kālidāsa's *khandakāvya* Meghadūtam is a masterpiece of Sanskrit literature. This "Cloud Messenger" the paper is a small lyrical poem written uniformly in the *mandākrāntā* metre, consists two parts, known respectively as the *pūrvamegha* and the *uttaramegha*.

Śiśupālavadham (the slaying of Shishupala)is a great epic of classical Sanskrit poetry composed by Māgha, in 20 cantos. The story is based on an episode of the Mahabharata in which Nārada

directs Kṛṣna to slay the *chedi* king Shishupāla, a violent enemy. The poem is admired more for its exquisite descriptions and lyrical quality than for any dramatic development of plot.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper is designed to make the students understand the uniqueness of the Kālidāsa's Meghadūtam. This paper enables students to understand the exquisite descriptions of poetry of Māgha.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 302EB	Gitīkāvya&Mahākāvya		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Meghadūtam	20		
	Unit-II	Śiśupālavadham[Ist canto]	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: UNIT-I

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X1=5(out of 2)[explanation]

5X1=5(out of 2)[amplification]

UNIT-II

8X2= 16(out of 4)[explanation]

2X2=4

Suggested Readings:

1.Meghadutam, Pt. Mohana Dev Pant, Motilal Benarasidas, Delhi.

2. Meghadutam, Acharya Sri Sheshraj Sharma Regmi, Chaukhamba Vidya Bhawan, Varanasi.

3. Meghaduta aura saudamini, Satyanarayan chakraborty, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.

4. History of Sanskrit Literature by M. Krishnamacharya, Motilal Banarasidas

Publications.

5. Samskrta Sahitya Charithram Vol 2 by K. Kunjunni Raja.

Kerala Sahitya Academy.

6. History of Indain Literature, M. Winternitz, MLBD, New Delhi.

7. Samskritha Sahitya Caritram, Eds. Dr.K.Kunjunni Raja, Dr.M.S.Menon, Kerala Sahitya Academy, Trichur.

8. Shishupalavadham, Dr Janardana Shastri Pandeya, MLBD, Delhi.

9. Shishupalavadam, Prof Satyanarayan Chakraborty, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.

Nāțakam and Nāțyatattva

Objectives : This paper includes Uttarrāmacaritam of Bhavabhūti and Daśarūpakam of Dhananjay. Uttarrāmacaritam is based on the later portion of Rāmāyaṇam. It is reputed for the artistic delineation of *karuṇa rasa*. The second text, Daśarupakam, is a renowned work of Dhananjay in the field of dramaturgy after Bharat's Nātyaśāstra. It focuses on the techniques of Sanskrit drama such as the conception of the five elaborated *sandhi* which lead to build the drama and the *rasa* theory.

Course Learning Outcomes: The paper aims to make students aware of Sanskrit dramatic tradition. Through this paper, students will imagine the conditions of contemporary society and how to question a classic text by another classic poet of different age. This course aims to make the students understand the techniques of drama through the help of these important books.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 303EB	Rūpakam			4	4
	Unit-I	Uttarrāmacaritam	20		
	Unit-II	Daśarūpakam	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7) 2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Uttararamacharitam (Tr) M.R.Kale, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi.

2. Uttararamcaritam- Dr Ramakant Tripathi, Chaukhamba Surabharati Prakashan, Varanasi

3. Uttararamacaritam, Dr. Ramashankar Tripathi, Chaukhamba krishnadas Academy, Varanasi.

4. Uttararamacaritam, Anandsvaroop, MLBD, Delhi.

5. Dasharupakam, Sriniwas Shastri, Sahitya Bhandar, Meerat.

6. Dasharupakam, Dr. Bhola Shankar Vyasa, Chaukhamba VidyaBhawan, Varanasi.

Prose

Objectives: This paper includes fifth chapter of Harṣacarita of Bāṇabhaṭṭa and Mahāśvetāvṛtāntam of Kādambarī. Harṣacarita of Bāṇabhaṭṭa is a prose-composition of the $\bar{a}khy\bar{a}yik\bar{a}$ type. It is written in eight chapters. It deals with the important incidents of the reign of Harṣavardhana. It ranks the as the first historical biography in Sanskrit, written in a florid and fanciful style. Bāṇa's detailed and vivid descriptions of rural India's natural environment as well as the extraordinary industry of the Indian people exudes the vitality of life at that time.

Mahāśvetāvṛtāntam of Kādambarī is a prose-romance of the *kathā* type, by Bāņabhatta. It deals with the love story of Chandrapīda and Kadambarī in the present and past lives. It contains some biographical account of the author in the beginning. This work can be plausibly claimed to be one of the first novels in the world, making due allowance for the ambiguities of such a classification. This very text is highly praised by Indians such as two modern Indian languages (Kannada and Marathi) use Kādambarī as a generic term for a Romance or a Novel.

Course Learning Outcomes: In this paper, the students will be engaged into this prose form of Sanskrit literature. This paper is designed to familiarise the students with extremely intricate plot, which is difficult to summarize with concision.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 304EB	Prose		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Harsacaritam (selected portion)	20		

Unit-II	Kādambarī(mahāśwetāvarņanam)	20		
Internal Assessment		10		

5X4=20(out of 7)[question]

5X2=10(out of 3)[amplification]

5X2=10(out of 4)[explanation]

Suggested Readings:

1. The Kadambari of Banabhatta with the Bhavabodhini Sanskrit Commentary by Jayasankar Lal Tripathi, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi.

2. Kadambari with the Sudha Sanskrit Commentary by Parameswaradin Pandeya, CSS Office, Varanasi.

3. Kadambar5i, Dr. Devarshi Snadhya Shastri, Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, Varanasi.

4. Harshacaritam, Pt. Mohandev Pant, MLBD, Delhi.

5.Harshacaritam, Pt. Jagannath Pathak, Chaukhamba Vidya Bhawan, Varanasi.

Vyākaraņa (Group-C)

History& Ancient phonetics

Objectives: This paper includes the History of Sanskrit grammar and the text Pāṇinīyaśikṣā. The history of Sanskrit grammar begins with Veda and it still continues in the modern age also. The text Pāṇinīyaśikṣā is among the six ancillaries texts of Veda. It is attributed to Pāṇini and it is related to Rgveda. The text speaks about the importance of pronunciations and the science of pronunciation.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through this paper the world of Sanskrit grammar would open to the students and they would learn the ancient science of pronunciation.

Course	Course	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code	Title				Class
					hour
					week
Major	History		50	4	4
Elective	&				
anar	Ancient				
SNSK-	phoneti				
301EC	cs				

Unit-	History of Sanskrit Grammar	25	
Unit-I	I Pāņinīyaśikṣā	15	
Interna Asses ment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sabdasastrer Itihas, Srikalijiban Debasharma
- 2. Vyakaran Darsaner itihas, Gurupada Haldar
- 3. Vyakaransastraka itihas, Yudhisthir Mimamsak, (2Vols)
- 4. Systems of Sanskrit Grammar, S.K. Belvelkar
- 5. Grammatical Literature , Hartmut Scharfe, 1977
- 6. Panini, His place in Sanskrit Literature, Theodor Goldstcker
- 7. Paniniya Shiksha, edited by Damodar Meheto
- 8. Paniniya Shiksha edited by Manomohan Ghosh, Calcutta University, 1983

Prācinavyākaraņa

Objectives: This paper includes two texts, one is

Aṣṭādhyāyī (pratyāhāraprakaraņam) with Kāśika& Nyāsa and another is Mahābhāṣya(kārakāhnika). The first text is the famous commentary of Aṣtādhyāyī by Jayāditya Vāmana . Along with this there are famous commentary Nyāsa of buddhist grammarian Jinedrabudhi and Padamañjarī of Haradatta. The other text in this paper is Mahābhāṣya (Kārakāhnika) of Patañjali. The text is the masterpiece of Sanskrit *bhāśya* literature. Among the other *bhāṣyas* of Sanskrit, such as Śābarabhāṣya or Śāṅkarabhāṣya, only the commentary on Pāṇini's Aṣtādhyāyī gets the name as Mahābhāṣya. Here the chapter Kārakāhnika is introduced. As the theory of *kāraka* is core of the Sanskrit syntax and it is often refer as syntactico-semantic category, hence it is included in the syllabus.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through this paper students would learn and aware about different interpretations and method of interpretation of Pāṇinian rules. They would also learn how to build up logic in a scholarly discussion of Sanskrit grammar.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Mark	Credi	No. of
Code			S	t	Class
					hour\wee

					k
Major	Prācinavyākara		50	4	4
Electiv	ņa				
e					
SNSK-					
302EC					
	Unit-I	Astādhyāyī- pratyāhāraprakaraņam with Kāśika&	20		
		Nyāsa			
	Unit-II	Mahābhāsya(kārakāhnika)	20		
		•• •			
	Internal		10		
	Assessment				

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Kashika with Nyasa and padamanjari, edited by Jayshankar Lal Tripathi and Sudhakra Malabiya, Tara book agency, Vol.I
- 2. Mahabhasya, Karakahnika, edited by S.D. Joshi, CASS. University of Pune
- 3. Vyakaran Mahabhasye Karakahnika, edited by Mrinal Kanti Gangyopadhyay
- 4. The Astyadhyayi Of Panini, Ramanath Sharma, Vol-I and Vol-II

Navyavyākaraņam

Objectives: This paper includes Vaiyākaraṇabhūṣaṇasāra(dhvātvarthavicāra)of Kauṇḍabhṭṭa and Paribhāṣenduśekhara(First 15 paribhāṣa)of Nāgeśa. The first text is written in the style of Navya-Nyāya language. It is the philosophical text of grammar. The second text is about the meta-language of Pāṇinian grammar. The text discusses *paribhāṣās* of Sanskrit grammar.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through this paper students would learn and aware about the philosophical discussion about roots and verbs. The second text would tell them how to interpret rules of Astādhyāyī, and different opinion about it. It would lead them in the world of hermeneutics of Sanskrit grammar.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Mark	Credi	No. of
Code			S	t	Class
					hour\wee

					k
Major	Navyavyākaraņa		50	4	4
Electiv	m				
e					
SNSK-					
303EC					
_					
	Unit-I	Vaiyākaraņabhūṣaṇasāra(dhvātvarthavicāra	20		
)			
	Unit-II	Paribhāșenduśekhara(First 15 paribhāșa)	20		
	Internal		10		
	Assessment		10		
	1 Koseoonient				

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Vaiyākaraņabhūṣaņasāra, edited by Chandrika Prasad Dvidedi
- 2. Vaiyākaraņabhūṣaņasāra(dhatvartha vicar), Bhimsen Sastri
- 3. Paribhasendusekhar, edited by M.M.K.VAbhyankar, Chaowkhamba Sanskrit Pratisthan
- 4. Paribhasendusekhar, edited by Viswanath Misra

Prakriyā

Objectives: This paper includes Sidhāntakaumudī(matvarthīya, kritya) and Sidhāntakaumudī (ātmanepad ¶smipad prakaraṇa), yaṅluganta, nāmadhātu(resulting forms and relevant rules). The first portion is the suffixation of words (nouns) according to different meaning. The second portion is about building different verbs with affixes in different situation.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through this paper students would learn the process of making nouns and verbs using different affixes with relevant rules. It would take them into deeper in the world of operations of Pāṇinian grammar.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code					Class
					hour\week
Major	Prakriyā		50	4	4
5	2				

Elective SNSK- 304EC				
	Unit-I	Sidhāntakaumudī(matvarthīya, krtya)	20	
	Unit-II	Sidhāntakaumudī(ātmanepad a ¶smipadī prakaraņa), yanluganta, nāmadhātu(resulting forms and relevant rules)	20	
	Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)[*rūpasidhi*]

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- Vaikaraņasidhāntakaumudī, with bālamanoramā-tattvabodhinī, edited by Giridharasharma Caturveda and Parameswaranndasharma Vidyabhaskara, MLBD,2nd and 3rd Volume
- 2. Matvarthīya prakaraņam, edited by Parvati Chakravarti
- 3. Kṛtyaprakaraṇam,edited by Satyavati Banerjee
- 4. Ātmanepada ¶smipadīprakaraņam edited by Viswaranjan Panda

Nyāyavaiśesika (Group-D)

History &Logic

Objectives: This course includes the history of Nyāyavaiśeṣika school and the introduction of Indian and western Logic.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course is designed to familiarize students with the Nyāyavaiśeṣika system. The aim of this paper is to produce general awareness about Origin and development of Nyāyavaiśeṣika school and to familiarise the students with the main teachers of Nyāyavaiśeṣika system. It would enable the students to understand the basic principles and concepts of Nyāyavaiśeṣika system. It would impart general awareness on the development of

Navyanyāya. It would enable the students to understand the basic principles of Indian Logic and Western Logic.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\w eek
Major Elective SNSK- 301ED	History &Logic		50	4	4
	Unit-I Unit-II	History of Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika Indian Logic and Western Logic	20 20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. History of Indian Philosophy (Vol. II), Jadunath Sinha, Sinha Publishing House, Calcutta 26.
- 1. Indian Philosophy, Dr. S Radhakrishnan, Vol. I and II,
- 2. History of Indian Philosophy, S. N. Das Gupta, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
- 3. A History of Indian Logic, S.V. Vidya Bhushan
- 4. History of Indian Logic, Satischandra Vidyabhushana, MLBD.
- 5. Encyclopedia of Indian Philosophy-Karl.H.Potter-Vol II&VI,
- 6. History of Indian Philosophy (Vol I), Umesha Mishra, Allahabad, 1957.
- 6. A Text Book of Deductive and Inductive Logic, B.N Roy, Culcutta, S.C Sarkar & Com 1950
- 7. An Introduction to Logic, Joseph W.H.B, Oxford University Press, 1935

Pratipakșa School

Objectives:This course includes three philosophical systems from the text Sarvadarśanasamgraha of Mādhavācārya. These three philosophical systems, such as Baudha, Jaina and Mīmāmsā are known as opposites of Nyāya-Vaišesika system.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course helps to understand the students the opinion of *pūrvapakṣa* or opponent of Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika philosophy. The opinion or view of *siddhāntapakṣa* cannot be properly known without the knowledge of the *pūrvapakṣa*. It would enable the students to understand the basic principles, logic and epistemology of different system of Indian philosophy. The course would create general awareness about the systematic writers on different system of Indian Philosophy.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 302ED	Pratipakṣa School		50	4	4
		Sarvadaršanasamgraha: Baudha,Jaina, Mīmāmsā	40		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Vasudeva Abhyankara, BORI, Poona.

2. Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Umashankar Sharma Risi, Chaoukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

3. Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Satyajyoti Chakravarty, Sahityashri, Kolkata.

4. Bauddhadarshana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri

5. Purvamimamsa, Ed. Sukhamay Bhattacharya, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustaka Parsad, Kolkata.

Prācina School of Nyāya

Objectives: This course includes the Nyāya Sūtra of Gautama and Nyāyamañjarī of Jayantabhaṭṭa. The Nyāya Sūtra is the foundational text of the nyāya school composed by Akṣapāda Gautama, between 6th-century BCE and 2nd-century CE. The nyāya-sūtras cover a wide range of topics, including *tarka-vidyā*, the science of debate or *vāda-vidyā*, the science of discussion. Vātsyāyana wrote a commentary on nyāya-sūtras for ejecting spasms of Bauddha philosophers. Jayantabhaṭṭa also explained *sūtras* in a unique approach for ejecting spasms of opponent philosophers and other *naiyāyikas*.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would create awareness about the growth of Nyaya into an art of debate among students. It would familiarise them about commentators of nyāya system.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-303ED	Prācina School of Nyāya		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Nyāyasūtra 1.1.1-8 with bhāṣya and general acquaintance with vārttika and tātparya-tīkā	20		
	Unit-II	Nyāyamañjarī(Ist āhnika)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Nyayadarshana (5 vols), Ed. Phanibhusan Tarkavagisha, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustaka Parsad, Kolkata.

2. Nyaya sutra of Goutama, Eng.translation. Ganganath Jha, MLBD.

3. Nyayabhashya of Vatsyayana, Ed. Anantalal Thakur, Mithila Institute of Darbhanga.

4. Nyayavartika of Udyotakara, Ed. Anantalal Thakur, Mithila Institute of Darbhanga.

5. Nyayavartikatatparyatika by Vachaspati misra, Ed. Anantalal Thakur, Mithila Institute of Darbhanga.

6. Nyayavartika tatparyatika parisuddhi by Udayanacarya, Ed. Anantalal Thakur, Mithila Institute of Darbhanga.

7. Nyayamanjari, Jayanta Bhatta, Ed.Suryanarayana Shukla, Varanasi.

8. Nyayamanjari, Ed. Panchanan tarkaratna, Sanskrita Book Depo.

School of Vaiśeşika

Objectives: This course aims to provide a comprehensive knowledge of Vaiśesika categories and also the qualities such as cognition, pleasure, and categories like action, generality, particularity etc. This course includes Praśastapādabhāṣya and Vaiśesika *sūtra* with general acquaintance with *upaskāra*.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would enable the students to understand the concept of *mangalavāda*, *dharma*, mokṣa etc. It would create an awareness about cognition and means of valid knowledge and to impart an awareness about cause and effect theory among students. Students would understand the main theories about generality and particularity. It would create an awareness about the concept of inference in Vaiśeṣika philosophy.

Course	Course	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code	Title				Class
					hour\week
Major	School of		50	4	4
Elective	Vaiśesika				
	•				
SNSK-					
304ED					
	TT. '4 T	Des (1949 - 1911 - 19	20		
	Unit-I	Praśastapādabhāṣya	20		
	Unit-II	Vaiśeșika sūtra with general acquaintance with upaskāra	20		
	Internal		10		
	Assessment				

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Vaisesikasutropaskara, Ed. Panchanan Tarkarat, Kolkata.
- 2. Vaisesikasutropaskara, Ed. Shaikh Sabir Ali, Sanskrita Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.
- 3. Vaisesikasutropaskara, Ed. Dhundiraja shastri, Chaoukhamba Sanskrita Vidyapeetha, Varanasi.

4 Prasastapadabhasyam with Nyayakandali, Ed. Medhachaitanya, Adyapeetha, Kolkata.

5. Vaisesika Darsanam of Kanada with the Hindi commentary 'Prakasa' by Sr. T. Narayana Misra

Navyanyāya(Group-E)

Mangalavāda & Prāmāņyavāda

Objectives: This course includes Mangalavāda of Nyāyasiddhāntamuktāvalī (Dinakarī & Ramarudrī) and Prāmāņyavāda (Pramāņalakṣaṇa) of Tattvacintāmaṇi. The karikāvalī-Muktāvalī of *Viśvanātha Nyāyapañcānana* is a popular manual of the NyayaVaiśeşika System. Mahādeva Bhaṭṭa, son of Bālakriṣṇa Bhaṭṭa who flourished during 1800 A.D. wrote the commentary Muktāvali-prakāśa upto the Upamāna-khaṇda, and the remaining parts are commented by his son, *Dinakara Bhaṭṭa*. And the commentary as a whole came to be called as Dinakarī. Tattvacintāmaṇi is a treatise in Sanskrit authored by 12th-century CE Indian logician and philosopher Gangeśa Upādhyāya. Tattvacintāmaṇi is divided into four books dealing respectively with perception (pratyakṣa), inference (anumāna), comparison (upamāna) and verbal testimony (śabda). Pūrvapakṣa and Siddhāntapakṣa of Pramāṇalakṣana is explained by Gangeśa in Prāmāṇyavāda of pratyakṣakhaṇda of the Tattvacintāmaṇi.

Course Learning Outcomes: This Course would introduce the various philosophical thoughts about fruition of Mangalācharana and definitions of Pramāna or means of valid knowledge. It would familiarize the students the proper tenets of Navyanyāya on definitions of Pramāna or means of valid knowledge.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\w eek
Major Elective SNSK- 301ED	Mangalavāda & Prāmāņyavāda		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Mangalavāda (Muktāvali with Dinakarī and Rāmarudrī)	20		
	Unit-II	Tattwacintāmaņi - Prāmāņyavāda (Pramāņalakṣaṇa – Pūrvapakṣa &	20		

Siddhāntapakṣa)		
ernal ssment	10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

2. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

3. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

4. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

5. Tattwachintamani (Ist Vol.), Gangea Upadhyaya, Ed. Kamakhyanath Tarkabagisha, Bibliotheca Indica, Calcutta.

6. Tattwachintamani (Pratyaksakhanda.), Gangea Upadhyaya, Ed. Medhachaitanya Maharaj, Adyapeetha, Kolkata.

7. The Nyaya Theory of Knowledge, S.C. Chatterjee, Calcutta University Press.

Pratyakşavāda

Objectives: This course includes Pratyakṣavāda (Pratyakṣalakṣaṇa, Prtyakṣabheda, Sannikarṣabheda) of Nyāyasiddhāntamuktāvalī of Viśvanātha Nyāyapañcānana with Dinakarī and Rāmarudrī and Sannikarṣavāda of Tattvacintāmaṇi.

Course Learning Outcomes: This Course would enable the students to understand the definition and the various types of pratyakṣa or perception of Navyanyāya School. It would familiarize the students the various differences of Sannikarṣa or sensory connection.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
					Class
					hour\week

Major Elective	Pratyakṣavāda		50	4	4
SNSK-					
302ED					
		Pratyaksakhanda[]	20		
			20		
		(Muktāvali with			
		Dinakarī & Rāmarudrī)			
		Tattvacintāmaņi			
		(Sannikarṣavāda)			
	* 1		10		
	Internal		10		
	Assessment				

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

2. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

3. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

4. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

5. Tattwachintamani (Ist Vol.), Gangea Upadhyaya, Ed. Kamakhyanath Tarkabagisha, Bibliotheca Indica, Calcutta.

6. Tattwachintamani (Pratyaksakhanda.), Gangesa Upadhyaya, Ed. Medhachaitanya Maharaj, Adyapeetha, Kolkata.

Vyāptivāda

Objectives: This course includes Vyāptipañcaka and Siddhāntalakṣaṇa of Tattvacintāmaṇi of Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya. In Tattvacintāmaṇi, Acārya Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya introduces the Pūrvapakṣa lakṣaṇa of Vyāpti, which is the view of Pūrva Pakṣa or Aggressor. He sets five definitions of Vyāpti or invariable relation between Hetu and Sādhya, known as Pañcalakṣani, and refutes all

of them. He also establishes the Siddhānta Lakṣaṇa of Vyāpti, which is more clear, accurate, uncorrupted and offenceless.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to impart deep knowledge of Vyāpti or pervasion through the views of Pracīna Naiyāyika and Navya Naiyāyika.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-303ED	Vyāptivāda		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Vyāptipañchaka	20		
	Unit-II	Siddhāntalakşaṇa	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Vyaptipanchakam, Ed. Rajendranath Ghosh, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustakaparsad, Kolkata.

2. Vyaptipanchaka, Ed. Gangadhar kar, Mahabodhi publishars, Kolkata.

3. Vyaptipanchaka, Ed. Shailajapati Mukhopadhyaya, Sanskrita Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.

4. Vyaptipanchaka with Ganga, Ed. Shivaditya Mishra, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

5. Vyaptipanchaka with Manorama, Ed.Vamacharan Bhattacharya, Master Kheladilal and Sons, Varanasi.

6. Siddhantalaksana, Ed. Shailajapati Mukhopadhyaya, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustakaparsad, Kolkata.

7. Siddhantalaksana, Ed. Dhundiraja Shastri, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

Prakaranagrantha

Objective: This course includes Jāgadīšavyadhikaraņam and Avacchedakatvanirukti with Jāgadīšī. In Tattvacintāmaņi, Gangeša sets forth view of one preceptor, Saundalopādhyāya according to whom invariable relation between the hetu and the sādhya can be explained by adopting a specific kind of non-existence known as Vyadhikaraṇadharmāvacchinnābhāva. The Avacchedakatvanirukti, a supplement by Jagadiśatarkālankāra to the commentary Dīdhiti on the Tattvacintāmaņi written by the great philosopher Raghunātha Śiromaṇi, deals with the interpretation of avacchedakatva, the individuality of invariable concomitance in inference (Vyāpti), elaborating upon Raghunātha Śiromaṇi's treatment of the topic.

Course Learning Outcomes: This Course introduces the technical terms and logical languages of Navya Nyāya through two famous prakaraņa granthas. It would familiarize different views about Abhāva or Absence. This Paper would also enable the students to understand the various views on the technical term Avacchedaka.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 304ED	Prakaraṇagrantha		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Jāgadiśivyadhikaraṇaṃ	20		
	Unit-II	Avacchedakatwanirukti with Jāgadiśi	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Tattacintamani, (Anumana Khanda), Gangesa Upadhyaya., Bibliotheca Indica, 1910.

2. Jagadishivyadhikaranam, Ed. Mahesh Jha, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

3. Anuman Chintamani, Vishwabandhu Nyayacharya, Jadavpur University.

4. Avacchedakatwvanirukti with Jagadishi, Manorama and Vivriti, Ed., Ed.Vamacharan Bhattacharya, Sanskrita Book Depo, Varanasi.

5. Avacchedakatwvanirukti with Jagadishi, Ed., Ed.Shivaditya Mishra, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

Indian Epigraphy, Paleography & History (Group-F)

A General Survey of Indian Epigraphy

Objective- Epigraphy is the study of inscriptions, or epigraphs, as writing; it is the science of identifying graphemes, clarifying their meanings, classifying their uses according to dates and cultural contexts, and drawing conclusions about the writing and the writers.

Course Learning Outcomes: In this paper students would know about the epigraphy such as how many types of epigraphic records are available, what was the writing material, language, dates, advantages and disadvantages. They would also know how does epigraphy helps us to know the actual history and the literary value of epigraphy.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 301EF	A General Survey of Indian Epigraphy		50	4	4
			40		
		• Meaning of the term "EPIGRAPHY"			
		• Types of epigraphic records.			
		• Writing materials.			
		• Language of epigraphy			
		• Reckonings of date.			
		• Merits and demerits of epigraphy			

	Literary value of epigraphy		
Internal		10	
Assessment			

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sircar, D.C Indian epigraphy.
- 2. Solomon, R Indian epigraphy.

Indian palaeography

Objective- This paper focuses on the antiquity of writing in India and on different ancient scripts of India.

Course Learning Outcomes: In this paper students would know about ancient writing style of India. They would also know about the long process of how the scripts brahmī and kharostī are deciphered and their evaluation through ages. Students would also know and learn about some more ancient scripts such as saradā, siddhamātrikā,gaudī etc.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 302EF	Indian Paleography		50	4	4
		 Antiquity of writing of India. Theories relating to the origin of brāhmī and kharoṣtī scripts. 	40		

	 History of decipherment of asokan brāhmī and kharostī scripts. 		
	• History of the evolution of the ashokan brāhmī scripts through ages.		
	 Decipherment and transcription of ashokan brāhmī ašokan kharaştī, kuşān brāhmī, gupta brāhmī,sāradā,siddhamātrikā,gaudī 		
Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- a. Buhler, G Indian palaeography.
- b. Ojha, G.S Bharatiya prachina lipimala.

Asokan Inscription

Objective- This course includes the major rock, pillar edicts, maski rock edict and rumindai pillar edict king Aśoka.

Course Learning Outcomes: The student would get to know about Aśoka's conversion to Buddhism, the description of his efforts to spread Buddhism, his moral and religious precepts, and his social and animal welfare program. The edicts were based on Aśoka's ideas on administration and behaviour of people towards one another and religion.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 303EF	Aśokan Inscription		50	4	4

	• 14 major rock edicts.	40	
	• Major pillar edicts.		
	Maski rock edict		
	• Rummindai pillar edict.		
	-		
		10	
Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sircar, D.C select inscriptions, vol-1.
- 2. Barua, B.M- Asoka and his inscriptions.
- 3. Bhandarkar Asoka.

Selected post-Aśokan and Gupta-inscriptions

Objective- This course includes selected post- Asokan and Gupta- inscriptions.

Course Learning Outcomes: The student would get to know about the morality, social consciousness, and religious prospectus. They would also know about victory ceremony and how people confront of a disaster in ancient time.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code					Class
					hour\week
Major	Selected post-		50	4	4
Elective	Aśokan and				
CNICK	Gupta-				
SNSK-	inscriptions				
304EF					
		Besnagar inscription of	40		
		Heliodoras.			
		• Hatigumpha inscription of			
		Kharbel.			
		• Nasik cave inscription of			

	Satkarni.		
	• Junagar inscription of Rudradamana.		
	• Eran inscription of Sumadragupta.		
	 Naneghat inscription of Nagamika. 		
	• Meharouli inscription.		
	• Damodarpur copperplate.		
	• Mandasor inscription.		
	• Junagar inscription of Skandagupta.		
Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1.अणभलेख—मंजूषा, रिजीत णसंह सैनी, न्यू भारतीय बुककापोरेशन, णदीि, 2000.

2. उत्कीिालेखपञ्चकम्, झा बन्धु ,वारािसी, 1968.

3. उत्कीिालेखस्तबकम्, णजयालाल काम्बोज, ईस्टन बुकणलंकस्ा, णदीि.

4. भारतीय अणभलेख, एस. रािा, भारतीय णवघाप्रकाशन, णदेी, 1978.

5. भारतीय प्राचीन णलणपमाला, गौरीशंकर हीराचन्द्द ओझा, अजमेर, 1918.

6. Select Inscriptions (Vol. I) - D.C. Sircar, Calcutta, 1965.

7. नारायि, अवधणकशोर एवं ठाकु रप्रसाद वमाा : प्राचीनभारतीय णलणपशास्त्र और अभलेल्लखकी , वारािसी, 1970.

8. पाण्डे, राजबली : भारतीय पुरािलिप, लोकभारती प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद, 1978.

9. ब्यूलर, जॉज : भारतीय पुराणलणप् शास्त्र, (णहन्दीअनु॰) मङ्गलनाथ णसंह, मोतीलाल बनारसीदास, णदिी, 1966. 10. मुले, गुिाकर : अक्षरकथा, प्रकाशनणवभाग, भारतसरकार,णदी, 2003.

11. राही, ईश्वरचन्द्र : लेखनकला का इणतहास (खण्ड 1—2), उत्तरप्रदेश णहन्दी संस्थान, लखनऊ, 1983.

12. सरकार, डी.सी. : भारतीय पुराणलणपणवघा, (णहन्द्दीअनु०) कष्णदत्त वाजपेयी, णवघाणनणध प्रकाशन,णदी, 1996.

13. सहाय,णशवस्वरूप : भारतीय पुरालेखो ंका अध्ययन, मोतीलाल बनारसीदास,णदिी. Dani, Ahmad Hasan :Indian Paleography, Oxford, 1963. 14. Pillai, Swami Kannu& K.S. Ramchandran : Indian Chronology (Solar, Lunar and Planetary), Asian Educational Service, 2003.

15. Satyamurty, K. : Text Book of Indian Epigraphy, Lower Price Publication, Delhi, 1992.

16. Debarcana Sarkar, Nityakaler tui puratan, Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parsad,

17.D.C. Sarkar, Ashoker Abhilekha, Mahabodhi Society.

18. Georg Bühler, *Indian Paleography*, Munshiram Manoharlal.

This course is offered to students who are pursuing master degree in different discipline other than Sanskrit as minor interdisciplinary course.

Classical Intellectual Tradition in Sanskrit Language

Objectives: This course is divided into two parts. In the first part there are some selected hymns from Rgveda and the text Tarkasamgraha by Annambhatta. In the second part there are portions from Laghusidhāntakaumudī of Varadāraja and Sāhityadarpaņa of Viśvanātha.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through these different texts of different times and of different topics of Sanskrit literature students would get a glimpse of intellectual tradition of Sanskrit.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Minor Elective SNSK- 305EM	Classical Intellectual Tradition in Sanskrit Language		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Veda &Philosophy Ŗgveda –(agnisūkta1.1), indrasūkta(2.12) Samjñanasūkata(10.191) Philosophy- Tarkasaṁgraha of Annṁbhaṭṭa, pratyakṣaṇda	20		
	Unit-II	Grammar& Kāvya Grammar- Laghusidhāntakaumudī of Varadārāja(kāraka	20		

	&samāsa)		
	Kāvya-		
	Sāhityadarpaṇa(VI)		
Internal		10	
Assessment			

Students, who are pursuing M.A in Sanskrit, would take a course from other departments instead of the course SNSK-305EM as a minor interdisciplinary course.

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

- **<u>1.</u>** Tarakasamgraha edited by Narayan Goswami
- 2. Tarkasamgraha edited by Aithal &Bosad
- 3. Laghusidhantakaumudi edited by Bhimsen Sastri
- 4. Sahityadarpana, edited by Bimalakanta Mukhopadhyay

SEMESTER – 4

Veda (Group-A)

Prātiśākhya & Grhyasūtra

Objectives: Prātiśākhyas deal with the phonetic aspects of Vedic language according to their branches. These works mainly pertain to euphonic permutation and combination of letters and special characteristics of their pronunciation as they prevailed in various schools of Vedic studies. The Grhyasutra of Pāraskar deals with rituals which are necessary to humans in their life.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to teach students about the nuances of Vedic sounds and about details of rituals which are related to daily life and special stages of life.

Course	Course	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code	Title				Class
					hour\
					week
Major	Prātiśāk		50	4	4
Elective	hya &				
SNSK-	Gŗhyasū				
401EA	tra				
	Unit-I	Ŗkprātiśākhya(1-2)	20		
	Unit-II	Pārskar Grhyasūtra(upanayana, vivāha, and antyestipr	20		
		akaraṇam)			
	Internal		10		-
	Assess				
	ment				

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

- 1. ঋগ্বদে-প্রাতশািখ্য, অমরকুমার চট্টপাধ্যায়, সংস্কৃত পুস্তক ভাণ্ডার।
- ऋग्वेद-प्रातिशाख्यम् उव्वट-भाष्य-संवलितम्, अनु. वीरोन्द्रकुमार वर्मा, चौखम्बा संस्कृत प्रतिष्ठान, दिल्ली।
- 3. ParaskaraGrihya Sutra, Ed. SudhakarMalaviya

- पारस्करगृह्यसूत्रम् , ' हरिहर'- 'गदाधर' भाष्यद्वयोपेतम् , ब्रह्मानन्दत्रिपाठिणा संपादितम् , चौखम्बा सुरभारती प्रकाशन , वाराणसी।
- 5. पारस्करगृह्यसूत्रम् ,रामकृष्णशर्मणा संपादितम् , हंसा प्रकाशन , जयपुर।

Brāhmaņa

Objectives: This course teaches some portion of Brāhmaņa literature of Veda. The Aitareya *brāhmaņa* belongs to *sākalya sākhā* of the Rgveda. This work is also ascribed to Mahidāsa Aiteraya. The other text Śatapatha Brāhmaņa is a prose text describing Vedic rituals, history and mythology associated with Śukla Yayurveda.

Course Learning Outcomes: The *brāhmaņa* literature is the example of early prose writings of Sanskrit language. These literatures would empowers students to the world of Vedic literature of rituals and legends.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-402EA	Brāhmaṇa		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Aitarīya Br(1.1-6) [dikṣaṇīyeṣṭi]	20		
	Unit-II	Śatapatha Br.(vājapeya)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. ऐतरेय-ब्राह्मणम् – सायण-भाष्यसमेतम् (प्राच्य भारती ग्रन्थमाला - 14), सं. डो. सुधाकर मालवीय, प्रकाशक – तारा बुक एजन्सी। वाराणसी, 1996

2.ShatapathaBrahamana ,Commentary of Sayanacharya,Edt.bySatyaBrataSamasrami Asiatic Society 57,Park Street,Kalkutta-1905.

3. ShatapathaBrahamana ,Edt.by Swami

SatyaprakashaSaraswati,VijayakumarGobingaramaHasananda

Śrautasūtra & Cchandasūtra

Objectives: This course has three parts. The first part consists *śrautasūtras*. The Śrautasūtras form a part of the corpus of Sanskrit sutra literature. Their topics include instructions relating to the use of the śruti corpus in great rituals and the correct performance of major Vedic ceremonies. Though in nature they are same as those found in the *brāhmaņa* text, *śrautasūtras* are presented in more systematic and detailed manner. Āśvalāyana-śrautasūtra is the oldest *śrautasūtra* of the Vedic sacrificial arena. Sacrifices are the hub and nexus of the whole Vedic literature. The Āśvalāyana-śrautasūtra consists of twelve chapters and each chapter is again divided into some *khaņdas* which are also termed as *kaņdikās*. In the second part of this paper there is the text Yajñatattvaprakāśa. The text also speaks about nuances of Vedic rituals. The next part includes the science of meter.

Course Learning Outcomes: The readings of *śrautasūtras* would enable students to gather knowledge about Vedic rituals. These Vedic rituals are different than described in *brāhmaņa* texts, as they belong to two different times. The text Yajñatattvaprakāśa, would provide students a synthesis of Vedic rituals of two different times, such as the time of *brāhmaņa* text and the time of *śrautasūtras*. The science of meter would enable students to understand the rhythm of ancient poetry of Veda.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 403EA	Śrautasūtra & Cchandasūtra		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Āśvālāyanaśrautasūtra (Chapter 1)	15		
	Unit-II	Yajñatattvaprakāśa (cāturmāsyāni)	15		
	Unit-III	Pingalacchandasūtra	10		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- আশ্বলাযন শ্রতৌতসূত্র ,সং. অমরকুমার চট্টপাধ্যায়,এসয়িটিকি সতোসাইট ি, কলকাত্তা।
- आश्वलायनश्रौतसूत्रम्(हिन्दी-लीलाव्याख्यासहितम्), व्रजबिहारी चौबे , कात्यायन वैदिक साहित्य प्रकाशन, होशियारपुर ।
- 3. आश्वलायनश्रौतसूत्रम्, नारायणकृतवृत्तिसमेतम्, आनन्दाश्रममुद्रणालय।
- 4. यज्ञतत्त्वप्रकाशः, पट्टाभिरामशास्त्रिना संपादितम्, मोतीलाल वनारसीदास, वाराणसी।
- 5. पिङ्गल कृत छन्दःसूत्रम्,अनु. कपिलदेव द्विवेदी, विश्वविद्यालय प्रकाशन, वाराणसी।
- পঙ্গিলচ্ছন্দঃসূত্রম্, শ্রীসীতামাথসামাধ্যায়ী সম্পাদতি, সংস্কৃত পুস্তক ভাণ্ডার, কলকাতা I

Karmakāņda & Jñānakāņda

- **Objectives:**This course consists of two parts. The first part there is the text Mīmāmsānyāyaprakāśa of Āpadeva. It is the interpretation of Vedic rituals through the lens of Mīmāmsā. The other part <code>_____</code> of Kathopaniṣada(I-III), the primary *upaniṣada* embedded in the last short eight sections of thet *Katha*tschool <code>_____</code> Kṛṣṇa-yayūrv eda. This upaniṣada has the legendary story of Nachiketā and Yama. Their conversation evolves to a discussion <code>_____</code> of s elf and liberation.
- **Course Learning Outcomes:** The main aim of this paper is to interpret the nature and philosophical forms of rituals. Through upanisads, students would know about the knowledge of salvation.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-404EA	Karmakāṇḍa & Jñānakāṇḍa		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Mīmāmsānyāyaprakāśa	25		
	Unit-II	Kațhopanișada(I-III)	15		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern: 1X10= 10(out of 3)

5X4= 20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of

Suggested Readings:

- 1. मीमांसान्यायप्रकाशः(आपदेवप्रणीतः) ,व्या.डाँ.राधेश्याम चतुर्वेदी , चौखम्बा संकृत सीरीज आफिस, वाराणसी ।
- মীমাংসান্যায়প্রকাশ (আপোদবে), ড.বশ্বিরূপ সাহা , সদশে, কলকাতা।
- कठोपनिषद् , हिन्दी व्याख्या- पुष्पा गुप्ता, चौखम्बा सुरभारती प्रकाशन , वाराणसी।
- কঠােপনষিদ্ ,ড.সীতানাথ গােস্বামী, সংস্কৃত পুস্তক ভাণ্ডার।
- एकादशोपनिषद् , विद्यामार्तण्ड डाँ. सत्यव्रत सिद्धान्तालंकार ,विजयकृष्ण लखनपाल, नई दिल्ली।

Assignment

Objectives: This course consists two parts. In the unit –I there is Mastering in Sanskrit Language. As the medium of instruction is primarily Sanskrit and the medium of writing is also Sanskrit, it is necessary to have sound knowledge of Sanskrit language. Otherwise it is difficult to write in Sanskrit and to prepare presentation in Sanskrit. In the unit-I rules of reading and writing of basic Sanskrit would be explained. In the unit-II topics related to different branches of Sanskrit would be given to students. Students would do necessary research and would write a term paper on the given topic with the help of supervisor. After the end- semester exam there would be a written exam of 20 marks and there would be a viva-voice examination.

Course Learning Outcomes: Students would get glimpses of research world and they would learn to write scholarly article in Sanskrit and to present it in Sanskrit language.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Assignment		50	4	4
SNSK-405IA					
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

Kāvya (Group-B)

Poetics and Dramaturgy

Objectives: This course includes Vakroktijīvitam(1st unmeṣa) and Kāvyamīmāmsā.

Kuntaka's Vakroktijīvitam is a well-known work of Sanskrit Literary Criticism. Kuntaka develops the system of *vakrokti*(charming mode of expression) which is the essence of poetry according to him. It charms reader by the skill of the poet and it has six different spheres.

Unit-II Kavyamimamsa (3-5 Chapter). Kāvyamīmāmsā is a great and important work on poetics, by Rājśekhara. It is famous for the description of the *kāvyapuruṣa*, first time.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would enable students to know the *vakrokti* system of Kuntaka. It is important for the students to get the knowledge about the $k\bar{a}vyapurusa$, types of pupils, types of poets and $k\bar{a}vya-p\bar{a}ka$.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\w eek
Major Elective SNSK- 401EB	Poetics &Dramaturgy		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Vakroktijīvitam(Ist)	20		
	Unit-II	Kāvyamīmāmsā(3-5 Chapter)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

5X4= 20(out of 7)[question]

5X4= 20(out of 7)[explanation]

- Vakroktijivita of Rajanaka Kuntaka with the Sudha Sanskrit Commentary Published by Chaukhamba Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi.
 - 2 Vakroktijivita of Kuntaka, Ed. by Dr.K.Krishnamoorthy, Dharward, 1974.

3 Vakroktijivitaam with the Malayalam Commentary by Dr.Chathanath

Achuthanunni, Published by Vallathol Vidyapeetham, Sukapuram,

Edappal.

4. Kavyamimamsa of Rajashekhara, Sadhana Parashar, Published by DK Print World (p) Ltd. New Delhi.

5. Rajshekhara, Kavyamimamsa, Ed. C.D.Dalal & Ramasvami Sastri,

Oriental Institute, Baroda, 1934.

Mahākāvya and Kāvyatattva

Objectives: This course includes the first canto of Naiṣadhacaritam and 1^{st} *ānana* of Rasaganādhara. Naiṣadhacaritam, is a *mahākāvya* in 22 cantos, by Śriharṣa. Based on the story of the Mahābhārata of Nala and Damayantī. The Poet is traditionally praised by Indian critics for *pada-lālitya* in this poetical composition and there are more than 20 commentries on the work. Jagannātha's Rasagangādhar is the last remarkable work on Sanskrit Poetics.He defines poetry as a word or linguistic composition which brings a charming idea into expression. Jagannath's style is erudite. Author's subtle reasoning and its unsparing criticism of earlier writers makes his place unique in Sanskrit literary criticism.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper is important for the students to get knowledge of the of *pada-lālitya* the poet. It would enable students to communicate the poetic discussions contained in Rasagaṅgādhar and to understand the difficult style of Jagannātha in Sanskrit literary criticism.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 402EB	Mahākāvya&Kāvyatattva		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Naisadhacaritam(Ist canto)	20		
	Unit-II	Rasagangādhara(1st ānana)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

5X2= 10(out of 4)[explanation]

5X4= 20(out of 7)[explanation&questions]

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. 1.Rasagangadhara of Pandit Raj Jagannatha with Chandrika Sanskrit commentary by Badarinath Jha, Vol . I &II Published by Chaukhamba Vidyabhavan, Varanasi.
- 2. 2 Rasagangadhara of Panditaraja Jagannatha with Gurumarmaprakasha commentary by Nagesa Bhatta and Madhusudani commentary by Madhusoodana Sastri, Vol- I & II Published by Banares Hindu University, Varanasi.
- 3. 3.Rasagangadhar, Sandhya Bhaduri, Sanskrit Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata
- 4. 4. Contribution of Jagannatha pandita to Sanskrit Poetics, Dr. Ramachandralu
- 5. History of Sanskrit Poetics, S.K. De, Firma KLM, pvt. Ltd, Calcutta
- 6. Bharatiya Kavyashastram, Dr.T.Bhaskaran, Kerala Language Institute, Tvm
- 7. History of Sanskrit Poetics, P.V.Kane, MLBD, New Delhi, 1987.
- 8. The Naishadhiyaprakasha, Sanskrit Commentary on Naishadhiyacarita by Srimannarayan, Mecharchand Lachmandas Publications, Newdelhi
- 9. The Sanjivani Sanskrit Commentary on Naishadhiyacarita by Mallinatha, Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi.
- 10. The Indian Kavya Literature Dr. A K Warder, Motilal Banarsidas, Newdelhi.

Ādhunika Kavya and Prose

Objectives: This paper includes modern Sanskrit Literature and the 8th chapter of Daśakumāracaritam. In twentieth century, with the spread of the freedom movement in whole India, people's perception about life had been changed. New literary forms, specially in poetry and drama were also being experimented to give expression to newly perceived realities of life. Daśakumāracaritam is a prose romance Daņdin. It deals with the adventures and various activities of Rājavāhan and nine other princes. The text contains a specimen of lipogramatic writing.

Course Learning Outcomes:This course is designed to familiarise students with the new experiments in 20th century Sanskrit Literature.It is important for students to aware them the style of great poet Dandin.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class
					hour\week

Major	Ādhunika Kāvya		50	4	4
Elective	&				
SNSK-403EB					
	Prose				
	Unit-I	General acquaintance of Sanskrit Ādhunika Kāvya	20		
	Unit-II	Daśakumaracaritam(8 th)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

5X2= 10(out of 4)[explanation]

5X4= 20(out of 7)[explanation&questions]

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Adhunika Sanskrit Sahityanushilanam, Dr. Ramji Upadhyay, Sanskrit Parishat, Sagar Vishwavidyalaya, Sagar.
 - 2. Arvachin Sanskrit Sahitya, Dasha evam Disha, Manjulata Sharma, Parimal Publications, Delhi.
 - 3. Adhunika Sanskrit Sahitya, Dr Hiralal Shukla, Rachana Prakashan, Allahabad.
 - 4. Adhunika Sanskrit Sahitya, Baladev Upadhyaya, Uttara Pradesha, Sanskrit Sansthan, Lucknow.
- Vimshashatabdikam Sanskrit Natkam, Dr. Ramji Upadhyaya, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Varanasi.
 6.Adhunika Sanskrit Mahila Natakakar, Dr. Meera Dwivedi, Parimal Publications, Delhi.

7. Bisavi Shati ka Sanskrit Laghu-Katha Sahitya, Ruchi Kulashreshta, Rastriya Sanskrit Sansthan, New Delhi.

8. Adhunika Kaal ka Sanskrit gadya Sahitya, Kalanatha Shastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan, Delhi.

- 9. Abhinavkavyalamkarsutram, Prof. Radhavallabh Tripathi, Sampurnanad Sanskrit University, Varanasi.
 - 10. Dasakumaracaritam, Pt. Shiv Prasad Sharma, Chaukhamba Krishanadas Academy, Varanasi

11. Dasakumaracaritam, Vishwanatha Jha, MLBD, Delhi.

Kāvyatattavamīmāmsā

Objectives: This paper is related to the theory of Indian and western literary critics. The study of aesthetics, literary theory and critical theory are essential to any advance act of literary criticism. This paper also includes the second chapter of Dhvanyāloka of Ānandavardhana. The approach of Ānandavardhana has surpassed all other critics of Sanskrit literature and it has an impact on later literature of other modern Indian languages. It is an epoch-making work in the history of

Alamkāra literature. According to Daniel Ingalls Ānandavardhan is "the most brilliant of all Sanskrit Critics".

Course Learning Outcomes:

The aim of the course is to aware the students of the ancient Medieval and Modern literature and the literary criticisms of the Eastern and western Poetics. It would also convey the essence of Sanskrit Literary criticism put forth by Dhvanyāloka.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 304EB	Kāvyatattvasamīmāmsā		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Comparative Poetics	20		
	Unit-II	Dhvanyāloka with locana (II)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

5X2= 10(out of 4)[explanation]

5X4= 20(out of 7)[explanation&questions]

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

- 1. A Short History of Criticism, B.Prasad, Mcmillian Publications
- 2. History of Sanskrit Poetics, P.V.Kane, MLBD, New Delhi, 1987
- 3. History of Sanskrit Poetics, S.K.De, Fireman, KLM Pvt. Limited, Calcutta, 1988.
- 4. Samskritasahityavimarsam, Dr.N.V.P.Unithiri, Kerala Language Institute, Tiruvanantapuram.
- 5. Comparative Aesthetics, K.C.Pandey, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sanskrit Sansthan, delhi.
- 6. Bharateeya Kavyasastram, T.Bhaskaran, Kerala Language Institute, Thiruvanaatapuram.

- 7. A History of English Criticism, Harry Blamires, Mcmillan, New Delhi.
- 8. A History of English Criticism, Raghukul Tilak Rama Brothers, New Delhi, Mcmillan New Delhi.
- 9. Marxism and Literary Criticism, Berkeley, University of California
- 10. The Dhvanyaloka of Ànandavardhana with the Locana Sanskrit commentary of Abhinavagupta and Balapriya Sanskrit Commentary of Sahridayatilakan K Ramapisharoti.
- 11. Dhvanyaloka with the locana Malayalam commentary of EV Damodaran, published by NBS Thiruvanantapuram.
- 12. The Dhvanyaloka of Ànandavardhana with the Locana of Abhinvagupta Translated by Daniel HH Ingalls, Jeffrey Moussaieff Masson and M V Patvardhan, edited with an introduction by Daniel H H Ingalls, Harvard University Press Cambridge, Massachusetts and London, England.
- 13. Dhvanyalokalocana, Pt Jagannath Pathak, Chaukhamba Vidyabhavan, Varanasi.
- 14. Dhvanyaloka with the locana, Ramsagar Tripathi, Motilal Benarasidas, Delhi.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course	Assignment		50	4	4
SNSK-405IA					
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

Vyākaraņa (Group-C)

Philosophy

Objectives: This paper includes the text Vākyapadīyam (Brahmakāṇḍa) of Bharttṛhari andSarvadarśanasamgraha(Pāṇini Darśana). The Vākyapadīyam(Brahmakāṇḍa) of Bharttṛhari is the philosophical base of Sanskrit grammar. The Sarvadarśanasamgraha(Pāṇini Darśana) of Madhavācārya includes grammar as the system of philosophy along with the other systems of Indian philosophy.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would teach students the philosophical discussion of Sanskrit grammar.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
					Class

Code					hour\w eek
Major Elective SNSK- 401EC	Philosophy		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Vākyapadīyam(Brahmakāņḍa)	25		
	Unit-II	Sarvadarśanasamgraha(Pāņini Darśana)	15		
	Internal Assessment		10		

1X10=10(out of 3) 4X5=20(out of 7) 2X5 =10 (out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Vakyapadiyam, edited by Vishnupada Bhattacharya, 2 vols, Paschimbanga Rajaya pustak Parshad
- 2. Vakyapadiyam(brahmakanda), edited by K.A.Subramaniya Iyer, Deccan College, Pune
- 3. Bhatrihari by K.A.Subramaniya Iyer, Deccan College, Pune
- 4. Vakyapadiyam(brahmakanda) by Raghunath Sharma
- 5. Vakyapadiyam(brahmakanda) by Shivasankar Avasthi
- 6. The word and the world by Bimal Krishna Motilal, Oxford University Press
- 7. Indian Theories of Meaning, by K.K.Raju, Adyar Library
- 8. Dialectical of Sphota, by Gaurinath Sastri

9. Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Vasudeva Abhyankara, BORI, Poona.

10. Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Umashankar Sharma Risi, Chaoukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

11.Sarvadarshanasamgraha, Sayanamadhavacharya, Ed. Satyajyoti Chakravarty, Sahityashri, Kolkata.

12. Panini Darsan, Chinmayi Chatterjee, Jadavpur University

Navyavyākaraņam

Objectives:	This	paper	includes	the		text
Paramalaghumañju	ṣā(first four chap	oter) and Praudan	nanoramā(<i>kārakaļ</i>	orakaraṇam).	The	first

text is written by Nāgeśabhaṭṭa in seventeen century. It discusses philosophical treatises of Sanskrit grammar in *navya-nyāya* languge. Generally in the discourse of the philosophical treatises of Pāninian grammar, Nāgeśabhaṭṭa's word is taken as final decision of traditional Sanskrit grammarians. The other text Praudamanoramā($k\bar{a}rakaprakaranam$) is a commentary of Sidhāntakaumudī by Bhaṭṭoji Dīkṣata himself. He discusses here the nuances of $k\bar{a}raka$ theory and answers the questions of oppositions.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would teach students the philosophical discussion of Sanskrit grammar .

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 402EC	Navyavyākaraņa		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Paramalaghumañjuṣā(first four chapter)	20		
	Unit-II	Prauḍamanoramā(<i>kārakaprakaraṇam</i>)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

4X5=20(out of 7)

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Paramalaghumanjusha, edited by Jayshankarlal Tripathi
- 2. Paramalaghumanjusha, edited by Lokamani Dahal
- 3. Paramalaghumanjusha edited by Bijaya Goswami
- 4. Prauḍamanoramā

Navyavyākaraņa&

Śābdabodha

Objectives: This paper includes the text Laghuśabdenduśekhara(samjñāprakaraņam) and Nyāyasidhāntamuktāvalī(śabdakhaņḍa). The first text is the commentary on Aṣtādhyāyī by Nāge śabhaṭṭa. The second text is by Viśwanātha.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would teach students the philosophical discussion of Sanskrit grammar and the views of Nyāya Vaiśeṣikas on words. It is important to know the rule of *śābdabodha* and views of opposition.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 403EC	Navyavyākaraņa & Śābdabodha		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Laghuśabdenduśekhara(samjñāprakaraņam)	20		
	Unit-II	Nyāyasidhāntamuktāvalī(śabdakhaņḍa)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

4X5=20(out of 7)

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Laghuśabdenduśekhara edited by Viswanath Misra
- 1. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi
- 3. 2. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.
- 4. 3. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata
- 5. 4. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

Computational Linguistics & Śābdabodha

Objectives: This paper includes Computational Linguistics and the text vyutpattivāda(upto ghato paṭaḥ) of Gadādhara.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would teach students about different new approaches of Indological research and it would empower them with the technique of $s\bar{a}bdabodha$.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-404EC	Computational Linguistics & Śābdabodha		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Introduction to Computational Linguistics:(CL) Introduction to Linguistics, major divisions& application, history of CL, relation of Sanskrit with CL Formal Language Theory, set theory Different methods of CL Programming language: Java/Javascript/ Python/HTML	20		
	Unit-II	vyutpattivāda(upto ghațo pațaḥ)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

1X10=10(out of 3)

4X5=20(out of 7)

2X5 =10 (out of 7)

- 1. Oxford Handbook of Computational Linguistics
- 2. Natural Language Processing: A Paninian Perspective, Akshar Bharati, Vineet Chaitanya, and Rajeev Sanghal
- 3. Speech and Language Processing, Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin

4. Linguistics Issues in Encoding Sanskrit, Peter M Scharf and Malcom D Hyman, MLBD

5. Vyutpattivada of Gadadhara (Abhedanvayavada), ED. Ayan Bhattacharya, Sanskrita Book Depo, Kolkata.

6. Vyutpattivada with Adarsha, Ed. Harerama tripathi, rastriya sanskrita Sansthan, Delhi.

7. Vyutpattivada with Sunanda, Ed.Sachhidananda Mishra, New Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, Delhi.

8. Vyutpattivada with Vidvanmanorama, N S Ramanuja Tatacharya, R.S. Vidyapeeta

Deemed University, Tirupati.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course SNSK-405IA	Assignment		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

Nyāyavaiśesika (Group-D)

Gems of Nyāya Vaiśesika Philosophy

Objective: This course includes Nyāyakusumāñjali of great Indian philosopher Udayanācārya (10th century CE). This course intends to provide a comprehensive knowledge of the proof for the existence of God.

Course Learning Outcomes: This Course would familiarize the students with the objections raised by Cārvāka, Mīmāmsaka and Sānkhya. It would teach the arguments and counter arguments in respect of God's existence. This paper introduces technical terms of Navyanyāya and develops dialectical skill.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credi	No. of
Code				t	Class
					hour\w
					eek
Major	Gems of		50	4	4
Elective	Nyāya				
CNCK	Vaiśesika				
SNSK-	Philosophy				
401ED					
	Unit-I	Nyāyakusumāñjali (I & II stavaka)	20		
	Unit-II	Nyāyakusumāñjali (III,IV & V stavaka)	20		
	Internal		10		
	Assessment				

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7) 2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Nyayakusumanjali of Udayanacharya with Vivriti of Haridasa, Ed. Vishweshwar Siddhantasiromani, Choukhamba Vidyabhavan, Varanasi.

2. Nyayakusumanjali of Udayanacharya, Ed. Shrimohan Tarkatirtha, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustaka Parsad, Kolkata.

3. Nyayakusumanjali of Udayanacharya, Ed. Duradhar Jha, Varanaseya Sanskrita Viswavidyalaya, Varanasi.

Pramātattva & inference in Navyanyāya

Objective: This course includes Pramā lakṣaṇa (Pūrvapakṣa and siddhāntapakṣa) of Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya's Tattvachintāmaṇi and Anumiti (Inference), paramāṇa (consideration), vyāpti (invariable concomitance), pakṣata (subjecthood) and hetvābhāsa of Nyāyasiddhāntamuktāvalī.

Course Learning Outcomes: This Course would teach the views of Mīmāmsakas, Bouddhas and Naiyāyikas on definition of Pramā or Valid knowledge. It would also give a general awareness of the inference, invariable concomitance and familiarize the fallacies in Nyāya Vaišesika Philosophy.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK- 402ED	Pramātattwa & inference in Navya- Nyāya		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Tattvacintāmaņi (pramā lakṣaṇa)	20		
	Unit-II	Nyāyasidhāntamuktāvalī (anumāna khaṇḍa)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7) 2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Tattwachintamani (Ist Vol.), Gangeśa Upadhyaya, Ed. Kamakhyanath Tarkavagisha, Bibliotheca Indica, Calcutta.

2. Tattwachintamani (Pratyaksakhanda.), Gangea Upadhyaya, Ed. Medhachaitanya Maharaj, Adyapeetha, Kolkata.

3. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

4. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

5. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

6. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

Vyāpti in Tattvacintāmaņi

Objectives: This course includes Vyāptipañcaka and Siddhāntalakṣaṇa of Tattvacintāmaṇi of Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya. In Tattvacintāmaṇi, Acārya Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya introduces the Pūrvapakṣa lakṣaṇa of Vyāpti, which is the view of Pūrva Pakṣa or Aggressor. He sets five definitions of Vyāpti or invariable relation between Hetu and Sādhya, known as Pañcalakṣani, and refutes all of them. He also establishes the Sidhdhānta Lakṣaṇa of Vyāpti, which is more clear, accurate, uncorrupted and offenceless.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course aims to impart deep knowledge of Vyāpti or pervasion through the views of Pracīna Naiyāyika and Navya Naiyāyika.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective SNSK-403ED	Vyāpti in Tattwacintāmaņi		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Vyāptipañcaka(Ist lakṣaṇa)	20		
	Unit-II	Sidhāntalakṣaṇa (Jāgadīśī)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

- 1. Vyaptipanchakam, Ed. Rajendranath Ghosh, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustakaparsad, Kolkata.
- 2. Vyaptipanchaka, Ed. Gangadhar kar, Mahabodhi publishars, Kolkata.
- 3. Vyaptipanchaka, Ed. Shailajapati Mukhopadhyaya, Sanskrita Pustak Bhandar, Kolkata.
- 4. Vyaptipanchaka with Ganga, Ed. Shivaditya Mishra, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.
- 5. Vyaptipanchaka with Manorama, Ed.Vamacharan Bhattacharya, Master Kheladilal and Sons, Varanasi.

6. Siddhantalaksana, Ed. Shailajapati Mukhopadhyaya, Paschimavanga Rajya Pustakaparsad, Kolkata.

7. Siddhantalaksana, Ed. Dhundiraja Shastri, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

Computational Linguistics & Śābdabodha

Objectives: This paper includes Computational Linguistics and the text vyutpattivāda (upto ghato paṭaḥ) of Gadādhara.

Course Learning Outcomes: This paper would teach students about different new approaches of Indological research and it would empower them with the technique of $s\bar{a}bdabodha$.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective	Computational		50	4	4
SNSK-404ED	Linguistics & Śābdabodha				
	Unit-I	vyutpattivāda(upto ghațo pațaḥ)	20		
	Unit-II	Introduction to Computational Linguistics	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

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2X5=10(out of 7)
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Suggested Readings:

1. Vyutpattivada of Gadadhara (Abhedanvayavada), ED. Ayan Bhattacharya, Sanskrita Book Depo, Kolkata.

2. Vyutpattivada with Adarsha, Ed. Harerama tripathi, rastriya sanskrita Sansthan, Delhi.

3. Vyutpattivada with Sunanda, Ed.Sachhidananda Mishra, New Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, Delhi.

4. Vyutpattivada with Vidvanmanorama, N S Ramanuja Tatacharya, R.S. Vidyapeeta

Deemed University, Tirupati.

Course Code Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class
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					hour\week
Core Course	Assignment		50	4	4
SNSK-405IA					
	Unit-I	Mastering in	20		
		Sanskrit			
		Language			
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		

SEMESTER - IV

Navyanyāya (Group-E)

Hetvābhāsaprakaraņa

Objective: This Course includes 1st Lakṣaṇa of Hetvābhasasāmānyanirukti and Satpratipakṣaprakaraṇa with Dīdhiti and Gādādharī of Tattvacintāmaṇi of Gaṅgeśa Upādhyāya.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would develop skill in the application of fallacies of inference and create a general awareness about the differences of fallacies. It would make a clear picture of the word Anumiti; Lingopādhāna and familiarize the deep knowledge of Savyabhichāra.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credi	No. of
Code				t	Class
					hour\w
					eek
Major	Hetvābhāsa		50	4	4
Elective	prakaraṇa				
SNSK-					
401ED					
	Unit-I	Tattwacintāmaņi (Sāmānyanirukti - 1st	20		
		Lakṣaṇa)			

	Unit-II	Tattwacintāmaņi (Satpratipakṣaprakaraņa)	20	
ŀ	Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Tattacintamani, (Anumana Khanda), Gangesa Upadhyaya., Bibliotheca Indica, 1910.

2. Samanya Nirukti with Didhiti, Gadadhari, Baladevi and Vimalaprabha, Ed. Rupnath Jha, Mithila Institute of Darbhanga.

3. Samanya Nirukti with Didhiti, Gadadhari, and Ganga, Ed. Shivaditya Mishra, Choukhamba Sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

4. Samanya Nirukti with Didhiti, Gadadhari, Chandrakala and Kalavilasa, Choukhamba Sanskrita Series Office, Varanasi.

Upamāna & Śabda

Objective – This Course includes Upamānakhaņda of Tattvacintāmaņi and Sabdaśaktiprakāśikā (... upto Nāmaprakarana) Jagadiśa Tarkālamkāra. Tarkam Tantrañc of The Śabdaśaktiprakaśika is the magnum opus, a brilliant luminary in the firmament of the Neologicians, belonging to the Navadvīpa School of Bengal. In scope, content and technique, the work is grammar and logic, sublimated to a full-fledged philosophy of semantics. Upamiti, a type of valid knowledge obtainable from Comparison (Upamāna) for which the Naiyāyikas claim a distinct place of honour like each one of the three other pramānas (Perception, Inference and Word).

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would familiarize the students with the objections raised by Vaiśesika and the answers given by Naiyāyikas on Śabdapramāṇa or Verbal testimony. It would impart the views of Vaiśesika and Mīmāmsaka about Upamānapramāṇa.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class
					hour\week

Major Elective	Upamāna & Shabda		50	4	4
SNSK- 402ED					
	Unit-I	Upamānakhanda	20		
	Unit-II	Shabdashaktiprakāshika (upto Nāmaprakarana)	20		
	Internal Assessment		10		

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Tattacintamani, (Upamana Khanda), Gangesa Upadhyaya., Asiatic Society, Kolkata .

2. Upamanakhanda, Ed. Gourinath Shastri, Sampurnananda Sanskrita Viswavidyalatya, Varanasi.

3. Shabdashaktiprakashika with Krisnakanti and Probodhini, Ed. Dhundiraja shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita sansthan, Varanasi.

4. Shabdashaktiprakashika samiksanam, Ed. Visnupada Mahapatra, Manyata Prakashan, Delhi.

Śabda & Kāraka

Objective: This course includes Śaktivāda of Gadādhara Bhattācārya and Kārakacakra of Bhavānanda Siddhānatavāgiśa. Gadādhara Bhattācārya explained different philosophical views on Word and it's meaning in Śaktivāda. Siddhānatavāgiśa also introduces the Nyaya theory of Kārakas in Kārakachakra.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would familiarize the views of Mīmāmsaka and Naiyāyikas about the nature of word meaning, the relation between the word and meaning, the aids for comprehending the meaning and primary and secondary meaning. It would make a clear picture to the students of the Navyanyāya theory on Kārakas.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective	Shabda &		50	4	4
SNSK-403ED	Kāraka				

Unit-I	Saktivada (Sāmanyakānda)	20	
 Unit-II	Kārakachakra	20	
 Internal Assessment		10	

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Shaktivada of Gadadhara with Adarsha, Ed. Ksemaraja Shrikrisnadasha Shresthi, Bombay.

2. Shaktivada of Gadadhara with Vivriti of Haridasa tarkasiddhanta, Choukhamba Sanskrita Series Office, Varanasi.

3. Shabdarthasambandhasamiksa of Dr. Gangadhar Kar, Mahabodhi publishers, Kolkata.

4. Karakachakram of Bhvanandasiddhanta Vagisha, Ed. Taranath Nayya tarkatirtha, Kolkata.

Śābdabodhaprakriya in Navyanyāya

Objective – This Course includes Vyutpattivāda of Gadādhara Bhattāchārya, Śabdakhanda of Nyāyasiddhāntamuktāvali with Dinakarī & Rāmarudrī and Lakārārthanirnaya of Bhavānanda Siddhāntavāgīśa. This course is designed to familiarize students with different philosophical views about Śabdapramāna, process of Śābdabodha and meaning of Lakāras.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course would create the general knowledge of verbal testimony as explained in Nyāya and other systems. It would create general awareness about different parts of speech and their meaning and different Rules and Reasons of verbal knowledge of some terms. This paper would make the students aware of the Navyanyāya's view on the lakāras.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Major Elective	Śābdabodhaprakriya		50	4	4
SNSK-404ED	in Navya-Nyāya				

Unit-I	Vyutpattivāda(upto ghato patah)	20	
Unit-II	Śabdakhanda (Muktāvali with Dinakari & Rāmarudri	10	
	Lakārārthanirnaya of Bhavananda Siddhantavagisa	10	
Internal Assessment			

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

1. Vyutpattivada of Gadadhara (Abhedanvayavada), ED. Ayan Bhattacharya, Sanskrita Book Depo, Kolkata.

2. Vyutpattivada with Adarsha, Ed. Harerama tripathi, rastriya sanskrita Sansthan, Delhi.

3. Vyutpattivada with Sunanda, Ed.Sachhidananda Mishra, New Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, Delhi.

4. Vyutpattivada with Vidvanmanorama, N S Ramanuja Tatacharya, R.S. Vidyapeeta

Deemed University, Tirupati.

5. Nyayasiddhantamuktavali of Sri. Viswanatha pancanana with the commentary Kiranavali by Sri, Krishnavallabhacharya- Chowkhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Post Box No- 1139, Varanasi

6. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Advaitaasrama-5, Delhi, Entally Road, Culcutta, 14.

7. Bhasha Pariccheda with Nyayasiddhanta muktavali by Viswanathanyaya Panchanana, Ed. Panchanan Shastri, Mahabodhi Book Agency, Kolkata

8. Karikavali with Dinakari, ramarudri, Prabha, Manjusa and Gangarami Ed. Pandit Shankarrama Shastri, Choukhamba sanskrita Pratisthan, Varanasi.

9. Lakararthanirnaya of Bhavanandasiddhanta Vagisha, Ed. Ashok kr. Bandhyopadhyaya, Sanskrita Pudstak Bhandar, Kolkata.

Inscriptions of Early Medival Period

Objective- This course includes selected inscriptions of early medival period.

Course Learning Outcomes: The student would get to know about the morality, social consciousness, and religious prospectus. They would also know about victory ceremony and how people confront of a disaster of those time.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
	Inscriptions of Early Medival Period		50		
Major Elective SNSK- 401EF		 Banskhera copperplate. Ihol inscription of 2nd Pulakeshi. Chammak copperplate of 2nd prabarsen Afsad inscription of Adityasen. Haraha inscription of ilanbarma. Nidhanpur copperplate of Bhaskarbarma. Nidhanpur copperplate of Dharmapal. Nalanda copperplate of Devpal. Rampal copperplate of Srichandra. Velabha copperplate of Bhojbarma. Deopara inscription of Vijaysen. 	40	4	4
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

Suggested Readings:

- 1.अणभलेख—मंजूषा, रिजीत णसंह सैनी, न्यू भारतीय बुककापोरेशन, णदिी, 2000.
- 2. उत्कीिालेखपञ्चकम्, झा बन्धु ,वारािसी, 1968.
- 3. उत्कीिालेखस्तबकम्, णजयालाल काम्बोज, ईस्टन बुकणलंकस्ा, णदी.
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15. Satyamurty, K. : Text Book of Indian Epigraphy, Lower Price Publication, Delhi, 1992.

16. Debarcana Sarkar, Nityakaler tui puratan, Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parsad,

17.D.C. Sarkar, Ashoker *Abhilekha*, Mahabodhi Society.

18. Georg Bühler, Indian Paleography, Munshiram Manoharlal.

Litarary Sources of Ancient Indian History

Objective: This paper includes the Historical texts of Sanskrit Literature. The Rājtaraṅginī of Kalhaṇa provides us the earliest source on Kashmir that can be labelled as a "historical" text on this region. This bok is an invaluable source of information about early Kashmir and its neighbours in the north western parts of the Indian subcontinent, and has been widely referenced by later historians and ethnographers. Rājtaraṅginī is a metrical legendary and historical chronicle of the north-western Indian subcontinent, particularly the kings of Kashmir. It was written in Sanskrit by Kashmiri historian Kalhana in the 12th century CE.Puranas also help us to know the ancient Indian history.

Course Learning Outcomes: Through this course students would know about the ancient history of India through the eyes of Indian writers of ancient time.

Course	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of
Code					Class
					hour\week
Major	Litarary Sources		50	4	4
Elective	of Ancient				
SNSK-	Indian History				
402EF					
	Unit-I	Rājtarangiņī of Kalhaņa	15		
	Unit-II	Vāyupurāņa(Bhuvanavinyāsa)	25		
		Vișņudharmottarapurāņa(part-			
		III, Chapter 35-85)			
	Internal		10		
	Assessment				

1X10=10(out of 3)

5X4=20(out of 7)

2X5=10(out of 7)

- 1. Stein, Mark Aurel (1989) [1900]. Kalhana's Rajatarangini: a chronicle of the kings of Kasmir, 2Volumes, Motilal Banarsidass.
- 2. Hazra, R.C. (1962). The Puranas in S. Radhakrishnan ed. The Cultural Heritage of India, Vol.II, Calcutta: The Ramakrishna Mission Institute of Culture
- Rocher, Ludo (1986). "The Purāņas". In Jan Gonda (ed.). A History of Indian Literature. Vol.II, Epics and Sanskrit religious literature, Fasc.3. Wiesbaden: Otto Harrassowitz Verlag.
- 4. GV Tagare (1987), Vayu Purana Part 1, Motilal Banarsidass
- Hazra, R.C. (1962, reprint 2003). The Upapuranas in S. Radhakrishnan (ed.) The Cultural Heritage of India, Vol.II, Kolkata: The Ramakrishna Mission Institute of Culture
- 6. Kramrisch, Stella. The Vishnudharmottara Part III: A Treatise On Indian Painting And Image-Making. Second Revised and Enlarged Edition, Calcutta: Calcutta University Press

Historical Geography of Ancient India

Objective: Historical geography is an important interdisciplinary study for ancient history.

Course Learning Outcome: This course would help students to understand the importance of the land on historical events and human civilization's effects on the land. Geography includes the shape of borders, lakes, rivers, mountains etc.so, they would get to know in this course what was the geographical history and regional division, shape, size and others with the special reference to Indian subcontinent.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
	Historical Geography of Ancient India		50	4	4
Major Elective		• Picture of world in Ancient Indian history.	40		
SNSK- 403EF		• Different names shapes and size of Ancient India.			
		• Regional division of Ancient India.			
		• Nine fold division of India as found in puranas.			
		• Definition of historical geography.			
		Historical geography of Asokan Inscription			
		• Rise and fall of the 16 mahajanapada.			
		• Comparative study of evaluation of political geography in northern –southern India.			
		Places of Brahmanical Buddhist and Jain interest.			
	Internal		10		

	Assassment			
	Assessment			
1				
		·		

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7) 2X5=10(out of 7)

Ancient Indian Political Literature

Objective: The Arthaśāstra of Kautilya is an ancient Indian treatise on statecraft, economic policy and military strategy, written in Sanskrit. It is a handbook of economics as well as administration for the kings.

Course Learning Outcome: This course would help students to know about issues of social welfare, the collective ethics that hold a society together, advising the king that in times. The duty of a knig in those areas which devastated by famine, epidemic and such acts of nature, or by war. The king should initiate public projects such as creating irrigation waterways and building forts around major strategic holdings and towns and exempt taxes on those affected areas. It also talks about diplomacy, war strategies and revolution.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
	Ancient Indian Political Literature		50	4	4
Major Elective SNSK- 403EF		Arthaśātra of Kautilya(1,2,4,8-12)	40		
	Internal Assessment		10		

Question Pattern:

1X10=10(out of 3) 5X4=20(out of 7) 2X5=10(out of 7)

- 1. Arthaśāstra of Kautilya (Ed.)Kangale, R.P. Delhi, Motilal Banarasidas 1965
- 2. Arthasastra of Kautilya edited by Radhagovindo Basak.
- 3. Manu's Code of Law (Ed. & Trans.) :Olivelle, P. (A Critical Edition and Translation of the Manava- Dharamaśāstra), OUP, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. कौरटलीयअथ्शास्त्र—हिहन्द अनुवाद—ईदयवीरशास्त्री, मेिरचन्दलिमनदास,ददल्ली,1968।
- 5. History of Dharmashastras P.V. Kane.
- 6. Concise History of Dharmaśastra-Sureshchandra Bandyopadhyay, MLBD.
- 7. Dharma-Artha-Niti- Sastra—Tapati Mukhopadhyayay.
- 8. Kauțilya Arthaśāstra, Manabendu Bondhopadhyaya, Sanskrit Pustak
- 9. Bhandar.
- 10. Kautiliya: The Arthaśāstra- L.N. rangrajan, Penguin Books, India.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Topic	Marks	Credit	No. of Class hour\week
Core Course SNSK-405IA	Assignment		50	4	4
	Unit-I	Mastering in Sanskrit Language	20		
	Unit-II	Term Paper	20		
		Viva	10		