

BANKURA UNIVERSITY

(West Bengal Act XIX of 2013- Bankura University Act, 2013)

Main Campus, Bankura Block-II, P.O.: Purandarpur, Dist.: Bankura, Pin- 722155, West Bengal

## Office of the Secretary, Faculty Council for Undergraduate Studies

BKU/FCUG/195/2022 Date: 05/09/2022

#### NOTIFICATION

As directed, the undersigned is pleased to inform you that Bankura University has initiated the process to revise the existing CBCS syllabus of Undergraduate programme in Political science (Hons.) & Political Science (Programme) and as an important corollary to the process, the workshop through online mode will be organized on the date mentioned herewith to get the feedback from the stakeholders. Present Students, Alumni, Guardians, Academicians and other stakeholders related to the specific programme are requested for their kind participation in the workshop and to present their views/ observations etc. The stakeholders may go through the draft syllabus attached herewith and convey their observations to the office of the undersigned on ugsecretaryoffice@bankurauniv.ac.in within seven days from the date of publication of notice.

Date: 08.09.2022

Time: 11:45 AM (IST)

Link to join: <a href="https://meet.google.com/cpk-zxiv-ssr">https://meet.google.com/cpk-zxiv-ssr</a>

Sd/-Secretary

Faculty Council for Undergraduate Studies



## COURSE STRUCTURE UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

**FOR** 

SEM- I, SEM-II, SEM-III, SEM- IV, SEM- V, SEM- VI

IN

POLITICAL SCIENCE (HONOURS)

DRAFT SYLLABUS



(w.e.f. ACADEMIC SESSION: )

**BANKURA UNIVERSITY** 

P.O- PURANDARPUR, DIST- BANKURA WEST BENGAL, INDIA, PIN- 722 155.



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## **DETAILS SEMESTER-WISE COURSE STRUCTURE**

TOTAL MARKS =1300 SEMESTER - 6 CREDITS =142

COURSES	SEM	SEM	SEM	SEM	SEM	SEM	TOTAL
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
CORE COURSES	12	12	18	18	12	12	84
DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE	-	-	-	-	12	12	24
GENERIC ELECTIVE / INTERDICIPLINARY COURSE	6	6	6	6	-	-	24
ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE (AECC)	4	2	-	-	-	-	6
SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)	-	-	2	2	-	-	4
TOTAL	22	20	26	26	24	24	142





## **SCHEMES OF COURSES**

## $\underline{SEMESTER-I}$

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Credit	Marks		No. of Hours			
			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
AHPLS- 101/C-1	Understanding Political Theory	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 102/C-2	Constitutional Government & Democracy in India	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS 103/GE-1 (To be opted by students from other departments)	Fundamentals of Political Theory	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
ACSHP/ 104/AECC- 1	Environmental Studies	4	10	40	50	04	-	-
Total in Semo	Total in Semester – I		40	160	200	19	03	-





## SEMESTER -II

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Credit	Marks		No	No. of Hours		
			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
AHPLS- 201/C-3	Political Theory: Concepts & Debates	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 202/C-4	Political Process in India	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 203/GE-2 (To be opted by students from other departments)	Indian Constitution and Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
ACSHP/ 204/AECC- 2	English/Hindi/ MIL	2	10	40	50	02	-	-
Total in Semo	Total in Semester – II		40	160	200	17	03	-





## <u>SEMESTER – III</u>

<b>Course Code</b>	Course	Credit		Marks		No. of Hours			
	Title		I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.	
AHPLS- 301/C-5	Western Political Thought: Ancient & Medieval	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS- 302/C-6	Indian Political Tradition - I	6	10	40	50	05	01	1	
AHPLS- 303/C-7	International Relations: Theories & Basic Concepts	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS-304/GE-3 (To be opted by students from other departments)	Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS- 305/SEC-1	Legislative Practices & Procedures	2	10	40	50	02	-	-	
Total in Semester – III		26	50	200	250	22	04	-	





## $\underline{SEMESTER-IV}$

Course Code	Course	Credit		Marks		N	o. of Hou	rs
	Title		I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
AHPLS- 401/C-8	Western Political Thought: Modern	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 402/C-9	Indian Political Tradition –II	6	10	40	50	05	01	1
AHPLS- 403/C-10	Introduction to Comparative Government & Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 404/GE-4 (To be opted by students from other departments)	International Relations: Basic Concepts	6	10	40	50	05	01	,
AHPLS- 405/SEC-2	Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy	2	10	40	50	02	-	-
Total in Semester – IV		26	50	200	250	22	04	-





## $\underline{SEMESTER-V}$

Course	Course Title	Credit		Marks	Iarks No. of H			Iours	
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.	
AHPLS- 501/C-11	Public Administration	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS- 502/C-12	Emergent Issues in Post- Cold War Global Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS- 503/DSE- 1	Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective OR, Citizenship in a Globalizing World	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
AHPLS- 504/DSE- 2	Understanding South Asia OR, Social Movements in Contemporary India: Major Issues	6	10	40	50	05	01	-	
Total in S	Semester – V	24	40	160	200	20	04	-	





## $\underline{SEMESTER-VI}$

Course Course Title		Credit		Marks		N	o. of Hou	`S
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
AHPLS- 601/C-13	Public Policy & Administration in India	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 602/C-14	Research Methodology	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS-603/DSE-3	India's Foreign Policy Or, Women, Power & Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
AHPLS- 604/DSE- 4	Political Sociology Or, Dilemmas in Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
Total in S	Semester – VI	24	40	160	200	20	04	-

AH= Arts Honours, PLS = POLITICAL SCIENCE ACSHP= Arts Commerce Science Honours Pass, C= Core Course, AECC= Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course, SEC= Skill Enhancement Course, GE= Generic Elective, DSE= Discipline Specific Elective, IA= Internal Assessment, ESE= End-Semester Examination, Lec. = Lecture, Tu. = Tutorial, and Prc. = Practical



#### **SEMESTER-I**

**Course Title (Core Course): Understanding Political Theory** 

Course Code: AHPLS- 101/C-1

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective**: This course is divided into two units. Unit I introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches, and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Unit II is designed to reconcile political theory and practice through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

#### **Unit- I: Introducing Political Theory**

- a. What is politics? Political Theory: Meaning and Importance. Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory.
- b. Approaches: Normative, Empirical, Behavioural and Post-behavioural. Marxist
- c. Critical and Contemporary perspectives in political theory: Feminist, Postmodern and Postcolonoal
- d. Democracy: The history of an idea, David Held's classifications of democracy.

## Unit- II: Karl Marx, Lenin and Mao

- a. Dialectic Materialism and Historical Materialism,
- b. Theory of Alienation, Revolution
- c. Leninism: state & party
- d. Maoism: Cultural revolution.



#### SEMESTER- I

Course Title (Core Course): Constitutional Government and Democracy in India

Course Code: AHPLS- 102/C-2

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course acquaints students with the constitutional design of state structures and institutions, and their actual working over time. The Indian Constitution accommodates conflicting impulses (of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance) within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment.

#### **Unit- I: Philosophy of the Indian Constitution:**

- a. Social and Political Ideas behind Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly Debates.
- b. Features of the Constitution, the Preamble.

#### **Unit- II: The Fundamentals of Indian Constitution**

- a. Fundamental Rights.
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy.
- c. Fundamental Duties.

### **Unit- III: Organs of Government**

- a. The Legislature: Union (Parliament) and State (Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad).
- b. The Executive: Union (President, Vice-President and Prime Minister) and State (Governor and Chief Minister).
- c. The Judiciary: Supreme Court and the High Court.





#### **Unit- IV: Federalism and Decentralisation**

- a. Federalism: Division of Powers, Emergency Provisions, Changing Dynamics of Centre-State Relations.
- b. Local Self-Government institutions in India: Urban Administration in West Bengal (Municipalities and Municipal Corporations) and Rural Administration in West Bengal (Panchayati Raj Systems).

#### **SEMESTER- 3**

Course Title (Generic Elective): Fundamentals of Political Theory

Course Code: AHPLS-103/GE-1

(To be opted by students from other departments)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course aims to introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in political theory and the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the concepts.

- 1. a. What is Politics?
- b. What is Political Theory and what is its relevance?
- 2. Concepts:
- a. Democracy: Liberal and Socialist
- b. Liberty, Equality & Justice; Problems of reconciliations
- c. Rights & Obligation.
- 3. The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c) Popular
- 4. Debates in Political Theory:
- a. On what grounds is censorship justified and what are its limits?
- b. Should the State intervene in the institution of the family?







#### **SEMESTER-II**

Course Title (Core Course): Political Theory--- Concepts and Debates

Course Code: AHPLS- 201/C-3

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course is divided into two sections. Section A helps the student familiarize with the basic normative concepts of political theory. Each concept is related to a crucial political issue that requires analysis with the aid of our conceptual understanding. This exercise is designed to encourage critical and reflective analysis and interpretation of social practices through the relevant conceptual toolkit. Section B introduces the students to the important debates in the subject. These debates prompt us to consider that there is no settled way of understanding concepts and that in the light of new insights and challenges, besides newer ways of perceiving and interpreting the world around us, we inaugurate new modes of political debates.

#### **Section A:**

#### **Unit- I: Concept of Freedom**

a. Negative Freedom and Positive Freedom.

Important issue: Freedom of belief, expression and dissent

#### **Unit- II: Importance of Equality**

a. Formal Equality and Equality of Opportunity.

b. Egalitarianism: Background Inequalities and Differential Treatments.

Important Issue: Affirmative Action

#### **Unit- III: Indispensability of Justice**

a. Procedural Justice.

b. Distributive Justice.



Important Issue: Capital Punishment

## **Unit- IV: The Universality of Rights**

a. Natural Rights: Social Contract Theory.

b. Rights and Political Obligation: T. H. Green

c. Three Generations of Rights.

Important Issue: Right of the Girl Child

## **Section B:**

## **Unit- V: Major Debates**

a. Why Should We Obey the State? Issues of Political Obligation and Civil Disobedience.

b. Should Offensive Speech be Regulated?



#### SEMESTER- II

Course Title (Core Course): Political Process in India

Course Code: AHPLS- 202/C-4

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: Actual politics in India diverges quite significantly from constitutional legal rules. An understanding of the political process thus calls for a different mode of analysis - that offered by political sociology. This course maps the working of 'modern' institutions, premised on the existence of an individuated society, in a context marked by communitarian solidarities, and their mutual transformation thereby. It also familiarizes students with the working of the Indian state, paying attention to the contradictory dynamics of modern state power.

#### **Unit- I: The Changing Nature of the Indian State**

- a. Developmental.
- b. Welfare.

#### **Unit- II: Political Parties and the Party System**

- a. Trends in the Party System; From the Congress System to Multi-Party Coalitions.
- b. Determinants of Voting Behaviour: Caste and Religion.

### Unit- III: National Integration and Its Challenges

- a. National Integration: Concept
- b. Demands for Statehood: Gorkhaland and Telengana.
- c. Linguistic Politics

## **Unit- IV: Religion and Politics**

- a. Dharma and Religion; Politics with or without Dharma
- b. Debates on Secularism; Communalism.



## **Unit- V: Caste and Politics**

- a. Rise of Dalits and OBCs in Indian Politics
- b. Politics of Reservations.



#### SEMESTER- II

#### Course Title (Generic Elective): Indian Constitution and Politics

Course Code: AHPLS-203/GE-2

(To be opted by students from other departments)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This paper will focus on the political processes and the functioning of the Indian political system. It studies in detail the political structure both Constitutional and Administrative. It emphasizes on social stratification of castes also. The major contradictions of the Indian Political Process are to be critically analyzed in this course.

## Unit- I: Basic Features of the Constitution of India and its Philosophy

- a. Salient Features.
- b. Philosophy of the Constitution (Preamble).

#### Unit- II: Rights (Justiciable and non-Justiciable) and Duties

- a. Fundamental Rights.
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy.
- c. Fundamental Duties.

#### **Unit- III: Organs of Government**

- a. The Legislature: Union (Parliament) and State (Vidhan Parishad and Vidhan Sabha).
- b. The Executive: Union (President and Prime Minister) and State (Governor and Chief Minister).
- c. The Judiciary: Supreme Court and the High Courts--- Composition and Functions.

#### **Unit- IV: Federalism**



a. Federalism: Division of Powers (Legislative, Administrative and Financial). Recent Trends in Centre-State Relations.

#### **Unit- V: Election Commission**

a. Composition and functions





#### **SEMESTER-III**

Course Title (Core Course): Western Political Thought--- Ancient and Medieval

Course Code: AHPLS- 301/C-5

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The syllabus is designed to understand political philosophical traditions as they evolved in Europe from ancient to the medieval era. Contributions of the Greeks, Romans and Medieval Philosophers are to be examined through this course.

#### **Unit- I: Greek Political Thought**

- a. Features of Greek Political Thought: Ideas and Institutions
- b. Plato: Justice, Communism, Philosopher King, Notion of Ideal State.
- c. Aristotle: State, Slavery, Citizenship.

#### **Unit-II: Roman Political Thought**

a. General Features with Special Reference to Citizenship and Law.

#### **Unit-III: Medieval Political Thought**

- a. Main Features; Struggle for political supremacy: Church vs State.
- b. Saint Augustine.
- c. St. Thomas Acquinas.
- d. Marsilio of Padua.



#### **SEMESTER-III**

Course Title (Core Course): Indian Political Tradition- I

Course Code: AHPLS- 302/C-6

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course is designed to provide an understanding of the Ancient, Medieval and Liberal-Reformist Indian political thought. The basic focus of study in this course is on individual thinkers whose ideas are however framed by specific themes. The course as a whole is meant to provide a sense of the broad streams of Indian thought while encouraging a specific knowledge of individual thinkers and texts. Selected extracts from some original texts are also given to discuss in class.

#### **Unit- I: Ancient and Medieval Political Thought:**

a. Ancient Indian Political Thought: Nature and Features.

b. Kautilya: Diplomacy, Dandaneeti, Saptanga (Statecraft).

c. Medieval Political Thought: Basic Tenets.

#### **Unit- II: Liberal-Reformists Trends in Nationalist Thought:**

a. Rammohan Roy: Elements of Liberalism and Social Justice.

b. Bankim Chandra: Nationalism.

c. Rabindranath Tagore: Nation, Nationalism and Internationalism.

d. Vivekananda: Society and State.

e. Aurobindo: Passive Resistance.

f. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan: Modernism

g. .



#### **SEMESTER-III**

**Course Title (Core Course): Theories of International Relations** 

Course Code: AHPLS-303/C-7

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This paper seeks to equip students with the basic intellectual tools for understanding International Relations. It introduces students to some of the most important theoretical approaches and basic concepts on foreign policy for studying international relations.

#### **Unit- I: Foundation of International Relations**

a. Evolution of international relations as an autonomous discipline.

## **Unit- II: Key Concepts**

- a. Balance of Power, Collective Security, Bipolarity and Unipolarity, Non- Alignment, Disarmament and Arms Control.
  - b. Anarchy, Order, Interdependence & Globalization.

#### Unit III: Mainstream IR theories:

- a. Realism: evolution and variants:
- b. Liberalism and its variants; neo-neo debate.
- c. Constructivism

#### **Unit III: Radical IR theories**

- a. Marxism
- b. Postmodernism
- c. Post colonialism
- d. Feminism



#### SEMESTER- III

#### Course Title (Generic Elective): Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics

## Course Code: AHPLS- 304/GE-3 (To be opted by students from other departments)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The purpose of this course is to familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. More specifically the course will focus on examining politics in a historical framework while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries.

#### **Unit I: Understanding Comparative Government & Politics**

- a. The nature, scope and methods of comparative political analysis.
- b. Approaches: Political System, Institutionalism and New institutionalism, Political Economy, Political Culture, Political Development

#### **Unit II: Comparing Political Regimes**

- a. Typologies of Regimes
- b. Models of democracy
- c. How to compare democracies and democratic states?

#### **Unit III: Classifications of Political Systems**

- a. Parliamentary and Presidential: UK and USA.
- b. Federal and Unitary: USA and France.

#### **Unit IV: Electoral Systems:**

- a. Theories of representation: First past the post, proportional representation, mixed systems
- b. Comparing democratic systems: India, USA & UK.

### **Unit V: Party System:**

- a. Meaning and Typologies of the Party System
- b. Comparing functioning of Party system in India, USA and Britain
- c. Political Communication and the Role of Media





#### **SEMESTER-III**

**Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Legislative Practices and Procedures** 

Course Code: AHPLS-305/SEC-1

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: To acquaint the students broadly with the legislative process in India at various levels, introduce them to the requirements of peoples' representatives and provide elementary skills to be part of a legislative support team and expose them to real life legislative work. These will be, to understand complex policy issues, draft new legislation, track and analyse ongoing bills, make speeches and floor statements, write articles and press releases, attend legislative meetings, conduct meetings with various stakeholders, monitor media and public developments, manage constituent relations and handle interoffice communications. It will also deepen their understanding and appreciation of the political process and indicate the possibilities of making it work for democracy.

#### I. Legislative Process:

Question: Rules of Putting Questions to the Minister: Types of Questions (written and verbal; supplementary).

Others: Rules Relating to Calling Attention, Mention, Adjournment, Resolution, Discussion including Short Discussion, Censure and No-Confidence.

How a bill becomes law, role of the Standing committee in reviewing a bill, legislative consultants, the framing of rules and regulations.

#### **II. Supporting the Legislative Committees:**

Types of committees, role of committees in reviewing government finances, policy, programmes, and legislation.

#### III. Budget:

Overview of Budget Process, Role of Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget, Examination of Demands for Grants of Ministries, Working of Ministries.



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Course Title (Core Course): Western Political Thought--- Modern

Course Code: AHPLS-401/C-8

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The course seeks to promote a critical understanding of the main philosophical themes in Western Political Thought as represented by select thinkers primarily from the modern period. It emphasizes on their life and works and their major theoretical and philosophical contributions.

#### Unit- I: Renaissance & Reformation

a. Machiavelli: Separation of Politics from Religion and Ethics, Human Nature

b. Jean Bodin: Sovereignty

#### **Unit- II: Social Contractualists:**

a. Thomas Hobbes: State of Nature, Social Contract, Nature and Attributes of Sovereignty.

b. John Locke: State of Nature, Social Contract, Natural Rights, Nature and Functions of State, foundation of Liberalism.

c. Jean-Jacques Rousseau: State of Nature, Social Contract and General Will.

#### **Unit- III: Utilitarians**

a. Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarian Principles.

b. John Stuart Mill: Revision of Utilitarianism, On Liberty and Representative Government.

#### Unit- IV: Idealists and Socialists

a. Hegel: Dialectics and State, Idea of Freedom.

b. Karl Marx: State.

c. V. I. Lenin: Imperialism.



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Course Title (Core Course): Indian Political Tradition - II

Course Code: AHPLS- 402/C-9

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** Primarily based on the study of individual thinkers, the course introduces a wide span of thinkers and themes that defines the modernity of Indian political thought. The objective is to study general themes that have been produced by thinkers from varied social and temporal contexts. Selected extracts from original texts are also given to discuss in the class. The list of additional readings is meant for teachers as well as the more interested students.

#### Unit- I: Understanding Diverse Trains of Nationalist Thought

a. Gandhi: State, Trusteeship and Satyagraha.

b. M. N. Roy: Transition from Marxism to New-Humanism.

c. B. R. Ambedkar: Views on Caste and Untouchability.

d. J. L. Nehru: Socialism.

e. Jinnah: Two Nation's Theory

f. Savarkar: Hindutva and Social Reforms

#### **Unit- II: Currents of Nationalist Movements**

a. Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement.

 Movements led by Indian National Congress: Non-Cooperation, Civil-Disobedience, Quit-India Movement.

c. Alternatives to Congress Politics: (i) Revolutionary Nationalism and (ii) the Forward Bloc.



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Course Title (Core Course): Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics

Course Code: AHPLS- 403/C-10

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This is a foundational course in comparative politics. The purpose is to familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. More specifically the course will focus on examining politics in a historical framework while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries.

#### **Unit- I: Understanding Comparative Politics**

- a. Transition from Comparative Government to Comparative Politics; Nature and Scope.
- b. Approaches: Institutional and Neo-institutional.

### **Unit- II: Major Governing Concepts**

a. Constitutionalism, Conventions, Parliamentary Sovereignty, Separation of Powers, Judicial Review, Referendum and Initiative.

# Unit- III: Comparing Political Systems [United Kingdom (U.K), United States of America (U.S.A) and France]

- a. Legislature, Executive and Judiciary: UK, USA and France.
- b. Parliamentary and Presidential systems: UK and USA.
- c. Party System in UK and USA.



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

#### Course Title (Generic Elective): International Relations--- Basic Concepts

# Course Code: AHPLS-404/GE-4 (To be opted by students from other departments)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This Course is designed to give students a sense of some important theoretical approaches to understand international relations; a history from 1945 onwards to the present; and an outline of the evolution of Indian foreign policy since independence and its possible future trajectory.

#### 1. Evolution and Approaches to International Relations:

- a. Evolution of international relations as an autonomous discipline.
- b. Major Theories: Realism and Neo-Realism and Liberalism.
- c. Behavioural Theory: Systems Theory and Decision-Making Theory.

#### 2. Cold War and Post-Cold War Era:

- (a) Origins and Phases of Cold War; End of Cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union.
- (b) Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centers of Power (European Union, China and Russia)

#### 3. India's Foreign Policy:

- (a) Basic Determinants (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic and Strategic).
- (b) India's Policy of Non-alignment.
- (c) India's Relationship with USA, China and Pakistan.



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy

Course Code: AHPLS-405/SEC-2

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The Proposed course aims to acquaint student with the structure and manner of functioning of the legal system in India.

**Expected Learning Outcome:** The student should be aware of the institutions that comprise the legal system - the courts, police, jails and the system of criminal justice administration. Have a brief knowledge of the Constitution and laws of India, an understanding of the formal and alternate dispute redressal (ADR) mechanisms that exist in India, public interest litigation. Have some working knowledge of how to affirm one's rights and be aware of one's duties within the legal framework; and the opportunities and challenges posed by the legal system for different sections of persons.

#### Unit I:

Outline of the Legal system in India.

System of courts/tribunals and their jurisdiction in India--- criminal and civil courts, writ jurisdiction, specialized courts such as juvenile courts, Mahila Courts and tribunals.

Role of the police and magistracy in criminal law administration.

Alternate dispute mechanisms such as Lok Adalats, non-formal mechanisms.

#### Unit II:

Brief understanding of the laws applicable in India.

**Constitution:** fundamental rights, fundamental duties, other constitutional rights and their manner of enforcement, with emphasis on public interest litigation.

**Laws relating to criminal jurisdiction:** provision relating to filing an FIR, arrest, bail search and some understanding of the questions of evidence and procedure in Cr. P.C. and related laws, offences against women, juvenile justice, prevention of atrocities on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.



Concepts of Principles of Natural Justice, Fair comment under Contempt laws.

Laws relating to consumer rights.

Laws relating to cyber crimes.

Anti-terrorist laws: implications for security and human rights.

#### **Unit III:**

#### Access to courts and enforcement of rights:

Legal Services Authorities Act and right to legal aid.

## **Practical application:**

What to do if you are arrested; if you are a consumer with a grievance; if you are a victim of sexual harassment; domestic violence; filing a public interest litigation. How can you challenge administrative orders that violate rights, judicial and administrative remedies.

Using a hypothetical case of (for example) child abuse or sexual harassment or any other violation of a right, preparation of an FIR or writing a complaint addressed to the appropriate authority.





#### **SEMESTER- V**

**Course Title (Core Course): Public Administration** 

Course Code: AHPLS-501/C-11

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public administration. This paper encompasses public administration in its historical context with an emphasis on the various theories. The course also explores some of the recent trends with an attempt to provide the students a comprehensive understanding on contemporary administrative developments.

#### Unit- I: Public Administration as a Discipline

- a. Evolution, Nature and Scope, Public Administration vs Private Administration.
- b. New Public Administration & New Public Management.
- c. Identity distress of Public Administration as an autonomous discipline.

## Unit- II: Major Concepts of Administration

- a. Hierarchy.
- b. Unity of Command.
- c. Span of Control.
- d. Authority.
- e. Centralisation and Decentralisation.
- f. Line and Staff.



## **Unit- III: Theories of Organisation**

a. Classical Approach: Henri Fayol, Luther Gulick and Lyndall Urwick

b. Scientific Management Approach: F. W. Taylor

c. Bureaucracy: Max Weber and Karl Marx

d. Human Relations Approach: Elton Mayo

e. Behavioural Approach: Herbert A. Simon

f. Ecological Approach: F. Riggs



## SEMESTER- V

Course Title (Core Course): Emergent Issues in Post-Cold War Global Politics

Course Code: AHPLS-502/C-12

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course introduces students to the key debates on the meaning and nature of globalization by addressing its political, economic, social, cultural and technological dimensions. In keeping with the most important debates within the globalization discourse, it imparts an understanding of the working of the world economy, its anchors and resistances offered by global social movements while analyzing the changing nature of relationship between the state and trans-national actors and networks.

#### Unit- I: Understanding Post Cold-War Period

- a. Post Cold-War Order.
- b. Role of the United Nations (UN) in post cold-war period.

#### **Unit- II: Major Issues in Post Cold-War Politics**

- a. Globalisation: Meaning, Dimension and its impact on National Sovereignty.
- b. Global Terrorism: Meaning, Causes, and Preventives
- c. Environment: Climate Change and Global Warming.
- d. Human Rights: Meaning, Evolution, Importance and Challenges; Human Security

## **Unit- III: Regional Organisations in Post Cold-War Era**

- a. Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN).
- b. South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC).
- c. European Union (EU).





#### **SEMESTER- V**

Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective): Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective

Course Code: AHPLS-503/DSE-1

(Students to choose one of the two Courses)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course attempts to build an understanding of human rights among students through a study of specific issues in a comparative perspective. It is important for students to see how debates on human rights have taken distinct forms historically and in the contemporary world. The course seeks to anchor all issues in the Indian context, and pulls out another country to form a broader comparative frame. Students will be expected to use a range of resources, including films, biographies, and official documents to study each theme. Thematic discussion of sub-topics in the second and third sections should include state response to issues and structural violence questions.

#### I. Human Rights- Theory and Institutionalization:

a. Understanding Human Rights: Three Generations of Rights

b. Institutionalization: Universal Declaration of Human Rights

c. Rights in National Constitutions: South Africa and India

#### II. Issues:

a. Torture: USA and India

b. Surveillance and Censorship: China and India

c. Terrorism and Insecurity of Minorities: USA and India

#### **III. Structural Violence:**

a. Caste and Race: South Africa and India

b. Gender and Violence: India and Pakistan

c. Adivasis/Aboriginals and the Land Question: Australia and India.





#### OR,

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Citizenship in a Globalizing World AHPLS-503/DSE-1

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: The idea of citizenship holds a prominent place in human history. It defines who belongs to a political community and who does not. Citizenship assigns a legal status, a set of rights, immunities and protections in the modern age. In many ways, the trajectory of the debates surrounding citizenship have delved into the heart of justice in a community, namely the relationship between the individual and the collective, the meaning of membership, and the distribution of benefits and burdens of that membership. Some concerns about these normative dimensions of citizenship have changed over time.

The contemporary revival of interest in the concept of citizenship is a response to developments such as the disintegration of the Soviet Bloc and the rise of independent states in its wake, the rise of new forms of virulent nationalism and sub-nationalism, and globalization and migration. In addition, demands for political recognition by minorities based on new sources and forms of identity have wrought significant changes in the way we conceive of citizenship. States are scrambling to deal with tensions created in increasingly complex and diverse societies and the idea of citizenship seeks to simultaneously cross national boundaries.

This course will explore theories of citizenship, the historical development of the concept and its practice of in an increasingly globalizing world.

- 1. Classical conceptions of citizenship: Greek and Roman.
- 2. The Evolution of Citizenship and the Modern State: Renaissance and Modern Times.
- 3. Citizenship and Diversity.
- 4. Citizenship beyond the Nation-state: Globalization and Global Justice, cosmopolitan citizenship
- 5. Citizenship: Institutional and Legal Arrangements- (a) Citizen Charter, (b) Right to Information, (c) Consumer Protection Act, (d) Social Audit.
- 6. Citizenship & ICT: E-Governance; Mobile Governance







#### **SEMESTER- V**

### Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective): Understanding South Asia

#### AHPLS-504/DSE-2

(Students to Choose one of the two Courses)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective**: The course introduces the historical legacies and geopolitics of South Asia as a region. It imparts an understanding of political regime types as well as the socioeconomic issues of the region in a comparative framework. The course also apprises students of the common challenges and the strategies deployed to deal with them by countries in South Asia.

#### I. South Asia- Understanding South Asia as a Region:

(a) Historical and Colonial Legacies (b) Geopolitics of South Asia.

#### II. Politics and Governance:

- (a) Regime Types: Democracy, Authoritarian, Monarchy.
- (b) Emerging Constitutional Practices: Federal Experiments in Pakistan; Constitutional Debate in Nepal and Bhutan; Devolution Debate in Sri Lanka.

#### III. Socio-Economic Issues:

(a) Identity Politics and Economic Deprivation: Challenges and Impacts (Case Studies of Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka).

#### IV. Regional Issues and Challenges:

- (a) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC): Problems and Prospects.
- (b) Terrorism.
- (c) Migration.



#### OR,

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Course Code: AHPLS-504/DSE-2

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: Under the influence of globalization, development processes in India have undergone transformation to produce spaces of advantage and disadvantage and new geographies of power. The high social reproduction costs and dispossession of vulnerable social groups involved in such a development strategy condition new theatres of contestation and struggles. A variety of protest movements emerged to interrogate and challenge this development paradigm that evidently also weakens the democratic space so very vital to the formulation of critical consensus. This course proposes to introduce students to the conditions, contexts and forms of political contestation over development paradigms and their bearing on the retrieval of democratic voice of citizens.

#### Unit - I

Features and Dynamics of Social Movements.

Evolution of New Social Movements.

#### **Unit-II**

Traditional Social Movements in India: Peasant Movement, Trade Union Movement, Anticaste Movements.

#### **Unit-III**

New Social Movements in India: Dalit Movement; Women's Movement, Ecological & Environmental Movement.





#### **SEMESTER- VI**

Course Title (Core Course): Public Policy and Administration in India

Course Code: AHPLS-601/C-13

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course provides a theoretical and practical understanding of the concepts and methods that can be employed in the analysis of public policy administration in India. The course will be useful for students who seek an integrative link to their understanding of political science, economic theory and the practical world of development and social change.

#### **Unit- I: Development and Public Policy**

- a. Social Indicators of Development.
- b. 'Planning Commission' to 'National Institution for Transforming India Aayog' (NITI Aayog).

#### Unit- II: Public Financial Management in India

- a. Budgetary Process: Preparation, Enactment and Execution.
- b. Performance Evaluation (Parliamentary Financial Committees: Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee and Committee on Public Undertaking).
- c. Centre-State Finance: Finance Commission; Allocation of Resources.

#### Unit- III: Organisation of the Government in India: Union and State Level

- a. Union: Prime Minister's Office (PMO) and Cabinet Secretariat.
- b. State: Chief Secretary, Relations between Secretariat and Directorate.

#### **Unit- IV: Citizen and Administration**

- a. Role of Lokpal and Lokayukta.
- b. Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG).



#### **SEMESTER- VI**

Course Title (Core Course): RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
Course Code: AHPLS-602/C-14

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: The purpose of the course is to expose the students to the world of research in the social sciences and equip them with skills of data collection, data interpretation and use of different methods and techniques of qualitative and quantitative researches. The objective is to enable the students to identify the problem, prepare the research design and make an objective choice of tools and techniques in pursuance of research.

#### **Unit-I: Introduction to Research in Social Sciences**

- a. Research in Social Sciences
- b. Vocabularies of Research: Concept, Data, Variables, Hypothesis, Observation, Research Problem
- c. Types of Research: Quantitative, Qualitative and Mixed Methods
- d. Review of Literature

#### **Unit-II: Research Design**

- a. Research Design: Meaning
- b. Designing a Research Proposal

#### **Unit-III: Techniques and tools of Data Collection**

- a. Sampling and Survey
- b. Questionnaire and Schedule
- c. Interview Techniques

#### **Unit-IV: Writing Dissertation**

- a. Writing Dissertation
- b. Access to Information and Database (Web Pages, Online database etc), Archival material
- c. Referencing Style
- d. Ethics of Social Science Research: Plagiarism



#### SEMESTER- VI

Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): India's Foreign Policy

Course Code: AHPLS-603/DSE-3

(Students to choose one of the two courses)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course's objective is to teach students the domestic sources and the structural constraints on the genesis, evolution and practice of India's foreign policy. The endeavour is to highlight integral linkages between the 'domestic' and the 'international' aspects of India's foreign policy by stressing on the shifts in its domestic identity and the corresponding changes at the international level. Students will be instructed on India's shifting identity as a postcolonial state to the contemporary dynamics of India attempting to carve its identity as an 'aspiring power'. India's evolving relations with the superpowers during the Cold War and after, bargaining strategy and positioning in international climate change negotiations, international economic governance, international terrorism and the United Nations facilitate an understanding of the changing positions and development of India's role as a global player since independence.

- I. India's Foreign Policy: Evolution, Salient Features and Determinants.
- II. India and the Major Powers: USA, Russia and China.
- III. Foreign Policy of India towards South Asian Countries: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka, Bhutan
- IV. India's and UN: Demand for Reforms in the UN Security Council
- V. India's Nuclear Policy: CTBT, NPT.
- VI. India's role in the contemporary Multipolar World.



#### Or,

#### Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Women, Power and Politics

Course Code: AHPLS-603/DSE-3

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: This course opens up the question of women's agency, taking it beyond 'women's empowerment' and focusing on women as radical social agents. It attempts to question the complicity of social structures and relations in gender inequality. This is extended to cover new forms of precarious work and labour under the new economy. Special attention will be paid to feminism as an approach and outlook. The course is divided into broad units, each of which is divided into three sub-units.

### I. Groundings:

- 1. Patriarchy
- a. Sex-Gender Debates
- b. Public and Private
- c. Power
- 2. Feminism: History; Feminist Political Thought.
- 3. Family, Community, State
- a. Family: Gender Socialisation and Family; Gender Relations in Family.
- b. Community: Forms of Community; Social Reform of the Women's Question.
- c. State: Ideologies of the State (Paternalistic and Patriarchical); Women, Law and Citizenship.

#### II. Movements and Issues:

1. History of the Women's Movement in India



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- 2. Violence against women
- 3. Work and Labour
- a. Visible and Invisible work--- Unpaid Work.
- b. Reproductive and care work.
- c. Sex work.



#### **SEMESTER- VI**

#### Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Political Sociology

Course Code: AHPLS-604/DSE-4 (Students to choose one of the two courses)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** Politics is nothing but about power and authority. The course will try to focus on how is power exerted? Where is it, and how is it gained and lost? How do power centers get challenged? In this course, we will examine such question. Major themes will include the nation-state and its challengers. Students will also become aware of various criticisms and debates in political sociology – as well as its limitations through this course.

#### **Unit I- Historical Development:**

a. Political Sociology: Nature and Scope; Evolution as a Discipline.

#### **Unit II- Political Culture:**

- a. Concept of Political Culture.
- b. Components of Political Culture.
- c. Types of Political Culture

#### **Unit III- Socialization:**

- a. Meaning of Socialization
- b. Agencies of Socialization
- c. Role of Socialization

#### **Unit IV: Concept of Political Development:**

a. Meaning and Nature of Political Development.



- b. Modernization and Political Development.
- c. Political Culture and Political Development.

Or,

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Dilemmas in Politics Course Code: AHPLS-604/DSE-4

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course is designed to explore, analyze and evaluate some of the central issues, values and debates in the/ contemporary world that has a bearing on normative political inquiry. The eight issues selected as dilemmas, though not exhaustive, are some of the salient ones discussed across societies.

- I. The Politics of Exclusion: Ethnicity, Religion, Language, Gender, Disability
- II. Human Rights Issues: Surveillance and Censorship; Police Encounter, Torture & Custodial death, Undertrial; Disappearance
- III. Ecology and Political Responsibility: Environmentalism, North-South debate, different Earth Summits, MDGs and SDGs
- IV. Global Justice and Cosmopolitanism; Global Governance: Environment, Health, Education and Disaster
- V. Legitimacy of Humanitarian Intervention.





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#### **SEMESTER-I**

Course Title (Core Course): Understanding Political Theory. Course Code: AHPLS-101/C-1

#### **Essential Readings:**

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## Course Title (Core Course): Constitutional Government and Democracy in India. Course Code: AHPLS-102/C-2

#### **Essential Readings:**

- G. Austin, (2010) 'The Constituent Assembly: Microcosm in Action', in *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 15th print, pp.1-25.
- R. Bhargava, (2008) 'Introduction: Outline of a Political Theory of the Indian Constitution', in R. Bhargava (ed.) *Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-40.
- D. Basu, (2012) Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi: Lexis Nexis.
- S. Chaube, (2009) *The Making and Working of the Indian Constitution*, Delhi: National Book Trust.
- G. Austin, (2000) 'The Social Revolution and the First Amendment', in Working a Democratic

Constitution, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 69-98.

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A. Sibal, (2010) 'From Niti to Nyaya,' Seminar, Issue 615, pp 28-34.

The Constitution of India: Bare Act with Short Notes, (2011) New Delhi: Universal, pp. 4-16.

# Course Title (Generic Elective): Fundamentals of Political Theory. AHPLS-103/GE-1 Essential Readings:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-17.

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Singh, M. (2008) 'Civil Society', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 188-205.

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#### **SEMESTER-II**

Course Title (Core Course): Political Theory--- Concepts and Debates. Course Code: AHPLS- 201/C-3

#### **Essential Readings:**

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Mookherjee, Monica, 'Multiculturalism', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 218-234.

# Course Title (Core Course): Political Process in India. Course Code: AHPLS- 202/C-4 Essential Readings:

- R. Kothari, (2002) 'The Congress System', in Z. Hasan (ed.) *Parties and Party Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 39-55.
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- Y. Yadav and S. Palshikar, (2006) 'Party System and Electoral Politics in the Indian States, 1952-2002: From Hegemony to Convergence', in P. deSouza and E. Sridharan (eds.) *India's Political Parties*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 73-115.
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"Politics in India" by Rajni Kothari. Orient BlackSwan. 2012.

# Course Title (Generic Elective): Indian Constitution and Politics. AHPLS-203/GE-2 Essential Readings:

- D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India. (New Delhi, Prentice Hall)
- P. Bakshi, Constitution of India. (New Delhi, Prentice Hall)
- P.R. Brass, The Politics of India Since Independence. (Delhi, Foundation Books)
- R.L. Hardgrave & L.S. Kochanek, India: Government and politics in a Developing Nation. (New York, USA, Harcourt Brace and World)
- M.V. Pylee, Introduction to the Constitution of India. (New Delhi, Vikash)
- S.C. Kashyap (ed.), Perspectives on the Constitution. (Delhi, Shipra Publications)
- J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics (2 vols.). (Delhi, Vishal Pub.)
- Dr. Hiregowdader B.C. and Maheshwarappa G. *Indian Constitution: An Introduction*. Orient Blackswan.
- P.R. Brass, The Politics of India Since Independence. (Foundation Books, Delhi)
- A.G. Noorani, Costitutional Question in India. (Oxford University Press, Delhi)

Sibranjan Chatterjee, Governor's Role in the Indian Constitution. (New Delhi, Mittal Publications)

Rajni Kothari, The Writings of Rajni Kothari (Politics in India, Caste in Indian Politics, Rethinking Democracy). (New Delhi, Orient Blackswan).

#### SEMESTER- III



## Course Title (Core Course): Western Political Thought--- Ancient and Medieval. Course Code: AHPLS-301/C-5

#### **Essential Readings:**

- J.P. Sudha, A History of Political Theory, K. Nath & Co. (latest edition).
- S. Mukherjee, A History of Political Thought, PHI, (latest edition).
- O.P. Gauba, Western Political Thought, Macmillan 2011.
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David Boucher and Paul Kelly (editors), Political Thinkers, Oxford (latest edition).

- C.L. Wayper, Political Thought, Philosophical Library, Incoporated.
- C. C. Maxey, Political Philosophies, Macmillan.

William Ebenstein, Great Political Thinkers, Harcourt College Publishers.

B.R. Nelson, Western Political Thought, Pearson (latest edition).

#### Course Title (Core Course): Indian Political Tradition- I. Course Code: AHPLS-302/

#### C-6

#### **Essential Readings:**

- B. Parekh, (1986) 'Some Reflections on the Hindu Tradition of Political Thought', in T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 17-31.
- A. Altekar, (1958) 'The Kingship', in *State and Government in Ancient India*, 3rd edition, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, pp. 75-108.
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- G. Omvedt, (2008) 'Kabir and Ravidas, Envisioning Begumpura', in *Seeking Begumpura: The Social Vision of Anti Caste Intellectual*, Delhi: Navayana, pp. 91-107.
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Course Title (Core Course): International Relations--- Theories and Basic Concepts. Course Code: AHPLS-303/C-7

#### **Essential Readings:**

M. Nicholson, (2002) International Relations: A Concise Introduction, New York: Palgrave, pp. 1-4.

R. Jackson and G. Sorensen, (2007) Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, 3rd Edition, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 2-7

S. Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) International Relations, New York: Pearson Longman, 2007, pp. 29-35

C. Brown and K. Ainley, (2009) Understanding International Relations, Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-16.

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M. Smith and R. Little, (eds) (2000) 'Introduction', in Perspectives on World Politics, New York: Routledge, 2000, 1991, pp. 1-17.

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## Course Title (Generic Elective): Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics. Course Code: AHPLS- 304/GE-3

#### **Essential Readings:**

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Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.). (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage.

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Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. London: Palgrave McMillan, pp. 36-50, 51-68.

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Evans, Jocelyn A.J. (2009) 'Electoral Systems', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 93-119.

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Cole, A. (2011) 'Comparative Political Parties: Systems and Organizations', in Ishiyama, J.T.

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"Theoretical Foundations of Comparative Politics" by Subrata Mukherjee and Sushila Ramaswamy. Orient BlackSwan. 2017.

## Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Legislative Practices and Procedures. Course Code: AHPLS-305/SEC-1

#### **Essential Readings:**

M. Madhavan, and N. Wahi, (2008) *Financing of Election Campaigns* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at:

http://www.prsindia.org/uploads/media/conference/Campaign\_finance\_brief.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013

- S. Vanka, (2008) *Primer on MPLADS*, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/mplads-487/, Accessed: 19.04.2013
- H. Kalra, (2011) *Public Engagement with the Legislative Process* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at:

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- P. Mehta, 'India's Unlikely Democracy: The Rise of Judicial Sovereignty', *Journal of Democracy*, Vol. 18(2), pp.70-83.

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A. Celestine, (2011) *How to Read the Union Budget* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/how-to-read-theunion-

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#### **SEMESTER-IV**

## Course Title (Core Course): Western Political Thought--- Modern. Course Code: AHPLS-401/C-8

#### **Essential Readings:**

- I. Kant. (1784) 'What is Enlightenment?,' available at http://theliterarylink.com/kant.html, Accessed: 19.04.2013
- S. Hall (1992) 'Introduction', in Formations of Modernity UK: Polity Press pages 1-16
- B. Nelson, (2008) Western Political Thought. New York: Pearson Longman, pp. 221-255.
- M. Keens-Soper, (2003) 'Jean Jacques Rousseau: The Social Contract', in M. Forsyth and M.

Keens-Soper, (eds) A Guide to the Political Classics: Plato to Rousseau. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 171-202.

- C. Jones, (2002) 'Mary Wollstonecraft's *Vindications* and their Political Tradition' in C. Johnson, (ed.) *The Cambridge Companion to Mary Wollstonecraft*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 42-58.
- S. Ferguson, (1999) 'The Radical Ideas of Mary Wollstonecraft', in *Canadian Journal of Political Science* XXXII (3), pp. 427-50, Available at

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- H. Magid, (1987) 'John Stuart Mill', in L. Strauss and J. Cropsey, (eds), *History of Political Philosophy*, 2nd edition. Chicago: Chicago University Press, pp. 784-801.
- P. Kelly, (2003) 'J.S. Mill on Liberty', in D. Boucher, and P. Kelly, (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 324-359.
- J. Cropsey, (1987) 'Karl Marx', in L. Strauss and J. Cropsey, (eds) *History of Political Philosophy*, 2ndEdition. Chicago: Chicago University Press, pp. 802-828.
- L. Wilde, (2003) 'Early Marx', in D. Boucher and P. Kelly, P. (eds) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 404-435.
- V. Bryson, (1992) 'Marxist Feminism in Russia' in *Feminist Political Theory*, London: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 114-122

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A. Skoble, and T. Machan, (2007) *Political Philosophy: Essential Selections*, New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 286-327.

A. Kollontai, (1977) 'Social Democracy and the Women's Question', in *Selected Writings of Alexandra Kollontai*, London: Allison & Busby, pp. 29-74.

A. Kollontai, (1977) 'Make Way for Winged Eros: A Letter to the Youth', in *Selected Writings of Alexandra Kollontai* Allison & Busby, pp. 201-292.

C. Porter, (1980) *Alexandra Kollontai: The Lonely Struggle of the Woman who defied Lenin*, New York: Dutton Children's Books.

## Course Title (Core Course): Indian Political Tradition –II. Course Code: AHPLS-402/C-9

#### **Essential Readings:**

"Nationalist Movement in India--- A Reader" by Sekhar Bandyopadhyay. OXFORD. 2008.

V. Mehta and T. Pantham (eds.), (2006) 'A Thematic Introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization'

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- R. Roy, (1991) 'The Precepts of Jesus, the Guide to Peace and Happiness', S. Hay, (ed.) *Sources of Indian Traditio, Vol.* 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin.
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### Course Title (Core Course): Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics. Course Code: AHPLS- 403/C-10

#### **Essential Readings:**

- J. Kopstein, and M. Lichbach, (eds), (2005) Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp.1-5; 16-36; 253-290.
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- E. Wood, (2002) 'The Agrarian origin of Capitalism', in Origin of Capitalism: A Long View. London: Verso, pp. 91-95; 166-181.
- A. Hoogvelt, (2002) 'History of Capitalism Expansion', in Globalization and Third World Politics. London: Palgrave, pp. 14-28.
- A. Brown, (2009) 'The Idea of Communism', in Rise and Fall of Communism, Harpercollins (ebook), pp. 1-25; 587-601.
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# Course Title (Generic Elective): International Relations--- Basic Concepts. Course Code: AHPLS-404/GE-4

#### **Essential Readings:**

William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.) (1999) Classic Readings of International

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Vanaik, A. (1995) *India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of Its Foreign Policy.* New Delhi: Orient Longman. pp. 19-41; 63-67; 102-114; 118-124; 132-134.

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Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy. Course Code: AHPLS-405/SEC-2

#### **Essential Readings:**

Creating Legal Awareness, edited by Kamala Sankaran and Ujjwal Singh (Delhi: OUP, 2007)

Legal literacy: available amongst interdisciplinary courses on Institute of Life Long Learning (Delhi University) Virtual Learning Portal namely vle.du.ac.in

Reading list for course on Legal Literacy

Multiple Action Research Group, Our Laws Vols 1-10, Delhi.

Indian Social Institute, New Delhi, Legal Literacy Series Booklets.

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S.P. Sathe, *Towards Gender Justice*, Research Centre for Womens' Studies, SNDT Women's University, Bombay, 1993.

Asha Bajpai, *Child Rights in India: Law, Policy, and Practice*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003

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Parmanand Singh, 'Access to Justice and the Indian Supreme Court', 10 & 11 Delhi Law Review 156, 1981-82.

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Laws relating to criminal justice administration.

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Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights)

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The Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights, Full Participation) Act, 1995, Available at

http://bhind.nic.in/Sparsh\_disability%20act%201995.pdf.

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009, Available at http://www.delta.org.in/form/rte.pdf.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Bill, 2012.

#### **SEMESTER- V**

# Course Title (Core Course): Public Administration. Course Code: AHPLS-501/C-11 Essential Readings:

Public Administration as a Discipline: Meaning, Dimensions and Significance of the Discipline. Nicholas Henry, *Public Administration and Public Affairs*, Prentice Hall, 1999

- D. Rosenbloom, R. Kravchuk. and R. Clerkin, (2009) *Public Administration: Understanding Management, Politics and Law in Public Sector*, 7th edition, New Delhi: McGraw Hill, pp. 1-40
- W. Wilson, (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya (eds), *Administrative Change and Innovation: a Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 85-101
- M. Bhattacharya, (2008) *New Horizons of Public Administration*, 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers, pp. 37-44.
- G. Alhson, (1997) 'Public and Private Management', in Shafritz, J. and Hyde, A. (eds.) *Classics of Public Administration*, 4th Edition. Forth Worth: Hartcourt Brace, TX, pp. 510-529.

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- E. J. Ferreira, A. W. Erasmus and D. Groenewald , Administrative Management, Juta Academics, 2010
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- B. Miner, 'Elton Mayo and Hawthrone', in *Organisational Behaviour 3: Historical Origins and the Future*. New York: M.E. Sharpe, 2006
- S. Maheshwari, Administrative Thinkers, New Delhi: Macmillan, 2009

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Innovation and Entrepreneurship. Peter Drucker, *Innovation and Entrepreneurship*, Harper Collins, 1999.

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Prabir Kumar De, Public Policy and Systems, Pearson Education, 2012

R.V. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Public Policy Making In India, Pearson, 2009

Surendra Munshi and Biju Paul Abraham [Eds.] *Good Governance, Democratic Societies And Globalisation*, Sage Publishers, 2004

M. Bhattacharya, 'Chapter 2 and 4', in Social Theory, Development Administration and

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H. Frederickson, 'Toward a New Public Administration', in J. Shafritz, & A. Hyde, (eds.) *Classics of Public Administration*, 5th Edition, Belmont: Wadsworth, 2004

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A. Gray, and B. Jenkins, 'From Public Administration to Public Management' in E. Otenyo and N. Lind, (eds.) *Comparative Public Administration: The Essential Readings*: Oxford University Press, 1997

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Maxine Molyneux and Shahra Razavi, Gender, Justice, Development and Rights, Oxford:

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"Public Administration--- A Reader" by Bidyut Chakraborty and Mohit Bhattacharya. OXFORD. 2006.

"Public Administration in India" by S.R. Maheshwari. OXFORD. 2006.

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Course Title (Core Course): Emergent Issues in Post-Cold War Global Politics. Course Code: AHPLS- 502/ C-12

#### **Essential Readings:**

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- M. Strager, (2009) *Globalization: A Very Short Introduction*, London: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-16.
- R. Keohane and J. Nye Jr, (2000) 'Globalization: What's New? What's Not? (And So What?)', in *Foreign Policy*, No 118, pp. 104-119.
- A. McGrew, (2011) 'Globalization and Global Politics', in J. Baylis, S. Smith and P. Owens (eds.) *Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 14-31.
- A. Heywood, (2011) Global Politics, New York: Palgrave-McMillan, pp. 1-24.
- W. Ellwood, (2005) *The No-nonsense Guide to Globalization*, Jaipur: NI-Rawat Publications, pp. 12-23.
- A. Heywood, (2011) Global Politics, New York: Palgrave-McMillan, pp. 112-134.
- R. Keohane, (2000) 'Sovereignty in International Society', in D. Held and A. McGrew (eds.)
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- K. Shimko, (2005) *International Relations: Perspectives and Controversies*, New York: Houghton Mifflin, pp. 195-219.
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- T. Cohn, (2009) Global Political Economy: Theory and Practice, pp. 130-140 (IMF), 208-218 (WTO).
- R. Picciotto, (2003) 'A New World Bank for a New Century', in C. Roe Goddard et al.
- *International Political: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*, Boulder: Lynne Reinner, pp. 341-351.
- A. Narlikar, (2005) *The World Trade Organization: A Very Short Introduction*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 22-98.
- J. Goldstein, (2006) International Relations, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 392-405 (MNC).
- P. Hirst, G. Thompson and S. Bromley, (2009) *Globalization in Question*, Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 68-100 (MNC).
- D. Held and A. McGrew (eds.), (2002) *Global Transformations Reader: Politics, Economics and Culture*, Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 1-50; 84-91.
- M. Steger, (2009) 'Globalization: A Contested Concept', in *Globalization: A Very Short Introduction*, London: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-16.

- A. Appadurai, (2000) 'Grassroots Globalization and the Research Imagination', in *Public Culture*, Vol. 12(1), pp. 1-19.
- G. Ritzer, (2010) Globalization: A Basic Text, Sussex: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 487-504.
- R. O'Brien et al., (2000) Contesting Global Governance: Multilateral Economic Institutions and Global Social Movements, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-23.
- J. Fisher, (1998) *Non-Governments: NGOs and Political Development in the Third World*, Connecticut: Kumarian Press, pp. 1-37 (NGO).
- J. Volger, (2011) 'Environmental Issues', in J. Baylis, S. Smith and P. Owens (eds.)

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- A. Heywood, (2011) Global Politics, New York: Palgrave, pp. 383-411.
- N. Carter, (2007) *The Politics of Environment: Ideas, Activism, Policy*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 13-81.
- D. Howlett, (2011) 'Nuclear Proliferation', in J. Baylis, S. Smith and P. Owens (eds.)

Globalization of World Politics, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 384-397.

- P. Viotti and M. Kauppi, (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy and Identity*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 238-272.
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- A. Heywood, (2011) Global Politics, New York: Palgrave, pp. 282-301.
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- G. Ritzer, (2010) Globalization: A Basic Text, Sussex: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 298-322.
- S. Castles, (2012) 'Global Migration', in B. Chimni and S. Mallavarapu (eds.) *International Relations: Perspectives For the Global South*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 272-285.
- A. Acharya, (2011) 'Human Security', in J. Baylis, S. Smith and P. Owens (eds.) *Globalization of World Politics*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 480-493.
- S. Tadjbakhsh and A. Chenoy, (2007) *Human Security*, London: Routledge, pp. 13-19; 123-127; 236-243.
- J. Rosenau, (1992) 'Governance, Order, and Change in World Politics', in J. Rosenau, and E.



Czempiel (eds.) Governance without Government: Order and Change in World Politics, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-29.

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- P. Dicken, (2007) Global Shift: Mapping the Changing Contours of the World Economy, New York: The Guilford Press.
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Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective): Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective. Course Code: AHPLS- 503/ DSE-1 (Students to choose one of the two courses)

#### **Essential Readings:**

J. Hoffman and P. Graham, (2006) 'Human Rights', *Introduction to Political Theory*, Delhi, Pearson, pp. 436-458.

SAHRDC (2006) 'Introduction to Human Rights'; 'Classification of Human Rights: An Overview of the First, Second, and Third Generational Rights', in *Introducing Human Rights*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Chapter 2: Bill of Rights.

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- M. Lippman, (1979) 'The Protection of Universal Human Rights: The Problem of Torture' *Universal Human Rights*, Vol. 1(4), pp. 25-55
- J. Lokaneeta, (2011) 'Torture in the TV Show 24: Circulation of Meanings'; 'Jurisprudence on Torture and Interrogations in India', in *Transnational Torture Law, Violence, and State Power in the United States and India*, Delhi: Orient Blackswan,
- D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Torture', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp. 164-197.
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- D. Lyon, (2008) Surveillance Society, Talk for Festival del Diritto, Piacenza, Italia, September, 28, pp.1-7.

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- U. Singh, (2012) 'Surveillance Regimes in India', paper presented at a conference on States
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- E. Scarry, (2010) 'Resolving to Resist', in *Rule of Law, Misrule of Men*, Cambridge: Boston Review Books, MIT, pp.1-53.
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- R. Wasserstorm, (2006), 'Racism, Sexism, and Preferential Treatment: An approach to the Topics', in R. Goodin and P. Pettit, *Contemporary Political Philosophy: an Anthology*, Oxford: Blackwell, pp-549-574
- R. Wolfrum, (1998) 'Discrimination, Xenophobia and Racism' in J. Symonides, *Human Rights: New Dimensions and Challenges*, Aldershot, Ashgate/UNESCO, pp.181-198
- A. Khan and R. Hussain, (2008), 'Violence Against Women in Pakistan: Perceptions and Experiences of Domestic Violence', *Asian Studies Review*, Vol. 32, pp. 239 253
- K. Kannabiran (2012) 'Rethinking the Constitutional Category of Sex', in *Tools of Justice: Non-Discrimination and the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi, Routledge, pp.425-443
- N. Menon (2012) 'Desire', Seeing Like a Feminist, New Delhi: Zubaan/Penguin, pp. 91-146
- H. Goodall, (2011) 'International Indigenous Community Study: Adivasi Indigenous People in India', in A. Cadzow and J. Maynard (eds.), *Aboriginal Studies*, Melbourne: Nelson Cengage Learning, pp.254-259.
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- N. Watson (2011) 'Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Identities' in A. Cadzow and J. Maynard (eds.), *Aboriginal Studies*, Melbourne: Nelson Cengage Learning, pp.43-52.

- W. Fernandes (2008) 'India's Forced Displacement Policy and Practice. Is Compensation up to its Functions?', in M. Cernea and H. Mathus (eds), *Can Compensation Prevent Impoverishment? Reforming Resettlement through Investments and Benefit-Sharing*, pp. 181-207, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- A. Laws and V. Iacopino, (2002) 'Police Torture in Punjab, India: An Extended Survey', in *Health and Human Rights*, Vol. 6 (1), pp. 195-210.
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- J. Nickel, (1987) Making Sense of Human Rights: Philosophical Reflections on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Berkeley: University of California Press.
- J. Goldman, (2005) 'Of Treaties and Torture: How the Supreme Court Can Restrain the Executive', in *Duke Law Journal*, Vol. 55(3), pp. 609-640.
- K. Tsutsui and C. Wotipka, (2004) Global Civil Society and the International Human Rights Movement: Citizen Participation in Human Rights International Nongovernmental Organizations, in *Social Forces*, Vol. 83(2), pp. 587-620.
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- M. Mohanty, (2010) 'In Pursuit of People's Rights: An Introduction', in M. Mohanty et al.,

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- M. Cranston, (1973) What are Human Rights? New York: Taplinger
- M. Ishay, (2004) *The History of Human Rights: From Ancient Times to the Globalization Era*, Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
- R. Sharan, (2009) 'Alienation and Restoration of Tribal Land in Jharkhand in N Sundar (ed.)

Legal Grounds, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 82-112

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U. Baxi, (1989) 'From Human Rights to the Right to be Human: Some Heresies', in S. Kothari and H. Sethi (eds.), *Rethinking Human Rights*, Delhi: Lokayan, pp.181-166.

OR,



# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Citizenship in a Globalizing World. Course Code: AHPLS- 503 /DSE-1

#### **Essential Readings:**

Acharya, Ashok. (2012) Citizenship in a Globalising World. New Delhi: Pearson.

Beiner, R. (1995) *Theorising Citizenship*. Albany: State University of New York Press.

Held, David (1995), Democracy and the Global Order: From the Modern State to Cosmopolitan Governance (Stanford: Stanford University Press).

Kymlicka, Will (1999), "Citizenship in an Era of Globalization: A Response to Held," in Ian Shapiro and Casiano Hacker-Cordon (eds.), *Democracy's Edges* (Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press).

Oliver, D. and D. Heater (1994). *The Foundations of Citizenship*. London, Harvester Wheatsheaf.

Scholte, Jan Aart (2000), Globalization: A Critical Introduction (New York: St. Martin's).

Zolo, Danilo (1997), Cosmopolis: Prospects for World Government (Cambridge, UK: Polity Press).

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective): Understanding South Asia. Course Code: AHPLS- 504/ DSE- 2 (Students to choose one of the two courses)

#### **Essential Readings:**

Hewitt, V. (1992) 'Introduction', in The International Politics of South Asia. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp.1-10.

Hewitt, V. (2010) 'International Politics of South Asia' in Brass, P. (ed.) Routledge, Handbook of South Asian Politics. London: Routledge, pp.399-418.

Muni, S.D. (2003) 'South Asia as a Region', South Asian Journal, 1(1), August-September, pp. 1-6

Baxter, C. (ed.) (1986) The Government and Politics of South Asia. London: Oxford University Press, pp.376-394.

Baxter, C. (2010) 'Introduction', Brass, P. (ed.) Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics. London: Routledge, pp.1-24

De Silva, K.M. (2001) 'The Working of Democracy in South Asia', in Panandikar, V.A (ed.)

Problems of Governance in South Asia. New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research & Konark Publishing House, pp. 46-88.

Wilson, J. (2003) 'Sri Lanka: Ethnic Strife and the Politics of Space', in Coakley, J. (ed.) The Territorial Management of Ethnic Conflict. Oregon: Frank Cass, pp. 173-193.

Mendis, D. (2008) 'South Asian Democracies in Transition', in Mendis, D. (ed.) Electoral Processes and Governance in South Asia. New Delhi: Sage, pp.15-52.

Subramanyam, K. (2001) 'Military and Governance in South Asia', in V.A (ed.) Problems of Governance in South Asia. New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research & Konark Publishing House, pp.201-208.

Hachethi, K. and Gellner, D.N.(2010) 'Nepal: Trajectories of Democracy and Restructuring of the State', in Brass, P. (ed.) Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics. London: Routledge, pp. 131-146.

Kukreja, V. 2011. 'Federalism in Pakistan', in Saxena R. (ed.) Varieties of Federal Governance. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 104-130.

Jha, N.K. (2008) 'Domestic Turbulence in Nepal: Origin, Dimensions and India's Policy Options', in Kukreja, V. and Singh, M.P. (eds.) Democracy, Development and Discontent in South Asia. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 264-281.

Burki, S.J. (2010) 'Pakistan's Politics and its Economy', in Brass, P. (ed.) Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics. London: Routledge, pp. 83-97.

Kaul, N. (2008) 'Bearing Better Witness in Bhutan', Economic and Political Weekly, 13 September, pp. 67-69.

Phadnis, U.(1986) 'Ethnic Conflicts in South Asian States', in Muni, S.D. et.al. (eds.) Domestic Conflicts in South Asia: Political, Economic and Ethnic Dimensions. Vol. 2. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, pp.100-119.

Kukreja, V. (2003) Contemporary Pakistan. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 75-111 and 112-153.

Narayan, S. (2010) 'SAARC and South Asia Economic Integration', in Muni, S.D. (ed.)

Emerging dimensions of SAARC. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 32-50.

Muni, S.D. and Jetley, R. (2010) 'SAARC prospects: the Changing Dimensions', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) Emerging dimensions of SAARC. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 1-31.

Baral, L.R. (2006) 'Responding to Terrorism: Political and Social Consequences in South Asia', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) Responding to terrorism in South Asia. New Delhi: Manohar, pp.301-332.

Muni, S.D. (2006) 'Responding to Terrorism: An Overview', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) Responding to terrorism in South Asia. New Delhi: Manohar, pp.453-469.

Hoyt, T.D. (2005) 'The War on Terrorism: Implications for South Asia', in Hagerty, D.T. (ed.) South Asia in World Politics. Lanham: Roman and Littlefield Publishers, pp.281-295.



Lama, M. (2003) 'Poverty, Migration and Conflict: Challenges to Human Security in South Asia', in Chari, P.R. and Gupta, S. (eds.) Human Security in South Asia: Gender, Energy, Migration and Globalisation. New Delhi: Social Science Press, pp. 124-144

Acharya, J. and Bose, T.K. (2001) 'The New Search for a Durable Solution for Refugees: South Asia', in Samaddar, S. and Reifeld, H. (eds.) Peace as Process: Reconciliation and Conflict Resolution in South Asia. New Delhi: Vedams ,pp-137-157

Baxter, C. (ed.) (1986) The Government and Politics of South Asia. London: Oxford University Press.

Rizvi, G. (1993) South Asia in a Changing International Order. New Delhi: Sage.\_

Thakur, R. and Wiggin, O.(ed.) (2005) South Asia and the world. New Delhi: Bookwell.

Hagerty, D.T. (ed.) (2005) South Asia in World Politics, Oxford: Rowman and Littlefield.

Samaddar, R. (2002) 'Protecting the Victims of Forced Migration: Mixed Flows and Massive Flows', in Makenkemp, M. Tongern, P.V. and Van De Veen, H. (eds.) Searching for Peace in Central and South Asia. London: Lynne Reinner.\_Kukreja, V. and Singh, M.P. (eds) (2008)

Democracy, Development and Discontent in SouthAsia. New Delhi: Sage.

#### OR,

Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Social Movements in Contemporary India---Major Issues. Course Code: AHPLS-504/DSE-2 Essential Readings:

- A. Mozoomdar, (1994) 'The Rise and Decline of Development Planning in India', in T. Byres (ed.) *The State and Development Planning in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 73-108.
- A. Varshney, (2010) 'Mass Politics or Elite Politics? Understanding the Politics of India's Economic Reforms' in R. Mukherji (ed.) *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 146-169.
- P. Chatterjee, (2000) 'Development Planning and the Indian State', in Zoya Hasan (ed.), *Politics and the State in India*, New Delhi: Sage, pp.116-140.
- P. Patnaik and C. Chandrasekhar, (2007) 'India: Dirigisme, Structural Adjustment, and the Radical Alternative', in B. Nayar (ed.), *Globalization and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 218-240.
- P. Bardhan, (2005) 'Epilogue on the Political Economy of Reform in India', in *The Political Economy of Development in India*. 6th impression, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

- T. Singh, (1979) 'The Planning Process and Public Process: a Reassessment', R. R. Kale Memorial Lecture, Pune: Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics.
- A. Aggarwal, (2006) 'Special Economic Zones: Revisiting the Policy Debate', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI (43-44), pp.4533-36.
- B. Nayar (1989) *India's Mixed Economy: The Role of Ideology and its Development*, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- F. Frankel, (2005) 'Crisis of National Economic Planning', in *India's Political Economy* (1947-2004): The Gradual Revolution, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-340.
- L. Fernandes, (2007) *India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Economic Reform*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- S. Shyam, (2003) 'Organizing the Unorganized', in *Seminar*, [Footloose Labour: A Symposium on Livelihood Struggles of the Informal Workforce, 531] pp. 47-53.
- S. Chowdhury, (2007) 'Globalization and Labour', in B. Nayar (ed.) *Globalization and Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.516-526.
- V. Chibber, (2005) 'From Class Compromise to Class Accommodation: Labor's Incorporation into the Indian Political Economy' in R. Ray, and M.F. Katzenstein (eds.) *SocialMovements in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 32-60.
- A. Desai, (ed.), (1986) Agrarian Struggles in India After Independence, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. xi-xxxvi
- F. Frankel, (1971) *India's Green Revolution: Economic Gains and Political Costs*, Princeton and New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
- F. Frankel, (2009) *Harvesting Despair: Agrarian Crisis in India*, Delhi: Perspectives, pp. 161-169.
- J. Harriss, (2006) 'Local Power and the Agrarian Political Economy' in Harriss, J. (ed) *Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in India*, Delhi. Oxford University Press, pp. 29-32.
- K. Suri, (2006) 'Political economy of Agrarian Distress', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI(16) pp. 1523-1529.
- P. Joshi, (1979) Land Reforms in India: Trends and Perspectives, New Delhi: Allied publishers.
- P. Appu, (1974) 'Agrarian Structure and Rural Development', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, IX (39), pp.70 75.
- P. Sainath, (2010) 'Agrarian Crisis and Farmers', Suicide', *Occasional Publication*22, New Delhi: India International Centre (IIC).



- M. Sidhu, (2010) 'Globalisation vis-à-vis Agrarian Crisis in India', in R. Deshpande and S.
- Arora, (eds.) Agrarian Crises and Farmer Suicides (Land Reforms in India Series), New Delhi: Sage, pp. 149-174.
- V. Sridhar, (2006) 'Why Do Farmers Commit Suicide? The Case Study of Andhra Pradesh', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI (16).
- G. Haragopal, and K. Balagopal, (1998) 'Civil Liberties Movement and the State in India', in
- M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O. Tornquist, (eds.) *People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World* New Delhi: Sage, pp. 353-371.
- M. Mohanty, (2002) 'The Changing Definition of Rights in India', in S. Patel, J. Bagchi, and K. Raj (eds.) *Thinking Social Sciences in India: Essays in Honour of Alice Thorner* Patel, New Delhi: Sage.
- G. Omvedt, (2012) 'The Anti-caste Movement and the Discourse of Power', in N. Jayal (ed.) *Democracy in India*, New Delhi: Oxford India Paperbacks, sixth impression, pp.481-508.
- P. Ramana, (2011) 'India's Maoist Insurgency: Evolution, Current Trends and Responses', in M. Kugelman (ed.) *India's Contemporary Security Challenges*, Woodrow Wilson International Centre for Scholars Asia Programme, Washington D.C., pp.29-47.
- A. Ray, (1996) 'Civil Rights Movement and Social Struggle in India', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XXI (28). pp. 1202-1205.
- A. Roy, (2010) 'The Women's Movement', in N.Jayal and P. Mehta (eds.) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.409-422.
- N. Sundar, (2011) 'At War with Oneself: Constructing Naxalism as India's Biggest Security Threat', in M. Kugelman (ed.) *India's Contemporary Security Challenges*, Woodrow Wilson International Centre for Scholars Asia Programme, Washington D.C., pp.46-68.
- M. Weiner, (2001) 'The Struggle for Equality: Caste in Indian Politics', in A.Kohli. (ed.) *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge: CUP, pp.193-225.
- S. Sinha, (2002) 'Tribal Solidarity Movements in India: A Review', in G. Shah. (ed.) *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 251-266.
- S. Banerjee, (1986) 'Naxalbari in Desai', in A.R. (ed.) *Agrarian Struggles in India After Independence*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.566-588.
- B. Nayar, (ed.), (2007) Globalization and Politics in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- S. Roy and K. Debal, (2004) *Peasant Movements in Post-Colonial India: Dynamics of Mobilization and Identity*, Delhi: Sage.



- G. Omvedt, (1983) Reinventing Revolution, New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India, New York: Sharpe.
- G. Shah, (ed.), (2002) Social Movements and the State. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- G. Shah, (2004) Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- G. Rath, (ed.), (2006) *Tribal development in India: The Contemporary Debate*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- J. Harris, (2009) *Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in India*. Delhi: Oxford University press.
- K. Suresh, (ed.), (1982) Tribal Movements in India, Vol I and II, New Delhi: Manohar.
- M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O.Tornquist, (1998) *People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World.* New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- M. Rao, (ed.), (1978) Social Movements in India, Vol. 2, Delhi: Manohar.
- N. Jayal, and P. Mehta, (eds.), (2010) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- P. Bardhan, (2005) *The Political Economy of Development in India*, 6th impression, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- R. Mukherji, (ed.), (2007) *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- R, Ray and M. Katzenstein, (eds.), (2005) *Social Movements in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- S. Chakravarty, (1987) *Development Planning: The Indian Experience*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

#### **SEMESTER- VI**

# Course Title (Core Course): Public Policy and Administration in India. Course Code: AHPLS-601/C-13

#### **Essential Readings:**

Jenkins, B. (1997) 'Policy Analysis: Models and Approaches' in Hill, M. (1997) *The Policy Process: A Reader* (2nd Edition). London: Prentice Hall, pp. 30-40.

Dye, T.R. (2002) *Understanding Public Policy*. Tenth Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp.1-9, 32-56 and 312-329.

## 3

#### BANKURA UNIVERSITY, B.A. (HONOURS) POLITICAL SCIENCE CBCS SYLLABUS, 2017-18

Sapru, R.K.(1996) *Public Policy : Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 26-46.

IGNOU. Public Policy Analysis. MPA-015. New Delhi: IGNOU, pp. 15-26 and 55-64.

Wildavsky, A.(2004), 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS' in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) *Classics of Public Administration*. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.271-284.

Dunleavy, P. and O'Leary, B. (1987) Theories of the State. London: Routledge.

McClennan, G. (1997) 'The Evolution of Pluralist Theory' in Hill, M. (ed.) *The Policy Process:* 

A Reader. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-61.

Simmie, J. & King, R. (eds.) (1990) *The State in Action: Public Policy and Politics*. London: Printer Publication, pp.3-21 and 171-184.

Skocpol, T. et al (eds.) (1985) *Bringing the State Back In*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 3-43 and 343-366.

Dye, T.R. (2002) Understanding Public Policy. 10th Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp.11-31.

Lukes, S. (1986) *Power*. Basil: Oxford, pp. 28-36.

Lukes, S. (1997) 'Three Distinctive Views of Power Compared', in Hill, M. (ed.), *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 45-52.

Giddens, A. (1998) *The Third Way: The Renewal of Social Democracy*. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 27-64 and 99-118.

Hogwood, B. & Gunn, L. (1984) *Policy Analysis for the Real World*. U.K: Oxford University Press, pp. 42-62.

Sabatier, P.L. & Mazmanian, D. (1979) 'The Conditions of Effective Policy Implementation', in *Policy Analysis*, vol. 5, pp. 481-504.

Smith, G. & May, D. (1997) 'The Artificial Debate between Rationalist and Incrementalist Models of Decision-making', in Hill, M. *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 163-174.

IGNOU. Public Policy Analysis. MPA-015, New Delhi: IGNOU, pp. 38-54.

Henry, N.(1999) *Public Administration and Public Affairs*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp. 346-368.

Basu Rumki (2015) Public Administration in India Handates, Performance and Future Perspectives, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.



Self, P. (1993) *Government by the Market? The Politics of Public Choice*. Basingstoke: MacMillan, pp. 1-20,70-105,113-146,198-231 and 262-277.

Girden, E.J. (1987) 'Economic Liberalisation in India: The New Electronics Policy' in *Asian Survey*. California University Press. Volume 27, No.11. Available at -www.jstor.org/stable/2644722.

Course Title (Core Course): Research Methodology

Course Code: AHPLS-602/C-14

#### **Essential Readings:**

Babbie, E. et al. (2012). *Adventures in Social Research: Data Analysis Using SPSS 14.0 and 15.0 for Windows*, (8th ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Pine Forge Press.

Bryman, A. (2012). Social research methods, (4th edition). London: Oxford University Press.

Creswell, J. W. (2007). *Qualitative Inquiry & Research Design, Choosing among Five Approaches*. London: Sage Publications.

Krathwohl, D. R. (1988). How to prepare a research proposal: Guidelines for funding and dissertations in the social and behavioral sciences. Syracuse, NY: Syracuse University Press.

Gideon, L. (Ed.). (2012). Handbook of Survey Methodology for the Social Sciences. Springer.

Cooley, L., & Lewkowicz, J. (2003). Dissertation Writing in Practice: Turning Ideas into Text. Aberdeen: Hong Kong University Press.

Garfield, E. (1996). When to Cite. The Library Quarterly: Information, Community, Policy, 66(4), pp. 449-458.

Hall, P. (1990). Helpful Hints for Writing Dissertations in Comparative Politics. PS: Political Science and Politics, 23(4), pp. 596-598.

Knopf, J. (2006). Doing a Literature Review. PS: Political Science and Politics, 39(1), pp. 127-132.

L'Eplattenier, B. (2009). An Argument for Archival Research Methods: Thinking Beyond Methodology. College English, 72(1), pp. 67-79.

Thatcher, S. (2008). In Luey, B. (Ed.). Revising Your Dissertation: Advice from Leading. University of California Press.

Abdulai, R. T., & Owusu-Ansah, A. (2014). Essential Ingredients of a Good Research Proposal for Undergraduate and Postgraduate Students in the Social Sciences. Sage Open.

Abutabenjeh, S., & Jaradat, R. (2018). Clarification of research design, research methods, and research methodology: A guide for public administration researchers and practitioners. Teaching Public Administration, 36(3), pp. 237–258.



Creswell, J. W. (2003). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. Sage Publications.

Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): India's Foreign Policy

Course Code: AHPLS-603/DSE-3 (Students to choose one of the two courses)

#### **Essential Readings:**

S. Ganguly and M. Pardesi, (2009) 'Explaining Sixty Years of India's Foreign Policy', in *India Review*, Vol. 8 (1), pp. 4–19.

Ch. Ogden, (2011) 'International 'Aspirations' of a Rising Power', in David Scott (ed.), *Handbook of India's International Relations*, London: Routeledge, pp.3-31

W. Anderson, (2011) 'Domestic Roots of Indian Foreign Policy', in W. Anderson, *Trysts with Democracy: Political Practice in South Asia*, Anthem Press: University Publishing Online.

- J. Bandhopadhyaya, (1970) *The Making Of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- S. Mehrotra, (1990) 'Indo-Soviet Economic Relations: Geopolitical and Ideological Factors', in *India and the Soviet Union: Trade and Technology Transfer*, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge, pp. 8-28.
- R. Hathaway, (2003) 'The US-India Courtship: From Clinton to Bush', in S. Ganguly (ed.), *India as an Emerging Power*, Frank Cass: Portland.
- A. Singh, (1995) 'India's Relations with Russia and Central Asia', in *International Affairs*, Vol. 71 (1): 69-81.
- M. Zafar, (1984), 'Chapter 1', in *India and the Superpowers: India's Political Relations with the Superpowers in the 1970s*, Dhaka, University Press.
- H. Pant, (2008) 'The U.S.-India Entente: From Estrangement to Engagement', in H. Pant, Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy: India Negotiates Its Rise in the International System, Palgrave Macmillan: London.
- D. Mistry, (2006) 'Diplomacy, Domestic Politics, and the U.S.-India Nuclear Agreement', in *Asian Survey*, Vol. 46 (5), pp. 675-698.
- H. Pant, (2011) 'India's Relations with China', in D. Scott (ed.), *Handbook of India's International Relations*, London: Routeledge, pp. 233-242.
- A. Tellis and S. Mirski, (2013) 'Introduction', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), *Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order*, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- S. Raghavan, (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: India's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), *Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order*, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- Li Li, (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: China's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), *Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order*, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- S. Muni, (2003) 'Problem Areas in India's Neighbourhood Policy', in *South Asian Survey*, Vol. 10 (2), pp. 185-196.
- S. Cohen, (2002) *India: Emerging Power*, Brookings Institution Press.V. Sood, (2009) 'India and regional security interests', in Alyssa Ayres and C. Raja Mohan (eds), *Power realignments in Asia: China, India, and the United States*, New Delhi: Sage.
- M. Pardesi, (2005) 'Deducing India's Grand Strategy of Regional Hegemony from Historical and Conceptual Perspectives', IDSS Working Paper, 76, Available at http://www.rsis.edu.sg/publications/WorkingPapers/WP76.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013.

- D. Scott, (2009) 'India's "Extended Neighbourhood" Concept: Power Projection for a Rising Power, in *India Review*, Vol. 8 (2), pp. 107-143
- S. Cohen, (2002) 'The World View of India's Strategic Elite', in S. Cohen, *India: Emerging Power*, Brookings Institution Press, pp. 36-65.
- A. Narlikar, (2007) 'All that Glitters is not Gold: India's Rise to Power', in *Third World Quarterly*, Vol. 28 (5) pp. 983 996.
- N. Dubash, (2012) 'The Politics of Climate Change in India: Narratives of Enquiry and Cobenefits', Working Paper, New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research.
- N. Jayaprakash, (2000) 'Nuclear Disarmament and India', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 35 (7), pp. 525-533.
- P. Bidwai, (2005) 'A Deplorable Nuclear Bargain', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 40 (31), pp. 3362-3364.
- A. Anant, (2011) 'India and International Terrorism', in D. Scott (ed.), *Handbook of India's International Relations*, London: Routledge, pp. 266-277.
- R. Rajgopalan and V. Sahni (2008), 'India and the Great Powers: Strategic Imperatives, Normative Necessities', in *South Asian Survey*, Vol. 15 (1), pp. 5–32.
- C. Mohan, (2013) 'Changing Global Order: India's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), *Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order*, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- A. Narlikar, (2006) 'Peculiar Chauvinism or Strategic Calculation? Explaining the Negotiating Strategy of a Rising India', in *International Affairs*, Vol. 82 (1), pp. 59-76.
- P. Mehta, (2009) 'Still Under Nehru's Shadow? The Absence of Foreign Policy Frameworks in India', in *India Review*, Vol. 8 (3), pp. 209–233.

#### **Online Resources:**

Government of India's Ministry of External Relations website at http://www.mea.gov.in/ and specially its library which provides online resources at http://mealib.nic.in/

The Council of Foreign Relations has a regularly updated blog on India's foreign policy:

http://www.cfr.org/region/india/ri282 Centre for Policy Research's blog on IR and strategic affairs though it is not exclusively on India's foreign policy.

http://www.cprindia.org/blog/international- relations-and-security-blog

Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses: http://www.idsa.in/



Research and Information System: www.ris.org.in/

Indian Council of World Affairs: www.icwa.in/

Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies: www.ipcs.org/

Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations: www.icrier.org/

#### Or,

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Women, Power and Politics. Course Code: AHPLS-603 /DSE- 3

#### **Essential Readings:**

- T. Shinde, (1993) 'Stree Purusha Tulna', in K. Lalitha and Susie Tharu (eds), *Women Writing in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, pp. 221-234
- U. Chakravarti, (2001) 'Pitrasatta Par ek Note', in S. Arya, N. Menon & J. Lokneeta (eds.) *Naarivaadi Rajneeti: Sangharsh evam Muddey*, University of Delhi: Hindi Medium Implementation Board, pp.1-7
- V Geetha, (2002) Gender, Kolkata, Stree, pp. 1-20
- M. Kosambi, (2007) Crossing the Threshold, New Delhi, Permanent Black, pp. 3-10; 40-46
- N. Menon, (2008) 'Power', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp.148-157
- B. Hooks, (2010) 'Feminism: A Movement to End Sexism', in C. Mc Cann and S. Kim (eds), *The Feminist Reader: Local and Global Perspectives*, New York: Routledge, pp. 51-57
- R. Delmar, (2005) 'What is Feminism?', in W. Kolmar & F. Bartkowski (eds) *Feminist Theory: A Reader*, pp. 27-37
- R. Palriwala, (2008) 'Economics and Patriliny: Consumption and Authority within the Household' in M. John. (ed) *Women's Studies in India*, New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 414-423.
- U. Chakravarti, (2003) Gendering Caste through a Feminist Len, Kolkata, Stree, pp. 139-159.
- C. MacKinnon, 'The Liberal State' from *Towards a Feminist Theory of State*, Available at http://fair-use.org/catharine-mackinnon/toward-a-feminist-theory-of-the-state/chapter-8,

Accessed: 19.04.2013.

I. Agnihotri and V. Mazumdar, (1997) 'Changing the Terms of Political Discourse: Women's Movement in India, 1970s-1990s', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 30 (29), pp. 1869-1878.

- R. Kapur, (2012) 'Hecklers to Power? The Waning of Liberal Rights and Challenges to Feminism in India', in A. Loomba *South Asian Feminisms*, Durham and London: Duke University Press, pp. 333-355.
- N. Menon, (2004) 'Sexual Violence: Escaping the Body', in *Recovering Subversion*, New Delhi: Permanent Black, pp. 106-165.
- P. Swaminathan, (2012) 'Introduction', in *Women and Work*, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan, pp.1-17
- J. Tronto, (1996) 'Care as a Political Concept', in N. Hirschmann and C. Stephano, *Revisioning the Political*, Boulder: Westview Press, pp. 139-156

Darbar Mahila Samanwaya Committee, Kolkata (2011) 'Why the so-called Immoral Traffic (Preventive) Act of India Should be Repealed', in P. Kotiswaran, *Sex Work*, New Delhi, Women Unlimited, pp. 259-262.

- N. Jameela, (2011) 'Autobiography of a Sex Worker', in P. Kotiswaran, *Sex Work*, New Delhi: Women Unlimited, pp. 225-241.
- J. Ghosh, (2009) *Never Done and Poorly Paid: Women's Work in Globalising India*, Delhi: Women Unlimited *Justice Verma Committee Report*, Available at http://nlrd.org/womens-rightsinitiative/justice-verma-committee-report-download-full-report, Accessed: 19.04.2013.
- N. Gandhi and N. Shah, (1992) *Issues at Stake Theory and Practice in the Women's Movement*. New Delhi: Kali for Women.
- V. Bryson, (1992) Feminist Political Theory, London: Palgrave-MacMillan, pp. 175-180; 196-200
- M. Mies, (1986) 'Colonisation and Housewifisation', in *Patriarchy and Accumulation on a World Scale* London: Zed, pp. 74-111, Available at http://caringlabor.wordpress.com/2010/12/29/maria-mies-colonization-andhousewifization/,

Accessed: 19.04.2013.

- R. Ghadially, (2007) Urban Women in Contemporary India, Delhi: Sage Publications.
- S. Brownmiller, (1975) Against our Wills, New York: Ballantine.

Saheli Women's Centre (2001) 'Reproductive Health and Women's Rights, Sex Selection and feminist response' in S Arya, N. Menon, J. Lokneeta (eds), *Nariwadi Rajneeti*, Delhi, pp. 284-306

- V. Bryson (2007) Gender and the Politics of Time, Bristol: Polity Press Readings in Hindi:
- D. Mehrotra, (2001) Bhartiya Mahila Andolan: Kal, Aaj aur Kal, Delhi: Books for Change



- G. Joshi, (2004) *Bharat Mein Stree Asmaanta: Ek Vimarsh*, University of Delhi: Hindi Medium Implementation Board.
- N. Menon (2008) 'Power', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds) *Political Theory: An Introduction*, New Delhi: Pearson
- N. Menon (2008) 'Gender', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds) *Political Theory: An Introduction*, New Delhi, Pearson.
- R. Upadhyay and S. Upadhyay (eds.) (2004) Aaj ka Stree Andolan, Delhi: Shabd Sandhan.
- S. Arya, N. Menon and J. Lokneeta (eds.) (2001) *Naarivaadi Rajneeti: Sangharsh evam Muddey*, University of Delhi: Hindi Medium Implementation Board.

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Political Sociology. Course Code: AHPLS-604/DSE-4 (Students to choose one of the two courses) Essential Readings:

A.K.Mukhopadhyay 1980. Political Sociology, K.P.Begchi & Company. Calcutta.

Ashaf, Ali and Sharma B.N. 2001. Political Sociology, University Press, Hyderabad.

Bhattacharya, D.C. Political Sociology.

Baral, J.K. Political Sociology

Bottomore, T. 1975. Political Sociology, Blackie & Sons, Bombay.

Lipset S.M. 1983. Modern Political Analysis, Printice Hall, New Delhi

Dhal, Robert A, Who Governs.

#### Or,

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Course): Dilemmas in Politics. Course Code: AHPLS-604/ DSE-4

#### **Essential Readings:**

Gunn, R. (1993) 'Politics and Violence', in Bellamy, R. (ed.) *Theories and Concepts in Politics: An Introduction*. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 265-292.

Tilly, Ch. (2003) *Politics of Collective Violence*. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-54.

Ungar, M., Bermanzohn, S. A. and Worcester, K. (2002) 'Violence and Politics' in Ungar, M.,

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Bermanzohn, S. A. and Worcester, K. (eds.) *Violence and Politics: Globalization's Paradox*. New York: Routledge, pp. 1-12.

Fanon, F. (1963) The Wretched of the Earth. New York: Grove Press.

Sen, A. (2000) *Social Exclusion: Concept, Application, and Scrutiny*. Social Development Papers No. 1 (June), Asian Development Bank.

Orend, B. (2002) *Human Rights: Concept and Context*. Peterborough: Broadview Press, pp.15-190.

Byrre, D. J. (2003) *Human Rights*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 1-71.

Eckersley, R. (1992) *Environmentalism and Political Theory: Towards an Ecocentric Approach*, London: UCL Press, pp. 1-71.

Clark, M. (1993) 'Environmentalism', in Bellamy, R. (ed.) *Theories and Concepts in Politics: An Introduction*. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 243-264.

Bryant, R. L. & Bailey, S. (1997) *Third World Political Ecology: An Introduction*, London: Routledge, pp. 27-47.

Jamieson, D. (2008) 'Environment', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 313-335.

Sen, A. (1995) *Inequality Reexamined*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 39-55, 73-87.

Sen, A.(1998) Development as Freedom. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 87-110.

Weissberg, R. (1999) *The Politics of Empowerment*. London: Greeenwood Publishing Group, pp. 1-86

Fabre, C. (2007) Justice in a Changing World. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 95-112.

Held, D. (2005) 'Principles of Cosmopolitan Order', in Brock, G. and Brighouse, H. (eds.) *The Political Philosophy of Cosmopolitanism*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 10-38.

Sypnowich, Ch. (2005) 'Cosmopolitans, Cosmopolitanism and Human Flourishing', in Brock, G. and Brighouse, H. (eds.) *The Political Philosophy of Cosmopolitanism*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 55-74.

Jaggar, A. (1983) *Feminist Politics and Human Nature*. Forbes Boulevard: Rowman and Litlefield, pp. 1-13; 353-394.

Chambers, C. (2008) 'Gender', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 265-288.



Keohane, R. O. (2003) 'Introduction', in Holzgrefe, J. L. and Keohane, R. O. (eds.), *Humanitarian Intervention: Ethical, Legal and Political Dilemmas.* New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-14.

Holzgrefe, J.L. (2003) 'The Humanitarian Debate', in Holzgrefe, J. L. and Keohane, R. O. (eds.) *Humanitarian Intervention: Ethical, Legal and Political Dilemmas*. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp.15-53.

Farer, J. T. (2003), 'Humanitarian Intervention before September 9/11: legality and legitimacy', Holzgrefe, J. L. and Keohane, R. O.(eds.) *Humanitarian Intervention: Ethical, Legal and Political Dilemmas*. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 54-92.

Teson, F.R. (2003) 'The Liberal case for Humanitarian Intervention', in Holzgrefe, J. L. and Keohane, R. O.(eds.) *Humanitarian Intervention: Ethical, Legal and Political Dilemmas*. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 93-129.

Coady, C.A.J. (2008) 'War and Intervention', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 56-79.



# COURSE STRUCTURE UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) FOR

SEM- I, SEM-II, SEM-III, SEM- IV, SEM- V, SEM- VI

IN

## **B.A.** (PROGRAMME) POLITICAL SCIENCE

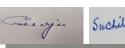
DRAFT SYLLABUS



(w.e.f. ACADEMIC SESSION)

BANKURA UNIVERSITY
P.O- PURANDARPUR, DIST- BANKURA
WEST BENGAL, INDIA, PIN- 722 155.

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# B.A. (PROGRAMME) POLITICAL SCIENCE

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### DETAILS SEMESTER WISE COURSE STRUCTURE

TOTAL MARKS = 1200

SEMESTER - 6

CREDITS =122

COURSES	SEM I	SEM II	SEM III	SEM IV	SEM V	SEM VI	TOTAL
CORE COURSES	18	18	18	18	-	-	72
DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE	-	-	-	-	12	12	24
GENERIC ELECTIVE / INTERDICIPLINARY COURSE	-	-	-	-	6	6	12
ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE (AECC)	4	2	-	-	-	-	6
SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)	-	-	2	2	2	2	8
TOTAL	22	20	20	20	20	20	122















# B.A. (PROGRAMME) POLITICAL SCIENCE

## $\underline{SEMESTER-I}$

Course	Course Title	Credit	Credit Marks			No. of Hours		
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
APPLS- 101/C-1A	Introduction to Political Theory	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
102/C-2A	Discipline – 2	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
ACP/103/C- MIL-1	MIL-1 (Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	6	10	40	50	05	01	-
ACSHP/104/ AECC-1	Environmental Studies	4	10	40	50	04	-	
Tot	22	40	160	200	19	03		

## SEMESTER -II

Course	Course	Credit		Marks			lo. of Hou	rs.
Code	Title		I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
APPLS- 201C-1B	Indian Government & Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	
202 C-2B	Discipline –	6	10	40	50	05	01	
ACP 203/C-E- 1	Eng-1	6	10	40	50	05	01	
ACSHP 204/AECC-2	Eng./MIL	2	10	40	50	02	-	
Total in S	Semester - II	20	40	160	200	17	03	



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## <u>SEMESTER – III</u>

Course	Course Title	Credit	it Marks			No. of Hours		
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
APPLS- 301/C-1C	Comparative Government & Politics	6	10	40	50	05	01	
302C-2C	Discipline – 2	6	10	40	50	05	01	
ACP/303C- MIL-2	MIL-2 (Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	6	10	40	50	05	01	
APPLS- 305/SEC-1	Legislative Support	2	10	40	50	02	-	
Tota	20	40	160	200	17	03		

## **SEMESTER – IV**

Course	Course	Credit	Marks No.			o. of Hours		
Code	Title		I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
APPLS 401/C-1D	International Relations	6	10	40	50	05	01	
402/C-2D	Discipline –	6	10	40	50	05	01	
ACP/403/C- E-2	Eng-2	6	10	40	50	05	01	
APPLS 405SEC-2	Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy	2	10	40	50	02	-	
Total in Semester – IV		20	40	160	200	17	03	















## SEMESTER - V

Course	Course Title	Credit	t Marks		No. of Hours			
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
APPLS- 501/DSE- 1A	Administration & Public Policy: Concepts & Theories	6	10	40	50	05	01	
502DSE- 2A	Discipline – 2	6	10	40	50	05	01	
APPLS- 503/GE-1	Human Rights, Gender and Environment (to be opted by students from other departments)	6	10	40	50	05	01	
APPLS- 504/SEC- 3	Public Opinion & Survey Research	2	10	40	50	2		
Total in	Semester – V	20	40	160	200	17	03	













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### <u>SEMESTER – VI</u>

Course Title		Credit		Marks		No. of Hours			
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.	
APPLS- 601/DSE- 1B	Democracy & Governance	6	10	40	50	05	01		
602DSE- 2B	Discipline –	6	10	40	50	05	01		
APPLS- 603/GE-2	Reading Gandhi (to be opted	6	10	40	50	05	01		
	by students from other departments)								
APPLS- 604/SEC- 4	Conflict and Peace Building	2	10	40	50	2			
Total in S	Semester – VI	20	40	160	200	17	03		

AP= Arts Programme/Pass, ACP= Arts Commerce Pass, ACSHP= Arts Commerce Science Honours Pass, PLS= Political Science, C= Core Course, E= English, MIL= Modern Indian Language, AECC= Ability Enhancement Compulsory, SEC= Skill Enhancement Course, GE= Generic Elective, DSE= Discipline Specific Elective, IA= Internal Assessment, ESE= End-Semester Examination, Lec.= Lecture, Tu.= Tutorial, and Pr.=Practical











#### B.A. (PROGRAMME) POLITICAL SCIENCE

#### SEMESTER- I

**Course Title (Core Course): Introduction to Political Theory** 

Course Code: APPLS-101/C-1A

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course aims to introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in political theory and the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the concepts.

- 1. Meaning of Politics
- b. Political Theory and its relevance
- 2. Concepts: Democracy, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Rights, Gender.
- 3. Nation and State: Meaning & difference.
- 4. Theories of State: Contractual, Idealist, Marxist & Gandhian.
- 5. Debates in Political Theory:
- a. Is democracy compatible with economic growth?
- b. Does protective discrimination violate principles of fairness?

#### **Essential Readings:**

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-17.

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Achar Sriranjani, V. (2008) 'Liberty', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 40-57.

Acharya, A. (2008) 'Equality', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 58-73.

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Menon, K. (2008) Justice', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 74-82.

Talukdar, P.S. (2008) 'Rights', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 88-105.

Srinivasan, J. (2008) 'Democracy', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 106-128.

Roy, A. 'Citizenship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 130-147.

Das, S. (2008) 'State', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi:Pearson Longman, pp. 170-187.

Singh, M. (2008) 'Civil Society', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 188-205.

Menon, N. (2008) 'Gender', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 224-235.

Shorten, A. (2008) 'Nation and State', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: OxfordUniversity Press, pp. 33-55.

Christiano, Thomas. (2008) 'Democracy', in McKinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 80-96.

Riley, J. (2008) 'Liberty', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 103-125.

Casal, P. & William, A. (2008) 'Equality', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 149-165.

Wolf, J. (2008) 'Social Justice', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 172-193.

Brighouse, H. (2008) 'Citizenship', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 241-259.

Chambers, C. (2008) 'Gender', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 241-288.

Swift, A. (2001) *Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Students and Politicians*. Cambridge: Polity Press.



Sen, A. (2003) 'Freedom Favours Development,' in Dahl, R., Shapiro, I. and Cheibub, A. J. (eds.) The Democracy Sourcebook. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press, pp. 444-446.

Prezowrski, A., et al. (2003) 'Political Regimes and Economic Growth,' in Dahl, R., Shapiro, I. and Cheibub, A. J. (eds.) The Democracy Sourcebook. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press, pp. 447-454.

Sethi, A. (2008) 'Freedom of Speech and the Question of Censorship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 308-319.

Acharya, A. (2008) 'Affirmative Action', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 298-307.

Frances E O. (1985) 'The Myth of State Intervention in the Family', University of Michigan Journal of Law Reform. 18 (4), pp. 835-64.

Jha, M. (2001) 'Ramabai: Gender and Caste', in Singh, M.P. and Roy, H. (eds.) *Indian Political* Thought: Themes and Thinkers, New Delhi: Pearson.

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#### SEMESTER- II

**Course Title (Core Course): Indian Government and Politics** 

Course Code: APPLS-201C-1B

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This paper focuses on the political processes and the functioning of the political system. It studies in detail the political structure both Constitutional and Administrative. It emphasizes on social stratification of castes. The major contradictions of the Indian Political Process are to be critically analyzed in this course.

- 1) Indian Constitution: basic features, debates on Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.
- 2) Indian Federalism: Basic features; Centre-State relations (Legislative, Executive and Financial)
- 3) Executive in India: President & Prime Minister; Governor and Chief Minister
- 4) Legislature in India: Union Parliament, Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council
- 5) Judiciary in India: Supreme Court and High Court; Judicial Activism
- 6) Election Commission: Composition and Functions
- 7) Party systems in India: Key features; Major Parties (Indian National Congress, Bharatiya Janata Party, The Communist Parties)

#### **Essential Readings:**

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Sage.

Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) *India After Independence*. New Delhi: Penguin.

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Dr. Hiregowdader B.C. and Maheshwarappa G. Indian Constitution: An Introduction. Orient Blackswan.



Singh, M.P. & Saxena, R. (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

Vanaik, A. & Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives*. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989*. London: Zed Book.

Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Austin, G. (2004) Working of a Democratic Constitution of India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) *Oxford Companion to Indian Politics*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

"The Oxford Companion to Politics in India" (Student Edition) by Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta. 2011.

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Branata Bhaltacharga



#### SEMESTER- III

Course Title (Core Course): Comparative Government and Politics

Course Code: APPLS-301/C-1C

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The purpose of this course is to familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. More specifically the course will focus on examining politics in a historical framework while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries.

# **Unit I: Understanding Comparative Government & Politics**

- a. The nature, scope and methods of comparative political analysis.
- b. Approaches: Political System, Institutionalism and New institutionalism, Political Culture, Political Development

#### **Unit III: Classifications of Political Systems**

- a. Parliamentary and Presidential: UK and USA.
- b. Federal and Unitary: USA and France.

#### **Unit IV: Electoral Systems:**

- a. Theories of representation: First past the post, proportional representation, mixed systems
- b. Comparing democratic systems: USA, UK & France

#### **Unit V: Party System:**

- a. Meaning and Typologies of the Party System
- b. Comparing Party system: USA, UK & France

# **Essential Readings:**

Bara, J & Pennington, M. (eds.). (2009) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage.

Caramani, D. (ed.). (2008) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

BANKURA UNIVERSITY B.A. (PROGRAMME) POLITICAL SCIENCE CBCS SYLLABUS 2017-18 Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2010) Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction. (Eight Edition). London: Palgrave McMillan.

Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.). (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage.



Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

O'Neil, P. (2009) Essentials of Comparative Politics. (Third Edition). New York: WW. Norton & Company, Inc.

Palekar, S.A. (2009) Comparative Government and Politics. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Dhillon, Michael. (2009), 'Government and Politics', in *Contemporary China: An Introduction*. London, New York: Routledge, 2009, pp. 137-160.

Mukherjee, Subrata and Ramaswamy, Sushila *Theoretical Foundations of Comparative Politics*, New Delhi, Orient BlackSwan. 2017.

#### SEMESTER- III

Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Legislative Support

Course Code: APPLS-305/SEC-1

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Aim of the course:** To acquaint the student broadly with the legislative process in India at various levels, introduce them to the requirements of peoples' representatives and provide elementary skills to be part of a legislative support team.

Rationale: Peoples' representatives need support for the multiple tasks they are supposed to undertake. The need to understand complex policy issues, draft new legislation, track and analyse ongoing bills, make speeches and floor statements, write articles and press releases, attend legislative meetings, conduct meetings with various stakeholders, monitor media and public developments, manage constituent relations and handle inter-office communications. All over the world, elected representatives have an office with specialized support team to carry out these tasks.

In India this has just begun. With about 5000 MPs and MLAs, and more than 30 lakhs representatives at the Panchayati Raj level, there is a vast need that needs to be responded to. This course will equip the students with basic skills for this task and expose them to real life legislative work. It will build their skills and deepen their understanding of the political process

#### I. Legislative Process:

Question: Rules of Putting Questions to the Minister: Types of Questions (written and verbal; supplementary).

Others: Rules Relating to Calling Attention, Mention, Adjournment, Resolution, Discussion including Short Discussion, Censure and No-Confidence.

How a bill becomes law, role of the Standing committee in reviewing a bill, legislative consultants, the framing of rules and regulations.



# **II. Supporting the Legislative Committees:**

Types of committees, role of committees in reviewing government finances, policy, programmes, and legislation.

# **III. Reading the Budget Document:**

Overview of Budget Process, Role of Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget, Examination of Demands for Grants of Ministries, Working of Ministries.

# **Essential Readings:**

Madhavan, M.R. & N.Wahi *Financing of Election Campaigns* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delh, 2008:

http://www.prsindia.org/uploads/media/conference/Campaign\_finance\_brief.pdf

Vanka, S. *Primer on MPLADS* Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, 2008. can be accessed on: http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/mplads-487/

Kalra, H. *Public Engagement with the Legislative Process* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, 2011. can be accessed on:

http://www.prsindia.org/administrator/uploads/media/Conference% 202011

/Public%20Engagement%20with%20the%20Legislative%20Process.pdf

Government of India (Lok Sabha Secretariat) *Parliamentary Procedures (Abstract Series*), 2009. Can be accessed on: http://164.100.47.132/LssNew/abstract/index.aspx

Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs) *Legislation, Parliamentary Procedure*, 2009. Can be accessed on:

http://mpa.nic.in/Manual/Manual English/Chapter/chapter-09.htm

Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs) *Subordinate Legislation*, *Parliamentary Procedure*, 2009. Can be accessed on:

http://mpa.nic.in/Manual/Manual\_English/Chapter/chapter-11.htm

Kapur, Devesh and Pratap Banu Mehta, "The Indian Parliament as an Institution of

Programme Paper Number 23, United Nations Research Institute for Social Development, January 2006. Can be accessed on:

http://www.unrisd.org/UNRISD/website/document.nsf/240da49ca467a53f80

256b4f005ef245/8e6fc72d6b546696c1257123002fcceb/\$FILE/KapMeht.pdf

Agarwal, O.P. and T.V. Somanathan, "Public Policy Making in India: Issues and Remedies," February, 2005. Can be accessed on:

http://www.cprindia.org/admin/paper/Public\_Policy\_Making\_in\_India\_14205\_TV\_SOMANAT HAN.pdf.

Debroy, Bibek, "Why we need law reform," Seminar January 2001.

Mehta, Pratap Bhanu, "India's Unlikely Democracy: The Rise of Judicial Sovereignty," *Journal of Democracy* Vol.18, No.2, pp.70-83.

#### **Government Links:**

http://loksabha.nic.in/; http://rajyasabha.nic.in/; http://mpa.nic.in/

Sanyal, K. *Strengthening Parliamentary Committees* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, 2011. can be accessed on:

http://www.prsindia.org/administrator/uploads/media/Conference% 202011

/Strengthening%20Parliamentary%20Committees.pdf

Celestine, A. *How to read the Union Budget* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, 2011. can be accessed on:

http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/how-to-read-the-unionbudget-1023/



#### **SEMESTER- IV**

**Course Title (Core Course): International Relations** 

Course Code: APPLS-401/C-1D

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This Course is designed to give students a sense of some important theoretical approaches to understand international relations; a history from 1945 onwards to the present; and an outline of the evolution of Indian foreign policy since independence and its possible future trajectory.

# 1. Evolution and Approaches to International Relations:

- a. Evolution of international relations as an autonomous discipline.
- b. Major Theories: Realism and Neo-Realism, Liberalism and its variants.
- c. Behavioural Theory: Systems Theory, Decision-Making Theory, Communication Theory.

#### 2. Cold War and Post-Cold War Era:

- (a) Origins and Phases of Cold War; End of Cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union.
- (b) Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centers of Power (European Union, China and Russia)

# 3. India's Foreign Policy:

- (a) Basic Determinants (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic and Strategic).
- (b) India's Policy of Non-alignment.
- (c) India's Relationship with Pakistan, USA and China.

#### **Essential Readings:**

William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.) (1999) *Classic Readings of International Relations*. Belmont: Wadsworth Publishing Co, pp. 30-58; 92-126.



Art, R. J. and Jervis, R. (eds.) (1999) *International Political Enduring: Concepts and Contemporary Issues*.5th Edition. New York: Longman, pp. 7-14; 29-49; 119-126.

Jackson, R. and Sorenson, G. (2008) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 59-96.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2009) *International Relations*. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 81-111.

Tickner, J. A. (2001) Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post-Cold War Era. Columbia University Press.

India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World. 2015. Orient Blackswan.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2011) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. Fifth Edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 90-123; 142-159; 262-277.

Wenger, A. and Zimmermann, D. (eds.) (2003) *International Relations: From the Cold World War to the Globalized World*. London: Lynne Rienner, pp. 54-89.

Appadorai and Rajan, M. S. (eds.) (1985) *India's Foreign Policy and Relations*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers.

Mewmillians, W.C. and Piotrowski, H. (2001) *The World Since 1945: A History of International Relations*. Fifth edition. London: Lynne Rienner Publishers.

Smith, M., Little, R. and Shackleton, M. (eds.) (1981) *Perspectives on World Politics*. London: Croom Helm.

Indian Foreign Service Institute. (1997, 1998) *India's Foreign Policy: An Agenda for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* Vols. 1 & 2, New Delhi: Konark Publishers, pp. 3-41; 102-119.

Ganguly, S. (ed.) (2009) *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Vanaik, A. (1995) *India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of Its Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: Orient Longman. pp. 19-41; 63-67; 102-114; 118-124; 132-134.

Basu, Rumki (ed)(2012) *International Politics: Concepts theories and Issues*, New Delhi, Sage Publications India Pvt Ltd.

"India's Foreign Policy" by Sumit Ganguly. OXFORD. 2015.

#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy
Course Code: APPLS-405/SEC-2

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** The Proposed course aims to acquaint student with the structure and manner of functioning of the legal system in India.

**Expected Learning Outcome:** The student should be aware of the institutions that comprise the legal system - the courts, police, jails and the system of criminal justice administration. Have a brief knowledge of the Constitution and laws of India, an understanding of the formal and alternate dispute redressal (ADR) mechanisms that exist in India, public interest litigation. Have some working knowledge of how to affirm one's rights and be aware of one's duties within the legal framework; and the opportunities and challenges posed by the legal system for different sections of persons.

#### Unit I:

Outline of the Legal system in India.

System of courts/tribunals and their jurisdiction in India--- criminal and civil courts, writ jurisdiction, specialized courts such as juvenile courts, Mahila Courts and tribunals.

Role of the police and magistracy in criminal law administration.

Alternate dispute mechanisms such as Lok Adalats, non-formal mechanisms.

#### Unit II:

Brief understanding of the laws applicable in India.

**Constitution:** fundamental rights, fundamental duties, other constitutional rights and their manner of enforcement, with emphasis on public interest litigation.

**Laws relating to criminal jurisdiction:** provision relating to filing an FIR, arrest, bail search and some understanding of the questions of evidence and procedure in Cr. P.C. and related laws, offences against women, juvenile justice, prevention of atrocities on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

Laws relating to consumer rights.

Laws relating to cyber crimes.

# **Unit III:**

# Access to courts and enforcement of rights:

Legal Services Authorities Act and right to legal aid.

# **Practical application:**

What to do if you are arrested; if you are a consumer with a grievance; if you are a victim of sexual harassment; domestic violence; filing a public interest litigation. How can you challenge administrative orders that violate rights, judicial and administrative remedies.

Using a hypothetical case of (for example) child abuse or sexual harassment or any other violation of a right, preparation of an FIR or writing a complaint addressed to the appropriate authority.

# **Essential Readings:**

Creating Legal Awareness, edited by Kamala Sankaran and Ujjwal Singh (Delhi: OUP, 2007) Legal literacy: available amongst interdisciplinary courses on Institute of Life Long Learning (Delhi University) Virtual Learning Portal namely vle.du.ac.in

#### **Reading list for course on Legal Literacy:**

Multiple Action Research Group, Our Laws Vols 1-10, Delhi.

Indian Social Institute, New Delhi, Legal Literacy Series Booklets.

S.K. Agarwala, *Public Interest Litigation in India*, K.M. Munshi Memorial Lecture, Second Series, Indian Law Institute, Delhi, 1985.

S.P. Sathe, *Towards Gender Justice*, Research Centre for Womens' Studies, SNDT Women's University, Bombay, 1993.

Asha Bajpai, Child Rights in India: Law, Policy, and Practice, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,2003

Agnes, Flavia Law and Gender Equality, OUP, 1997.

Sagade, Jaga, Law of Maintenance: An Empirical Study, ILS Law College, Pune 1996.

B.L. Wadhera, *Public Interest Litigation - A Handbook*, Universal, Delhi, 2003.

Nomita Aggarwal, Women and Law in India, New Century, Delhi, 2002.

P.C. Rao and William Sheffiled *Alternate Dispute Resolution: What it is and How it Works*, Universal Law Books and Publishers, Delhi, 2002

V.N. Shukla's *Constitution of India* by Mahendra P. Singh, Eastern Book Co. 10<sup>th</sup> edition 2001.

Parmanand Singh, 'Access to Justice and the Indian Supreme Court', 10 & 11 Delhi Law Review 156, 1981-82.

Harrie Alarh

Tomerayee

Suchiha Milia

Asindarky

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Sekhar Sir

A

Banata Bhaltacharga



#### **SEMESTER- V**

# **Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective Course):**

# Administration and Public Policy--- Concepts and Theories

Course Code: APPLS-501/DSE-1A

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Objective:** The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public administration. This paper encompasses public administration in its historical context with an emphasis on the various classical and contemporary administrative theories. The course will also attempt to provide the students a comprehensive understanding on contemporary administrative developments.

#### 1. Public administration:

Meaning, scope and significance; public and private administration; brief evolution and major approaches;

#### 2. Administrative theories:

Classical; Scientific Management; Human-Relations; and Rational Decision-Making.

# 3. Understanding public policy:

Concept and theories; relevance of policy making in public administration; process of policy formulation and implementation; evaluation.

#### 4. From Development Administration to New Public Management:

Elements and politics of development administration, Globalization and the New Public Management

#### **Essential Readings:**

Awasthi, A.and Maheshwari, S. (2003) *Public Administration*. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, pp. 3-12.

Basu, Rumki, (2014) Public Administration, Concepts and Theories, Delhi Sterling Publishers

Henry, N. (2003) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-52.

Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (2005) 'Introduction: Public Administration: Theory and Practice', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) Public *Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-50.

Henry, N. (2003) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-74.

Mouzelis, N.P. (2005) 'The Ideal Type of Bureaucracy', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) Public *Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 88-100.

Hyderbrand, W. (1980) 'A Marxist Critique of Organization Theory', in Evan, W (ed.) *Frontiers in Organization & Management*. New York: Praeger, pp. 123-150.

Hyderbrand, W. (1977) 'Organizational Contradictions in Public Bureaucracies: Towards a Marxian Theory of Organizations', in Benson, J. K. (ed.) *Organizational Analysis: Critique and Innovation*. Beverly Hills: Sage, pp. 85-109.

Bhattacharya, M. (1999) Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 29-70, 85-98.

Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 248-272, 301-323.

Dye, T.R. (1975) Understanding Public Policy. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-38, 265-299.

Dror, Y. (1983) *Public Policy Making Reexamined*. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 129-216.

"Public Administration in India" by S.R. Maheshwari. OXFORD. 2006.

#### **SEMESTER- V**

# Course Title (Generic Elective Course): Human Rights, Gender and Environment (to be opted by students from other departments)

Course Code: APPLS-503/GE-1

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course aims at enabling the students to understand the issues concerning the rights of citizens in general and the marginalized groups in particular, and assess the institutional and policy measures which have been taken in response to the demands of various movements. Conceptual dimensions, international trends and the Indian experience form the contents of the course.

**Expected Learning Outcome:** The study of the course will equip the students with theoretical and conceptual understanding of socio – economic and political problems of marginalized groups in society such as women, dalits, minorities and adivasis and repercussions of contemporary developments on globalization on them.

# I. Understanding Social Inequality:

Caste, Gender, Ethnicity and Class: intersection

Globalisation and its impact on workers, peasants, dalits, adivasis and women.

# **II. Human Rights**

Human Rights: Various Meanings; UN Declarations.

Human Rights and Citizenship Rights.

Human Rights of Marginalized Groups: Dalits, Adivasis, Women, Minorities and Unorganized Workers.

Human Rights Movement in India.

Human Rights and the Indian Constitution.

The role of the National Human Rights Commission.



#### III. Gender:

Gender, Culture and History: Indian scenario

Economic Development and Women

The issue of Women's representation in India

#### **IV Environment:**

Sustainable Development.

UN Environment Programmes: Rio, Johannesburg and after.

Environmental Movements and Policies in India.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Agarwal, Anil and Sunita Narain (1991), Global Warming and Unequal World: A Case of Environmental Colonialism, Centre for Science and Environment, Delhi.

Baxi, Upendra (2002), The Future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Beteille, Andre (2003), Antinomies of Society: Essays on Ideology and Institutions, Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Geetha, V. (2002) Gender, Stree Publications, Kolkata.

Ghanshyam Shah, (1991) Social Movements in India, Sage Publications, Delhi.

Guha, Ramachandra and Madhav Gadgil, (1993) Environmental History of India, University of California Press, Berkeley.

Haragopal, G. (1997) The Political Economy of Human Rights, Himachal Publishing House, Mumbai.

Menon, Nivedita (ed) (2000) Gender and Politics in India, Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Patel, Sujata et al (eds) (2003) Gender and Caste: Issues in Contemporary Indian Feminism, Kali for Women, Delhi.

Shah, Nandita and Nandita Gandhi (1992) Issues at Stake: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India, Kali for Women, Delhi.

Gonsalves, Colin (2011) Kaliyug: The decline of human rights law in the period of globalization Human Rights Law Network, New Delhi.

Sen, Amartya, Development as Freedom (1999) New Delhi, OUP.



#### **SEMESTER- V**

Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Public Opinion and Survey Research

Course Code: APPLS-504/SEC-3

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This course will introduce the students to the debates, principles and practices of public opinion polling in the context of democracies, with special reference to India. It will familiarise the students with how to conceptualize and measure public opinion using quantitative methods, with particular attention being paid to developing basic skills pertaining to the collection, analysis and utilisation of quantitative data.

#### I. Introduction to the course:

Public Opinion: Definition and characteristics.

Debates about its role in a democratic political system, uses for opinion poll.

#### II. Measuring Public Opinion with Surveys--- Representation and sampling:

- a. What is sampling? Why do we need to sample? Sample design.
- b. Sampling error and non-response.
- c. Types of sampling: Non random sampling (quota, purposive and snowball sampling); random sampling: simple and stratified.

# III. Survey Research:

- a. Quantitative and Qualitative methods: an overview
- b. Interviewing: Interview techniques pitfalls, different types of and forms of interview.
- c. Questionnaire: Question wording; fairness and clarity.
- d. Observation: Participatory & Non-Participatory

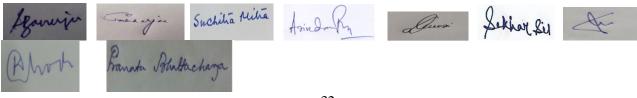
# **Essential Readings:**

- R. Erikson and K. Tedin, (2011) *American Public Opinion*, 8th edition, New York: Pearson Longman Publishers, pp. 40-46.
- G. Gallup, (1948) *A guide to public opinion polls* Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1948. Pp. 3-13.
- G. Kalton, (1983) Introduction to Survey Sampling Beverly Hills, Sage Publication.

Lokniti Team (2009) 'National Election Study 2009: A Methodological Note', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XLIV (39)

Lokniti Team, (2004) 'National Election Study 2004', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XXXIX (51).

- 'Asking About Numbers: Why and How', *Political Analysis* (2013), Vol. 21(1): 48-69, (first published online November 21, 2012).
- H. Asher, (2001) 'Chapters 3 and 5', in *Polling and the Public: What Every Citizen Should Know*, Washington DC: Congressional Quarterly Press.
- R. Erikson and K. Tedin, (2011) *American Public Opinion*, 8th edition, New York, Pearson Longman Publishers, pp. 40-46.
- A. Agresti and B. Finlay, (2009) *Statistical methods for the Social Sciences*, 4th edition, Upper saddle river, NJ: Pearson-Prentice Hall,
- S. Kumar and P. Rai, (2013) 'Chapter 1', in *Measuring Voting Behaviour in India*, New Delhi: Sage.
- R. Karandikar, C. Pyne and Y. Yadav, (2002) 'Predicting the 1998 Indian Parliamentary Elections', *Electoral Studies*, Vol. 21, pp.69-89.
- M. McDermott and K. A. Frankovic, (2003) 'Horserace Polling and Survey Methods Effects: An Analysis of the 2000 Campaign', *Public Opinion Quarterly* 67, pp. 244-264.



#### SEMESTER- VI

# Course Title (Discipline Specific Elective Course): Democracy and Governance Course Code: APPLS-601/DSE-1B

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

**Course Objective:** This Paper tries to explain the institutional aspects of democracy and how institutions function within a constitutional framework. It further delves into how democracy as a model of governance can be complimented by institution building.

#### 1. Structure and Process of Governance:

a. Indian Model of Democracy, Parliament, Party Politics and Electoral behaviour, Federalism, The Supreme Court and Units of Local Governance (Rural and Urban).

#### 2. Ideas, Interests and Institutions in Public Policy:

- a. Contextual Orientation of Policy Design.(will be deleted)
- b. Institutions of Policy Making:
- A. Regulatory Institutions SEBI, TRAI, Competition Commission of India.
- B. Lobbying Institutions: Chambers of Commerce and Industries, Trade Unions, Farmers Associations, etc.

# 3. Contemporary Political Economy of Development in India:

Policy Debates over Models of Development in India, Recent trends of Liberalisation of Indian Economy in different sectors, E-governance.

# 4. Dynamics of Civil Society:

New Social Movements and Various interests, Role of NGO's, Understanding the political significance of Media and Popular Culture.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Agarwal B, Environmental Management, Equity and Ecofeminism: Debating India's Experience, Journal of Pesant Studies, Vol. 25, No. 4, pp. 55-95.

Atul Kohli (ed.), The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge University Press, 2001.

Corbridge, Stuart and John Harris, Reinventing India: Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy OUP, 2000.

J.Dreze and A.Sen, India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Clarendon, 1995.

Saima Saeed, Screening the Public Sphere: Media and Democracy in India, 2013.

Nick Stevenson, Understanding Media Cultures, 2002.

Fuller, C.J. (ed.) Caste Today, Oxford University Press, 1997.

Himat Singh, Green Revolution Reconsidered: The Rural World of Punjab, OUP, 2001.

Jagdish Bhagwati, India in Transition: Freeing The Economy, 1993.

Joseph E. Stiglitz, Globalisation and its Discontents, WW Norton, 2003.

Patel, I.G., Glimpses of Indian Economic Policy: An Insider View, OUP, 2002.

Rajni Kothari and Clude Alvares, (eds.) Another Revolution Fails: an investigation of how and why India's Operation Flood Project Touted as the World's Largest Dairy Development Program Funded by the EEC went off the Rails, Ajanta, New Delhi, 1985.

Smitu Kothari, Social Movements and the Redefinition of Democracy, Boulder, Westview, 1993.

Pankaj Sharma, E-Governance: The New Age Governance, APH Publishers, 2004

Pippa Norris, Digital Divide: Civic Engagement, Information Poverty and the Internet in Democratic Societies, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001.

Ghanshyam Shah [ed.], Social Movements and The State, Sage Publication, 2002.

Su H. Lee, Debating New Social Movements: Culture, Identity, and Social Fragmentation, Rawat Publishers, 2010

S. Laurel Weldon, When Protest Makes Policya: How Social Movements Represent Disadvantaged Groups, Michigan Publishers, 2011.

#### **SEMESTER- VI**

# Course Title (Generic Elective Course): Reading Gandhi (to be opted by students from other departments) Course Code: APPLS-603/GE-2

(to be opted by students from other departments)

Credit: 06 Contact Hours/week: 06

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objective: The course seeks to meet two essential objectives: one, to acquaint the students with the art of reading texts, to enable them to grasp its conceptual and argumentative structure and to help them acquire the skills to locate the texts in a broader intellectual and socio-historical context. Second, it aims to acquaint the students with the social and political thought of Gandhi. The themes in Gandhian thought that are chosen for a close reading are particularly relevant to our times.

# A) Hind Swaraj:

- 1. Gandhi in his own words: A close reading of Hind Swaraj.
- 2. Commentaries on Hind Swaraj and Gandhian thought:

#### B) Gandhi and modern India:

- a. Nationalism.
- b. Communal unity.
- c. Women's Ouestion.
- d. Untouchability.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Terence Ball, Reappraising Political Theory, Ch. 1, OUP, 1995

"Meaning and Interpretation in the History of Ideas" in Visions of Politics, Quentin Skinner (ed.), Vol. 1, CUP, Cambridge, 2002.

"Introduction", M.K.Gandhi, Hind Swaraj and other writings ed. A.J.Parel (1997).

B. Parekh, Gandhi (1997), chs. 4 ("Satyagraha") and 5 ("The critique of modernity").

D.Hardiman, Gandhi in his time and ours (2003), ch.4 ("An alternative modernity").

"Nationalist Movement in India--- A Reader" by Sekhar Bandyopadhyay. OXFORD. 2008.

And also from the following selections from Gandhi's India of my Dreams (compiled R.K.Prabhu): "The meaning of Swaraj" (no.2); "In defence of Nationalism" (no.3); "India's cultural heritage" (no.45); "Regeneration of Indian women" (no.54); "Women's education" (no.55); "Communal unity" (no.59); "The curse of untouchability" (no.61); "Religious tolerance in India" (no.62); "The problem of minorities" (no.66).



#### **SEMESTER- VI**

Course Title (Skill Enhancement Course): Conflict and Peace Building Course Code: APPLS-604/SEC-4

Credit: 02 Contact Hours/week: 02

Maximum Marks: 50 (ESE-40; IA-10) Examination Duration: 2 Hours

Course Objectives: This course is designed to help build an understanding of a variety of conflict situations among students in a way that they can relate to them through their lived experiences. It's an interdisciplinary course that draws its insights from various branches of social sciences and seeks to provide a lively learning environment for teaching and training students how to bring about political and social transformations at the local, national and international levels. The course encourages the use of new information technologies and innovative ways of understanding these issues by teaching student's skills of managing and resolving conflicts and building peace through techniques such as role-play, simulations, street theatre, cinema and music on the one hand and by undertaking field visits, interacting with different segments of the civil society including those affected by conflicts as well as diplomats, journalists and experts, on the other.

# **Unit 1: Basic Concepts on War and Peace:**

- a. Causes of War
- b. Just war: Meaning
- c. Approaches to Peace.

# **Unit III: Dimensions of Conflict:**

- a. Conflict: meaning, causes and types
- b. Sites of conflict: local, regional and global
- c. Ideology: Ideologies and Conflict since the Cold War.
- d. Socio-Cultural Conflicts: Ethnic and Religious

#### **Unit III: Conflict Resolution:**

- a. Conflict resolution and conflict management: meaning and difference
- b. Methods of Conflict resolution: amicable (Mediation, Negotiation and Diplomacy Track- I, Track- II and Multi Track).& non-amicable (economic sanctions, blockade and war)
- c. Alternative method of Conflict resolution: Nonviolence
- d. Peace Studies and Peace Research

# **Essential Readings:**

- O. Ramsbotham, T. Woodhouse and H. Miall, (2011) 'Understanding Contemporary Conflict', in *Contemporary Conflict Resolution*, (Third Edition), Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 94-122.
- W. Zartman, (1995) 'Dynamics and Constraints In Negotiations In Internal Conflicts', in William Zartman (ed.), *Elusive Peace: Negotiating an End to Civil Wars*, Washington: The Brookings Institute, pp. 3-29.
- C. Mitchell, (2002) 'Beyond Resolution: What Does Conflict Transformation Actually Transform?', in *Peace and Conflict Studies*, 9:1, May, pp.1-23.
- S. Ryan, (1990) 'Conflict Management and Conflict Resolution', in *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 2:1, pp. 54-71.
- M. Lund, (2001) 'A Toolbox for Responding to Conflicts and Building Peace', in L. Reychler and T. Paffenholz, eds., *Peace-Building: A Field Guide*, Boulder: Lynne Rienner, pp. 16-20.
- L. Schirch, (2004) The Little Book of Strategic Peacebuilding, London: Good Books.
- R. Rubenstein, (2003) 'Sources', in S. Cheldelin, D. Druckman and L. Fast (eds.) *Conflict: From Analysis to Intervention*, London: Continuum, pp.55-67.
- P. Le Billon, (2009) 'Economic and Resource Causes of Conflicts', in J. Bercovitch, V. Kremenyuk and I. Zartman (eds.) *The Sage Hand Book of Conflict Resolution*, London: Sage Publications, pp. 210-224.
- S. Ayse Kadayifci-Orellana, (2009) 'Ethno-Religious Conflicts: Exploring the Role of Religion in Conflict Resolution', in J. Bercovitch, V. Kremenyuk and I. Zartman (eds.) *The Sage Hand Book of Conflict Resolution*, London: Sage Publications, pp. 264-284.
- D. Barash and C. Webel, (2009) *Peace and Conflict Studies*, London: Sage Publication, pp. 91-117.
- D. Sandole, (2003) 'Typology' in S. Cheldelin, D. Druckman and L. Fast (eds.) *Conflict: From Analysis to Intervention*, London: Continuum, pp.39-54.
- H. Saunders, (1999) *A Public Peace Process: Sustained Dialogue To Transform Racial and Ethnic Conflicts*, Palgrave Macmillan: New York, pp. 1-30.
- N. Behera, 'Forging New Solidarities: Non-official Dialogues', in M. Mekenkamp, P. Tongeren and H. Van De Veen (eds.), *Searching For Peace In Central And South Asia*, London: Lynne Rienner Publishers, pp. 210-236.
- J Bercovitch, V. Kremenyuk, and I. Zartman (eds.), (2009) *The Sage Hand Book of Conflict Resolution*, London: Sage Publications.

