



SYLLABUS
UNDER NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY
FOR
FOUR YEARS UNDER-GRADUATE COURSE IN
MICROBIOLOGY
(w.e.f. 2025-2026)



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1. INTRODUCTION

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 highlights that quality higher education must aim to develop good, thoughtful, well-rounded and creative individuals. The NEP recommends that “the undergraduate degree will be of either 3 or 4-year duration, with multiple exit options within this period, with appropriate certifications, e.g., a UG certificate after completing 1 year in a discipline or field including vocational and professional areas, or a UG diploma after 2 years of study, or a Bachelor’s degree after a 3-year programme. The 4-year multidisciplinary Bachelor’s programme, however, shall be the preferred option since it allows the opportunity to experience the full range of holistic and multidisciplinary education in addition to a focus on the chosen major and minors as per the choices of the student.

In accordance with the NEP 2020, the UGC has formulated a new student-centric “Curriculum and Credit Framework for Undergraduate Programs (CCFUP)” incorporating a flexible choice-based credit system, multidisciplinary approach, and multiple entry and exit options. This will facilitate students to pursue their career path by choosing the subject/field of their interest.

Therefore, the syllabus for Microbiology at undergraduate level framed in such a way that it gives the students a holistic understanding of the subject giving substantial weightage to both the core content and techniques used in Microbiology. The ultimate goal of the syllabus is that the students at the end are able to secure a job. Keeping in mind and in tune with the changing nature of the subject, adequate emphasis has been given on new techniques of mapping and understanding of the subject. The syllabus has also been framed in such a way that the basic skills of subject are taught to the students, and everyone might not need to go for higher studies and the scope of securing a job after graduation will increase.

It is essential that Microbiology students select their minor courses Chemistry as compulsory and any one from the branch of Life Sciences disciplines. While the syllabus is in compliance with UGC model curriculum, it is necessary that Microbiology students should learn “Bioinformatics, Microbes in Sustainable Agriculture and Development & Instrumentation and Biotechniques” as one of the core courses rather than a selective while.

Also, it is been recommended that the Project Work and Industrial Tour/ Institute visit is compulsory for all the students as per their respective semester curriculum.



LEARNING OUTCOME (LO)		
LO	Summary	Description
LO A:	Sound Domain Knowledge	Acquiring a strong, basic knowledge on origin, evolution and diversification in the applied field of Microbiology.
LO B:	Laboratory Skill	To develop good laboratory skills with latest advanced tools, sophisticated instruments and modern technologies to address emerging problems with scientific viewpoint.
LO C:	Team Work	To develop the spirit of teamwork, learn to harbor collaborative approach to explore new facts and facets of the subject.
LO D:	Academic and Scientific Endeavour	Students will gain cognitive development, innovative approach, technical maneuvering, entrepreneurship and managerial skills to set up a new start-up.
LO E:	Eco-friendly Approach	Futuristic approach to develop eco-friendly management practices to make socio-economic upliftment.
LO F:	Ethical Awareness	To develop ethical awareness among students regarding research & publications.
LO G:	Goal of life	To inculcate visions in students so that they can play a vital role for the advancement of the discipline in the greater benefits of the society.
LEARNING SPECIFIC OUTCOME (LSO)		
LSO	Summary	Description
LSO1:	Rational analysis	Develops fundamental concepts, rational thinking & analytical skill.
LSO2:	Soft Skill Proficiency	Develops communication skill, attitudes, leadership quality, ethical values and social awareness.
LSO3:	Environmental Consciousness	Increases eco-friendly consciousness, waste-management practices.
LSO4:	Hygiene practices	Builds up good habit of hygienic practices.
LSO5:	Scientific attitude	Inculcates research mind & approach to develop eco-friendly bio-products.
LSO6:	Resource management	Develops the knowledge & skill on natural & renewable resource management.
LSO7:	Dry lab practices	Develops ability of sequence analysis & structure prediction.
LSO8:	Awareness against infectious diseases	Develops Awareness against infectious & fatal diseases.
LSO9:	Ecological Awareness	Develops Ecological Awareness among students through Mushroom diversity study in different forest areas of the district.
LSO10:	Skill Development	Students will gain knowledge through different Hands-on-training program on Agro-economic activities.
LSO11:	Social Interaction	Develops Community link up through regular survey on Health & Nutritional parameters of local villagers.
LSO12:	Ethno-medicinal Practices	Develops knowledge on Ethno-medicinal Plants, their commercial usage & worldwide applications.



2. Scheme for NEP Curriculum in Microbiology (Major)

2.1. Credit Distribution across Courses

Category of Choice (Credit)	Major (4)		Minor Stream (4)	Multidisciplinary (3)	Skill Enhancement Courses [SEC] (3)	Ability Enhancement Courses [AEC] (2)	Value Added Courses (Common for all) (4)	Internship (2)	Research Project/ Dissertation (12)	Total Credit/ Number of Courses
SEMESTER	DSC	DSE								
I	1×4=4 S/MCB/101/MJC-1		1×4=4 S/MCB/102/MN-1	1×3=3 S/MCB/103/MD-1	1×3=3 S/MCB/104/SEC-1	1×2=2 ACS/105/AEC-1	1×4=4 ACS/106/VAC-1			20/6
II	1×4=4 S/MCB/201/MJC-2		1×4=4 S/MCB/202/MN-2	1×3=3 S/MCB/203/MD-2	1×3=3 S/MCB/204/SEC-2	1×2=2 ACS/205/AEC-2	1×4=4 ACS/206/VAC-2			20/6
CERTIFICATE (Total Credit)	8		8	6	6	4	8	4*(Additional) ACS/207/INT-1		40
III	2×4=8 S/MCB/301/MJC-3 S/MCB/302/MJC-4		1×4=4 S/MCB/303/MN-3	1×3=3 S/MCB/304/MD-3	1×3=3 S/MCB/305/SEC-3	1×2=2 ACS/306/AEC-3				20/6
IV	4×4=16 S/MCB/401/MJC-5 S/MCB/402/MJC-6 S/MCB/403/MJC-7 S/MCB/404/MJC-8		1×4=4 S/MCB/405/MN-4			1×2=2 ACS/406/AEC-4				20/6
DIPLOMA (Total Credit)	32		16	9	9	8	8	4*(Additional) ACS/407/INT-2		82
V	4×4=16 S/MCB/501/MJC-9 S/MCB/502/MJC-10 S/MCB/503/MJC-11 S/MCB/504/MJC-12		1×4=4 S/MCB/505/MN-5					1×2=2 ACS/506/INT-3		22/6
VI	4×4=16 S/MCB/601/MJC-13 S/MCB/602/MJC-14 S/MCB/603/MJC-15 S/MCB/604/MJC-16		1×4=4 S/MCB/605/MN-6							20/5
UG DEGREE (Total Credit)	16×4=64 64		24	9	9	8	8	2		124
VII	4×4=16 S/MCB/701/MJC-17 S/MCB/702/MJC-18 S/MCB/703/MJC-19 S/MCB/704/MJC-20		1×4=4 S/MCB/705/MN-7							20/5
VIII	4×4=16** S/MCB/801/MJC-21 S/MCB/802/MJC-22 S/MCB/803/MJC-23 S/MCB/804/MJC-24		1×4=4 S/MCB/805/MN-8							20/5
UG HONS. (Total Credit)	24×4=96 96		32	9	9	8	8	2		164
UG HONS. WITH RESEARCH (Total Credit)	21×4=84		32	9	9	8	8	2	12** S/MCB/806/RPD-1	

*Additional Summer Internship of 4 credit is mandatory for certificate and diploma courses.

**Honours students not undertaking research will do three courses for 12 credits for Major in lieu of a Research Project/ Dissertation and total four courses in Major in semester-VIII.

Honours with Research students will opt any one core course from available four courses in Major in Semester-VIII

**2.2. Scheme for NEP based Curriculum in Microbiology (Major)****SEMESTER –I**

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/101/MJC-1	Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/102/MN-1	Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 103 MD-1	Microbial Diagnosis in Health Clinics (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/104/SEC-1	Microbial Diagnosis in Health Clinics	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/105/ AEC-1	Communicative English	2	10	40	50
ACS/106/ VAC 1	ENVS	4	10	40	50
Total		20	60	240	300

SEMESTER –II

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/201/MJC-2	Bacteriology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/202/MN-2	Bacteriology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 203 MD-2	Microbiological Analysis of Air and Water (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/204/SEC-2	Microbiological Analysis of Air and Water	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/205/ AEC-2	MIL-1(Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	2	10	40	50
ACS/206/ VAC 2	Any one of the following : A: Health and Wellness B: Understanding India: Indian Philosophical Traditions and Value Systems C: Basics of Indian Constitution D: Arts and Crafts of Bengal E:Historical Tourism in West Bengal	4	10	40	50
Total		20	60	240	300

**SEMESTER –III**

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/301/MJC-3	Biochemistry	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/302/MJC-4	Virology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/303/MN-3	Virology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/304 MD-3	Food Fermentation Techniques (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/305/SEC-1	Food Fermentation Techniques	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/306/ AEC-3	MIL-2(Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	2	10	40	50
Total		20	60	240	300

SEMESTER –IV

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/401/MJC-5	Microbial Physiology & Metabolism	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/402/MJC-6	Food & Dairy Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/403/MJC-7	Environmental Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/404/MJC-8	Bacterial Pathogenesis	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/405/MN- 4	Food & Dairy Microbiology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
Total		22	60	240	300

**SEMESTER –V**

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Mark s		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/501/MJC-9	Molecular Biology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/502/MJC-10	Fundamentals of Immunology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/503/MJC-11	Instrumentation and Biotechniques	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/504/MJC-12	Fungal, Protozoan and Viral Pathogenesis	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/505/MN- 5	Immunology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
ACS/506/INT-3	Internship (Compulsory)	2	10	40	50
Total		22	60	240	300

SEMESTER –VI

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/601/MJC-13	Microbial Genetics	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/602/MJC- 14	Extreme Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 603/MJC -15	Advanced Immunology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/604/MJC- 16	Recombinant DNA Technology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/605/MN- 6	Molecular Biology & Microbial Genetics (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
Total		20	50	200	250



Question Pattern

MJC and MN papers (Theory F.M: 25 & Practical F.M: 15)

Theory	F.M: 25	Practical	F.M: 15
UNIT-I		1. Work out/Demonstration/Experiment:	10/7
1. Any five out of eight	1×5=5		
UNIT-II		2. Laboratory Record/ Field Report:	2/5
2. Any two out of four	5×2=10	3. Viva Voce:	3
UNIT-III			
3. Any one out of two	10×1=10		

SEC Papers (Practical F.M: 40)

Multidisciplinary Papers: (Theory F.M: 40)

Practical	F.M: 40	Theory	F.M: 40
1. Work out/Interpretation/Identification:	12	UNIT-I	
2. Work out/ Demonstration:	8	Any five out of eight	2×5=10
3. Laboratory Record	5	UNIT-II	
4. Field Report:	10	Any four out of six	5×4=20
5. Viva Voce:	5	UNIT-III	
		Any one out of two	10×1=10



SEMESTER- I

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/101 /MJC-1	Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/102 /MN-1	Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 103 MD-1	Microbial Diagnosis in Health Clinics (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/104 /SEC-1	Microbial Diagnosis in Health Clinics	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/105/ AEC-1	Communicative English	2	10	40	50
ACS/106/ VAC 1	ENVS	4	10	40	50
Total		20	60	240	300



Major Course

MJC-1: Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity

Course Code: S/MCB/101/MJC-1

Credit: 4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- The students will gain a holistic concept on history, development, scope and aspects of Microbiology. They will also learn about the contributions of Microbiologists.
- Students learn about the diversity of microbial world, kingdom and domain concept; features of dark field & phase contrast Microscope.
- Students will achieve knowledge on habitat, distribution, nutritional requirements, ultra-structure, thallus organization and aggregation of algae and fungi.
- Students will gain knowledge on General characteristics & Economic importance of Protozoa.
- Students will be made aware of biosafety protocols and laboratory management.

Unit 1 History and Development of Microbiology	Lectures 8
History, Development and Scope of microbiology Theory of Spontaneous generation, Germ theory of disease. Contributions of Antonie van Leeuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Joseph Lister, Alexander Fleming, Edward Jenner, Paul Ehrlich, Martinus W. Beijerinck, and Sergei N. Winogradsky in the field of Microbiology.	
Unit 2 Diversity of Microbial World	Lectures 4
Systems of classification: Basic idea about Haeckel and Whittaker's kingdom concept and domain concept of Carl Woese. Aim and principles of classification, systematics and taxonomy, concept of species, taxa, strain. General characteristics and representative members of different groups: Cellular microorganisms (Archaea, Bacteria, Algae, Fungi and Protozoa). Acellular microorganisms (Viruses, Viroids, Prions).	
Unit 3 Basic Microscopy	Lectures 4
Principle of Bright Field Microscope, Dark Field Microscope, Phase Contrast Microscope.	
Unit 4 Phycology	Lectures 10
General characteristics of algae: occurrence, thallus organization, cell ultrastructure, pigments, flagella, eye spot, food reserves and vegetative, asexual and sexual reproduction. Economic importance of algae.	
Unit 5 Mycology	Lectures 10
General characteristics of fungi: habitat, distribution, nutritional requirements, fungal cell ultra-structure, thallus organization and aggregation. Economic importance of fungi.	

**Unit 6 Protozoa****Lectures 4**

General characteristics of protozoa: Occurrence, cell ultra-structure, organs and appendages, nutrition, locomotion and economic importance.

Reference Books

1. Tortora GJ, Funke BR and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition.
2. Madigan M T, Martinko J M, Dunlap P V and Clark D P. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson International Edition.
3. Cappuccino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition. Pearson Education Limited
4. Wiley J M, Sherwood L M and Woolverton C J. (2013) Prescott's Microbiology. 9th Edition. McGraw-Hill International.
5. Atlas R M. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. W.M.T. Brown Publishers.
6. Pelczar M J, Chan ECS and Krieg NR. (1993). Microbiology. 5th edition. McGraw Hill Book Company.
7. Banerjee AK and Banerjee N (2006). Fundamentals of Microbiology and Immunology. New Central Book Agency (NCBA).

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Microbiology Laboratory Management and Biosafety
2. To study the principle and applications of important instruments (autoclave, incubator, hot air oven, centrifuge, light microscope, pH meter) used in the microbiology laboratory
3. Preparation of culture media (Nutrient Broth and Nutrient Agar) for bacterial cultivation
4. Sterilization of medium using Autoclave and assessment for sterility
5. Sterilization of glassware using Hot Air Oven
6. Sterilization of heat sensitive material by filtration
7. Study of *Penicillium* using permanent mounts.
8. Study of *Chlamydomonas* using permanent Mounts.
9. Study of *Paramecium* using permanent mounts.



Minor Course

MN-1: Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity

Course Code: S/MCB/102/MN-1

Credit: 4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- The students will gain a holistic concept on history, development, scope and aspects of Microbiology. They will also learn about the contributions of Microbiologists.
- Students learn about the diversity of microbial world, kingdom and domain concept; features of dark field & phase contrast Microscope.
- Students will achieve knowledge on habitat, distribution, nutritional requirements, ultra-structure, thallus organization and aggregation of algae and fungi.
- Students will gain knowledge on General characteristics & Economic importance of Protozoa.
- Students will be made aware of biosafety protocols and laboratory management.

Unit 1 History and Development of Microbiology	Lectures 8
History, Development and Scope of microbiology Theory of Spontaneous generation, Germ theory of disease. Contributions of Antonie van Leeuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Joseph Lister, Alexander Fleming, Edward Jenner, Paul Ehrlich, Martinus W. Beijerinck, and Sergei N. Winogradsky in the field of Microbiology.	
Unit 2 Diversity of Microbial World	Lectures 4
Systems of classification: Basic idea about Haeckel and Whittaker's kingdom concept and domain concept of Carl Woese. Aim and principles of classification, systematics and taxonomy, concept of species, taxa, strain. General characteristics and representative members of different groups: Cellular microorganisms (Archaea, Bacteria, Algae, Fungi and Protozoa). Acellular microorganisms (Viruses, Viroids, Prions).	
Unit 3 Basic Microscopy	Lectures 4
Principle of Bright Field Microscope, Dark Field Microscope, Phase Contrast Microscope.	
Unit 4 Phycology	Lectures 10
General characteristics of algae: occurrence, thallus organization, cell ultrastructure, pigments, flagella, eye spot, food reserves and vegetative, asexual and sexual reproduction. Economic importance of algae.	
Unit 5 Mycology	Lectures 10
General characteristics of fungi: habitat, distribution, nutritional requirements, fungal cell ultra-structure, thallus organization and aggregation. Economic importance of fungi.	

**Unit 6 Protozoa****Lectures 4**

General characteristics of protozoa: Occurrence, cell ultra-structure, organs and appendages, nutrition, locomotion and economic importance.

Reference Books

1. Tortora GJ, Funke BR and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition.
2. Madigan M T, Martinko J M, Dunlap P V and Clark D P. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson International Edition.
3. Cappuccino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition. Pearson Education Limited
4. Wiley J M, Sherwood L M and Woolverton C J. (2013) Prescott's Microbiology. 9th Edition. McGraw-Hill International.
5. Atlas R M. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. W.M.T. Brown Publishers.
6. Pelczar M J, Chan ECS and Krieg NR. (1993). Microbiology. 5th edition. McGraw Hill Book Company.
7. Banerjee AK and Banerjee N (2006). Fundamentals of Microbiology and Immunology. New Central Book Agency (NCBA).

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Microbiology Laboratory Management and Biosafety
2. To study the principle and applications of important instruments (autoclave, incubator, hot air oven, centrifuge, light microscope, pH meter) used in the microbiology laboratory
3. Preparation of culture media (Nutrient Broth and Nutrient Agar) for bacterial cultivation
4. Sterilization of medium using Autoclave and assessment for sterility
5. Sterilization of glassware using Hot Air Oven
6. Sterilization of heat sensitive material by filtration.
7. Study of *Penicillium* using permanent mounts.
8. Study of *Chlamydomonas* using permanent Mounts.
9. Study of *Paramecium* using permanent mounts.



Multidisciplinary Course

MD-1: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

Course Code: S/MCB/ 103/MD-1

Credit: 3

(Theory: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students can have the knowledge about tools of diagnostic and detection methods different diseases.

Unit 1: Importance of Diagnosis of Diseases	Lectures: 02
Bacterial, Viral, Fungal and Protozoan Diseases of various human body systems, Disease Associated clinical samples for diagnosis	
Unit 2: Collection of Clinical Samples	Lectures: 04
Collection of clinical samples(Sputum, Skin, Blood, Urine and Stool)with proper precautions Method of transport of clinical samples to the laboratory and storage	
Unit 3: Direct Microscopic Examination and Culture	Lectures: 04
Examination of sample by staining - Gram staining, Ziehl-Neelson staining, Giem sustaining Preparation and use of culture media-Blood agar, Chocolate agar, Lowenstein-Jensen medium,MacConkey agar.	
Unit 4: Serological and Molecular Methods	Lectures: 06
Serological Methods -Agglutination, ELISA, Immunofluorescence, Nucleic acid based methods -PCR, Nucleic acid probes	
Unit 5: Detection of Pathogens	Lectures: 04
Typhoid, Dengue and HIV	
Unit 6: Testing for Antibiotic Sensitivity in Bacteria	Lectures: 10
General idea about resistance/sensitivity of bacteria against antibiotic (Penicillin/Streptomycin), Disc diffusion method & Minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic (Penicillin/Streptomycin).	
Reference Books	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ananthanarayan R and Paniker C K J (2009) Textbook of Microbiology, 8th edition,Universities Press Private Ltd. Brooks G.F.,Carroll K.C.,Butel J.S.,Morse S.A.and Mietzner, T.A.(2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication Collee JG, Duguid JP, Fraser AG, Marmion BP(1989) Practical Medical Microbiology, 13th edition, Churchill Livingstone Randhawa, VS, Mehta G and Sharma KB(2009) Practicals and Viva in Medical Microbiology 2nd edition, Elsevier India Pvt Ltd 	



Skill Enhancement Course

SEC-1: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS (P)

Course Code: S/MCB/104/SEC-1

Credits: 3

(Practical: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students will gain knowledge and hands-on-training regarding diagnostic procedures in health clinics.

PRACTICAL	
Unit 1:	Lectures: 06
Collection of clinical samples (Sputum, Skin, Blood, Urine and Stool) with proper precautions	
Unit 2:	Lectures: 04
Method of transport and storage of clinical samples	
Unit 3:	Lectures: 04
Examination of sample by staining - Gram staining, Ziehl-Neelson staining	
Unit 4:	Lectures: 06
Preparation and use of culture media-Blood agar, Chocolate agar, TCBS Agar, MacConkey agar	
Unit 5:	Lectures: 02
Rapid Detection of Typhoid	
Unit 6:	Lectures: 04
Demonstration on resistance/sensitivity of bacteria against antibiotic (Penicillin/Streptomycin) using disc diffusion method	
Unit 7:	Lectures: 04
Demonstration on minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic (Penicillin/ Streptomycin)	
Unit 8:	
Field study	

Reference Books

- Ananthanarayan R and Paniker CKJ (2009) Textbook of Microbiology, 8th edition, Universities Press Private Ltd.
- Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication
- Collee JG, Duguid JP, Fraser AG, Marmion BP(1989) Practical Medical Microbiology, 13th edition, Churchill Livingstone
- Randhawa, VS, Mehta G and Sharma KB (2009) Practicals and Viva in Medical Microbiology



SEMESTER- II

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/201/ MJC-2	Bacteriology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/202/ MN-2	Bacteriology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 203 MD-2	Microbiological Analysis of Air and Water (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/204/ SEC-2	Microbiological Analysis of Air and Water	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/205/ AEC-2	MIL-1(Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	2	10	40	50
ACS/206/ VAC 2	Understanding India	4	10	40	50
	Total	20	60	240	300



Major Course

MJC 2: BACTERIOLOGY

Course Code: S/MCB/201/MJC-2

Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students get a prominent knowledge on detailed cell organization, arrangement and other characteristic features of a bacterial cell.
- Students will learn about bacterial growth, nutrition, motility and reproduction processes.
- Students perform pure cultures techniques to isolate, study, identify and preserve bacterial strains.

Unit 1 Cell organization	Lectures: 10
Cell size, shape and arrangement, glycocalyx, capsule, flagella, endoflagella, fimbriae and pili. Cell-wall: Composition and detailed structure of Gram-positive and Gram-negative cell walls, Archaeobacterial cell wall, Differences between Eubacteria and archaeobacteria. Gram and acid-fast staining mechanisms, lipopolysaccharide (LPS), sphaeroplasts, protoplasts, and L-forms. Cell Membrane: Structure, function and chemical composition of bacterial and archaeal cell membranes. Cytoplasmic inclusions. Endospore: Structure, formation, stages of sporulation.	
Unit 2 Bacteriological techniques	Lectures: 6
Pure culture isolation: Streaking, serial dilution and plating methods; cultivation, cultivation of anaerobic bacteria, and accessing non-culturable bacteria.	
Unit 3 Growth and nutrition	Lectures: 6
Nutritional requirements in bacteria and nutritional categories; Culture media: components of media, natural and synthetic media, chemically defined media, complex media, selective, differential, indicator, enriched media and enrichment technique.	
Unit 4 Reproduction in Bacteria	Lectures: 6
Definitions of growth, measurement of microbial growth, Batch culture, Continuous culture. Mode of reproduction, logarithmic representation of bacterial populations, phases of growth, calculation of generation time and specific growth rate.	
Unit 5 Important archaeal and eubacterial groups	Lectures:8
Archaeobacteria: General characteristics, suitable example and economic importance.	



Eubacteria: General characteristics with suitable example.

Non proteo-bacteria, Proteo-bacteria; Low G+C (Firmicutes), High G+C (Actinobacteria).

Cyanobacteria: Introduction & economic importance.

Unit6 Culture preservation techniques

Lectures: 4

Maintenance and Preservation / stocking of pure cultures

Short-term preservation methods: slant, stab, mineral oil, long-term preservation methods: lyophilization, cryopreservation

Reference Books

1. Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition M. T. Brown Publishers.
2. Black JG. (2008). Microbiology: Principles and Explorations. 7th edition. Prentice Hall
3. Madigan MT, and Martinko JM. (2014). Brock Biology of Micro-organisms. 14th edition. Parker J. Prentice Hall International, Inc.
4. Pelczar Jr MJ, Chan ECS, and Krieg NR. (2004). Microbiology. 5th edition Tata McGraw Hill.
5. Srivastava S and Srivastava PS. (2003). Understanding Bacteria. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht
6. Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (2005). General Microbiology. 5th edition McMillan.
7. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition Pearson Education.
8. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.
9. Cappuccino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition. Pearson Education Limited

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Simple staining
2. Negative Staining
3. Gram's staining
4. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria from soil by spread plate method.
5. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria from water by pour plate and streak plate method.
6. Preservation of bacterial cultures (slant and stab).
7. Isolation and enumeration of bacteria from air.
8. Bacterial Motility by hanging drop method



Minor Course

MN-2: BACTERIOLOGY

Course Code: S/MCB/202/MN-2

Credit: 4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students get a prominent knowledge on detailed cell organization, arrangement and other characteristic features of a bacterial cell.
- Students will learn about bacterial growth, nutrition, motility and reproduction processes.
- Students perform pure cultures techniques to isolate, study, identify and preserve bacterial strains.

Unit 1 Cell organization	Lectures: 10
Cell size, shape and arrangement, glycocalyx, capsule, flagella, endoflagella, fimbriae and pili. Cell-wall: Composition and detailed structure of Gram-positive and Gram-negative cell walls, Archaeobacterial cell wall, Differences between Eubacteria and archaeobacteria. Gram and acid-fast staining mechanisms, lipopolysaccharide (LPS), sphaeroplasts, protoplasts, and L-forms. Cell Membrane: Structure, function and chemical composition of bacterial and archaeal cell membranes. Cytoplasmic inclusions. Endospore: Structure, formation, stages of sporulation.	
Unit 2 Bacteriological techniques	Lectures: 6
Pure culture isolation: Streaking, serial dilution and plating methods; cultivation, cultivation of anaerobic bacteria, and accessing non-culturable bacteria.	
Unit 3 Growth and nutrition	Lectures: 6
Nutritional requirements in bacteria and nutritional categories; Culture media: components of media, natural and synthetic media, chemically defined media, complex media, selective, differential, indicator, enriched media and enrichment technique.	
Unit 4 Reproduction in Bacteria	Lectures: 6
Definitions of growth, measurement of microbial growth, Batch culture, Continuous culture. Mode of reproduction, logarithmic representation of bacterial populations, phases of growth, calculation of generation time and specific growth rate.	
Unit 5 Important archaeal and eubacterial groups	Lectures: 8
Archaeobacteria: General characteristics, suitable example and economic importance.	



Eubacteria: General characteristics with suitable example.

Non proteo-bacteria, Proteo-bacteria; Low G+C (Firmicutes), High G+C (Actinobacteria).

Cyanobacteria: Introduction & economic importance.

Unit6 Culture preservation techniques

Lectures: 4

Maintenance and Preservation / stocking of pure cultures

Short-term preservation methods: slant, stab, mineral oil, long-term preservation methods: lyophilization, cryopreservation

Reference Books

1. Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition M. T. Brown Publishers.
2. BlackJG.(2008).Microbiology:PrinciplesandExplorations.7thedition.PrenticeHall
3. Madigan MT, and Martinko JM. (2014). Brock Biology of Micro-organisms. 14th edition. Parker J. Prentice Hall International, Inc.
4. Pelczar Jr MJ, Chan ECS, and Krieg NR. (2004). Microbiology. 5th edition Tata McGraw Hill.
5. Srivastava S and Srivastava PS. (2003). Understanding Bacteria. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht
6. Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (2005). General Microbiology. 5th edition McMillan.
7. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition Pearson Education.
8. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.
9. Cappucino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition. Pearson Education Limited

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Simple staining
2. Negative Staining
3. Gram's staining
4. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria from soil by spread plate method.
5. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria from water by pour plate and streak plate method.
6. Preservation of bacterial cultures (slant and stab).
7. Isolation and enumeration of bacteria from air.
8. Bacterial Motility by hanging drop method



Multidisciplinary Course

MD-2: MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF AIR AND WATER (T)

Course Code: S/MCB/ 203/ MD-2

Credit: 3

(Theory: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students can have the knowledge and hands-on-training about microbiological analysis of air and water.

Unit 1 Aeromicrobiology	Lectures: 06
Bioaerosols, Airborne microorganisms (bacteria, Viruses, fungi, each from every category) and their Impact on human health, and environment, significance in food and pharma industries and operation theatres, allergens.	
Unit 2 Air Sample Collection and Analysis	Lectures: 06
Bioaerosol sampling, air samplers, methods of analysis, CFU, culture media for bacteria and fungi, Identification characteristics	
Unit 3 Control Measures	Lectures: 04
Fate of Bioaerosols, inactivation mechanisms –UV light, HEPA filters, desiccation, Incineration	
Unit 4 Water Microbiology	Lectures: 04
Water borne pathogens, water borne diseases	
Unit 5 Microbiological Analysis of Water	Lectures: 06
Sample Collection, Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability of water samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive/MPN tests, confirmed and completed Tests for faecal coliforms (b) Membrane filter technique and (c) Presence/absence tests	
Unit 6 Control Measures	Lectures: 04
Precipitation, chemical disinfection, filtration, high temperature, UV light	

Reference Books

- da Silva N, Taniwaki MH, Junqueira VC, Silveira N, Nascimento MS, Gomes RAR (2012) Microbiological Examination Methods of Food and Water. A Laboratory Manual, CRC Press
- Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
- Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press
- Hurst CJ, Crawford RL, Garland JL, Lipson DA (2007) Manual of Environmental Microbiology, 3rd edition, ASM press



Skill Enhancement Course

SEC-2: MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF AIR AND WATER (P)

Course Code: S/MCB/204/SEC-2

Credits: 3

(Practical: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students can have the knowledge and hands-on-training about microbiological analysis of air and water.

PRACTICAL
Unit 1:
Bioaerosol sampling, growth on culture media and CFU counting
Unit 2:
Standard qualitative procedure: presumptive/MPN tests, confirmed and completed tests of water potability
Unit 3:
Isolation and morphological characterization of bacteria from aquatic water
Unit 4:
Analysis of water sample by Membrane filter technique
Unit 5:
Demonstration on the function of UV light, HEPA filters, desiccation, Incineration, Precipitation, chemical disinfection and filtration
Unit 6:
Field study

Reference Books
1. da Silva N, Taniwaki MH, Junqueira VC, Silveira N, Nascimento MS, Gomes RAR (2012) Microbiological Examination Methods of Food and Water, A Laboratory Manual, CRC Press
2. Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4 th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
3. Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2 nd edition, Academic Press
4. Hurst CJ, Crawford RL, Garland JL, Lipson DA (2007) Manual of Environmental Microbiology, 3 rd edition, ASM press



SEMESTER- III

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/301/MJC-3	Biochemistry	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/302/MJC-4	Virology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/303/MN-3	Virology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/304 MD-3	Food Fermentation Techniques (For students of other discipline)	3 (T)	10	40 (T 40)	50
S/MCB/305/SEC-1	Food Fermentation Techniques	3 (P)	10	40 (P 40)	50
ACS/306/ AEC-3	MIL-2(Bengali/Sanskrit/Santali)	2	10	40	50
Total		20	60	240	300



Major Courses

MJC 3: BIOCHEMISTRY

Course Code: S/MCB/301/MJC-3
Credit:4
(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)
Learning Outcome

- The students come to know about Bioenergetics.
- Students learn about properties, classification, stereo isomerism, Haworth projection of carbohydrates.
- Students learn about classification, structures and properties of fatty acids.
- Students gain knowledge on structures & Functions of proteins, Zwitterions.
- Students become capable of drawing Titration curve of amino acid.
- Students learn about Classification, Michaelis-Menten equation, induced fit hypothesis & mechanism of action of enzymes.

Unit 1 Physicochemical Properties of water	Lectures 4
Tetra-hedron structure of water molecule, physical properties, ionic product of water, pH & pK – their definition, relation to acids, bases & buffers in biological system. Electrostatic bond, hydrogen bond, hydrophobic bonds & Van der Waals interactions.	
Unit 2 Bioenergetics	Lectures 4
First and second laws of Thermodynamics. Definitions of Gibbs Free Energy, enthalpy and Entropy and mathematical relationship among them, Standard free energy change and equilibrium constant Coupled reactions and additive nature of standard free energy change, Energy rich compounds: Phosphoenol pyruvate, ATP.	
Unit 3 Carbohydrates	Lectures 6
General properties, classification of carbohydrates, families of monosaccharides: structural concept of aldoses and ketoses, trioses, tetroses, pentoses, and hexoses (glucose and fructose). Stereo isomerism of monosaccharides, epimers and anomers of glucose, Mutarotation, optical isomerism. Furanose and pyranose forms of glucose and fructose, Haworth projection formulae for glucose; chair and boat forms of glucose, Sugar derivatives, glucosamine, galactosamine, muramic acid, N- acetyl neuraminic acid, Disaccharides; concept of reducing and non-reducing sugars, occurrence and Haworth projections of maltose, lactose, and sucrose, Polysaccharides, storage polysaccharides, starch and glycogen. Structural Polysaccharides, cellulose and peptidoglycan.	
Unit 4 Lipids	Lectures 6
Fatty acids: definition, types, structures and functions, essential fatty acids. Lipid: definition, nomenclature and classification (triacylglycerols, phosphoglycerides, phosphatidylethanolamine, phosphatidylcholine, sphingosine, ceramide, sphingomyelins, cerebroside and gangliosides) with structures and properties. Functions of lipid. Introduction of lipid micelles, monolayers, bilayers.	



Unit 5 Proteins	Lectures 6
<p>Amino acids: the building blocks of proteins. General formula of amino acid and concept of zwitterion. Classification, biochemical structure and notation of standard protein amino acids. Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary structures of Protein.</p>	
Unit 6. Enzymes	Lectures 8
<p>Enzyme: Definition, properties; Apoenzyme, coenzyme and cofactors. Classification of enzymes; isozyme, ribozyme & abzyme Mechanism of action of enzymes: enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten equation and their transformations, Km, Vmax and enzyme inhibition. Lock and key hypothesis, and Induced Fit hypothesis. Factors of enzyme activity: pH, temperature, substrate concentration, enzyme concentration, time.</p>	
Unit 7. Vitamins and Nucleic Acids	Lectures 6
<p>Classification and characteristics of with suitable examples, sources and importance. (Vitamin A, B, C, D,E & K). Purine and pyrimidine bases, nucleoside, nucleotide-structure, properties. Types of DNA and RNA.</p>	

Reference Books
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Campbell, MK (2012) Biochemistry, 7th ed., Published by Cengage Learning. 2. Campbell, PN and Smith AD (2011) Biochemistry Illustrated, 4th ed., Published by ChurchillLivingstone. 3. Berg JM, Tymoczko JL and Stryer L (2011) Biochemistry, W.H.Freeman and Company. 4. Nelson DL and Cox MM (2008) Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 5th Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company. 5. Willey MJ, Sherwood, LM & Woolverton C J (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology by. 9th Ed., McGrawHill. 6. Voet, D. and Voet J.G (2004) Biochemistry 3rd edition, John Wiley and Sons.

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30	Marks: 15
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of pH and buffers, preparation of buffers – phosphate and acetate buffer. 2. Qualitative/Quantitative tests for carbohydrates, reducing sugars (DNS method). 3. Qualitative/Quantitative tests for proteins (Lowry method), amino acids (Ninhydrine), DNA (DPA) and RNA (Orcinol) 4. Qualitative assay of enzyme activity (alpha amylase). 	

**MJC 4: Virology****Course Code: S/MCB/302/MJC-4****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students can have the knowledge about capsid symmetry, isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses.
- Students came to know about early and late proteins in maintaining lytic and lysogenic cycle of T4/T2 phage.
- Students will have a thorough understanding on structure, nucleic acid, replication and symptoms of viruses.
- Students will have a broad idea about oncogenic DNA and RNA viruses.
- Students will be acquainted with Gene expression & Gene therapy.

Unit 1: Nature and Properties of Viruses	Lectures 8
Introduction: Discovery of viruses, nature and definition of viruses, general properties Concept of virusoids, and satellite viruses Structure of Viruses: Symmetry, enveloped and non-enveloped virus. Isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses. Viral taxonomy: Baltimore Classification and nomenclature of different groups of viruses.	
Unit 2: Bacteriophages	Lectures 6
Diversity, classification, lytic and lysogenic cycle of T4/T2 phage. Lysogenic to lytic switch over mechanism.	
Unit 3: Viral Transmission, Salient features of viral nucleic acids and	Lectures 8
Structure, transmission, replication, symptoms, preventive measures & treatment of: Adenovirus, Hepatitis B virus, Influenzavirus, HIV, SARS-CoV-2.	
Unit 4: Viruses and Cancer	Lectures 6
Introduction to oncogenic viruses Types of oncogenic DNA and RNA viruses. Concepts of oncogenes and proto-oncogenes.	
Unit 5: Prevention & control of viral diseases	Lectures 8
Antiviral compounds and their mode of actions. Basic concept about Viral Vaccine.	
Unit 6: Applications of Virology	Lectures 4
Use of viral vectors in cloning and expression, Gene therapy, Phage therapy	

Reference Books

1. Dimmock, NJ, Easton, AL, Leppard, KN (2007). Introduction to Modern Virology. 6th edition, Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
2. Murray PR, Rosenthal KS, Kobayashi GS, Pfaller MA. Medical Microbiology. 3rd edition, Mosby, Inc



3. Carter J and Saunders V (2007). Virology: Principles and Applications. John Wiley and Sons.
4. Flint SJ, Enquist, LW, Krug, RM, Racaniello, VR, Skalka, AM (2004). Principles of Virology, Molecular biology, Pathogenesis and Control. 2nd edition. ASM press Washington DC.
5. Wagner EK, Hewlett MJ. (2004). Basic Virology. 2nd edition. Blackwell Publishing.
- Nayudu MV. (2008). Plant Viruses. Tata McGraw Hill, India.

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Study of the structure of important animal viruses (Rhabdo and Retroviruses) using electron micrographs
2. Study of the structure of important plant viruses (TMV, Cucumber Mosaic Viruses) using electron micrographs
3. Study of the structure of important bacterial viruses (T4, λ) using electron micrograph.
4. Isolation and enumeration of bacteriophages (PFU) from water/sewage sample using double agar layer technique



Minor Course

MN 3: Virology

Course Code: S/MCB/303/MN-3
Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students can have the knowledge about capsid symmetry, isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses.
- Students came to know about early and late proteins in maintaining lytic and lysogenic cycle of T4/T2 phage.
- Students will have a thorough understanding on structure, nucleic acid, replication and symptoms of viruses.
- Students will have a broad idea about oncogenic DNA and RNA viruses.
- Students will be acquainted with Gene expression & Gene therapy.

Unit 1: Nature and Properties of Viruses	Lectures 8
Introduction: Discovery of viruses, nature and definition of viruses, general properties Concept of virusoids, and satellite viruses Structure of Viruses: Symmetry, enveloped and non-enveloped virus. Isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses. Viral taxonomy: Baltimore Classification and nomenclature of different groups of viruses.	
Unit 2: Bacteriophages	Lectures 6
Diversity, classification, lytic and lysogenic cycle of T4/T2 phage. Lysogenic to lytic switch over mechanism.	
Unit 3: Viral Transmission, Salient features of viral nucleic acids and	Lectures 8
Structure, transmission, replication, symptoms, preventive measures & treatment of: Adenovirus, Hepatitis B virus, Influenzavirus, HIV, SARS-CoV-2.	
Unit 4: Viruses and Cancer	Lectures 6
Introduction to oncogenic viruses Types of oncogenic DNA and RNA viruses. Concepts of oncogenes and proto-oncogenes.	
Unit 5: Prevention & control of viral diseases	Lectures 8
Antiviral compounds and their mode of actions. Basic concept about Viral Vaccine.	
Unit 6: Applications of Virology	Lectures 4
Use of viral vectors in cloning and expression, Gene therapy, Phage therapy	

Reference Books

3. Dimmock, NJ, Easton, AL, Leppard, KN (2007). Introduction to Modern Virology. 6th edition, Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
4. Murray PR, Rosenthal KS, Kobayashi GS, Pfaller MA. Medical Microbiology. 3rd edition, Mosby, Inc



6. Carter J and Saunders V (2007). Virology: Principles and Applications. John Wiley and Sons.
7. Flint SJ, Enquist, LW, Krug, RM, Racaniello, VR, Skalka, AM (2004). Principles of Virology, Molecular biology, Pathogenesis and Control. 2nd edition. ASM press Washington DC.
8. Wagner EK, Hewlett MJ. (2004). Basic Virology. 2nd edition. Blackwell Publishing.
- Nayudu MV. (2008). Plant Viruses. Tata McGraw Hill, India.

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Study of the structure of important animal viruses (Rhabdo and Retroviruses) using electron micrographs
2. Study of the structure of important plant viruses (TMV, Cucumber Mosaic Viruses) using electron micrographs
3. Study of the structure of important bacterial viruses (T4, λ) using electron micrograph.
4. Isolation and enumeration of bacteriophages (PFU) from water/sewage sample using double agar layer technique



Multidisciplinary Course

MD-3: FOOD FERMENTATION TECHNIQUES

Course Code: S/MCB/ 304/MD-3

Credit: 3

(Theory: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students will study fermenting organisms from different foods
- Students will gain knowledge about different types of fermented foods and their health benefits

Unit 1: Fermented Foods	Lectures: 04
Definition, types, advantages and health benefits	
Unit 2: Milk Based Fermented Foods	Lectures: 08
Dahi, Yogurt, Buttermilk (Chach) and cheese: Preparation of inoculums, types of microorganisms and production process	
Unit 3: Grain Based Fermented Foods	Lectures: 06
Soy sauce, Bread, Idli and Dosa: Microorganisms and production process	
Unit 4: Vegetable Based Fermented Foods	Lectures: 04
Pickles, Sauerkraut: Microorganisms and production process	
Unit 5: Fermented Meat and Fish	Lectures: 04
Types, microorganisms involved, fermentation process	
Unit 6: Probiotic Foods	Lectures: 04
Definition, types, microorganisms and health benefits	
Reference Books	
1. Hui YH, Meunier-Goddik L, Josephsen J, Nip WK, Stanfield PS (2004) Handbook of food and fermentation technology, CRC Press 2. Holzapfel W (2014) Advances in Fermented Foods and Beverages, Woodhead Publishing. 3. Yadav JS, Grover, S and Batish VK (1993) A comprehensive dairy microbiology, Metropolitan 4. Jay JM, Loessner MJ, Golden DA (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer	



Skill Enhancement Course

SEC-3: FOOD FERMENTATION TECHNIQUES (P)

Course Code: S/MCB/305/SEC-3

Credits: 3

(Practical: Lectures 30 /Marks 40)

Learning Outcome

- Students will study fermenting organisms from different foods
- Students will gain knowledge and hands-on-training on preparation of fermented foods

PRACTICAL
Unit 1:
Isolation and characterization of microorganisms from a fermented food
Unit 2:
Preparation of Milk-based fermented foods (Buttermilk, Dahi vada)
Unit 3:
Preparation of Grain-based fermented foods (Bread, Idli, Dosa)
Unit 4:
Preparation of vegetable-based fermented foods (Pickles, Sauerkraut)
Unit 5:
Isolation and characterization of microorganisms from a rotten food
Unit 6:
A visit to any food or beverage industry

Reference Books

1. Hui YH, Meunier-Goddik L, Josephsen J, Nip WK, Stanfield PS (2004) Handbook of food and fermentation technology, CRC Press
2. Holzapfel W (2014) Advances in Fermented Foods and Beverages, Woodhead Publishing.
3. Yadav JS, Grover, S and Batish VK (1993) A comprehensive dairy microbiology, Metropolitan
4. Jay JM, Loessner MJ, Golden DA (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer



SEMESTER- IV

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/401/MJC-5	Microbial Physiology & Metabolism	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/402/MJC-6	Food & Dairy Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/403/MJC-7	Environmental Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/404/MJC-8	Bacterial Pathogenesis	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/405/MN-4	Food & Dairy Microbiology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
ACS/406/AEC-4	Compulsory English: Literature, Language and Communication	2	10	40	50
Total		22	60	240	300



Major Courses

MJC 5: MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM

Course Code: S/MCB/401/MJC-5

Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students will be acquainted with carbohydrate metabolism and electron transport system.
- Students can have brief idea about Passive and facilitated diffusion & Nutrient uptake procedure.
- Students will analysis effect of temperature, pH & NaCl on bacterial growth.

Unit 1 Microbial Growth and Effect of Environment	Lectures 6
Microbial growth in response to environment -Temperature (psychrophiles, mesophiles, thermophiles, extremophiles, thermodurics, psychrotrophs), pH (acidophiles, alkaliphiles), solute and water activity (halophiles, xerophiles, osmophilic), Oxygen (aerobic, anaerobic, microaerophilic, facultative aerobe, facultative anaerobe), barophilic. Microbial growth in response to nutrition and energy (Definition with example only) – Autotroph/Phototroph, heterotroph, Chemolithoautotroph, Chemolithoheterotroph, Chemoheterotroph, Chemolithotroph, photolithoautotroph, Photoorganoheterotroph.	
Unit 2 Nutrient uptake and Transport	Lectures 4
Passive and facilitated diffusion. Primary and secondary active transport, concept of uniport, symport and antiport. Group translocation. Iron uptake.	
Unit 3 Chemoheterotrophic Metabolism - Aerobic Respiration	Lectures 10
Concept of aerobic respiration. Sugar degradation pathways i.e. EMP, ED, Pentose phosphate pathway, Glyoxylate cycle, TCA cycle. Electron transport chain: components of respiratory chain, comparison of mitochondrial and bacterial ETC, Electron transport phosphorylation.	
Unit 4 Chemoheterotrophic Metabolism- Anaerobic respiration and fermentation	Lectures 8
Anaerobic respiration with special reference to dissimilatory nitrate reduction (Denitrification; nitrate/nitrite and nitrate/ammonia respiration; fermentative nitrate reduction). Fermentation - Alcohol fermentation and Pasteur effect; Lactate fermentation (homo fermentative and hetero fermentative pathways), concept of linear and branched fermentation pathways.	
Unit 5 Chemolithotrophic and Phototrophic Metabolism	Lectures 8
Introduction to aerobic and anaerobic chemolithotrophy with an example each. Hydrogen oxidation (definition and reaction) and methanogenesis (definition and reaction). Introduction to phototrophic metabolism - groups of phototrophic microorganisms, anoxygenic vs. oxygenic Photosynthesis with reference to photosynthesis in green bacteria, purple bacteria and cyanobacteria.	



Unit 6 Nitrogen Metabolism - an overview	Lectures 6
<p>Introduction to biological nitrogen fixation.</p> <p>Ammonia assimilation.</p> <p>Assimilatory nitrate reduction, dissimilatory nitrate reduction, denitrification.</p>	
Unit 7 Amino acid and Lipid Metabolism	Lectures 8
<p>Endo- and exo-peptidase, Transamination, Deamination, Transmethylation and decarboxylation. General idea about biosynthesis of amino acid (Aromatic Amino acid family)</p> <p>Beta-oxidation of even and odd number, saturated and unsaturated fatty acids</p>	

Reference Books
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Madigan MT, and Martinko JM (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. PrenticeHall International Inc. 2. Moat AG and Foster JW. (2002). Microbial Physiology. 4th edition. John Wiley & Sons 3. Reddy SR and Reddy SM. (2005). Microbial Physiology. Scientific Publishers India 4. Gottschalk G. (1986). Bacterial Metabolism. 2nd edition. Springer Verlag 6. Stanier RY, Ingrahm JI, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (1987). General Microbiology. 5th edition,McMillan Press. 7. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

PRACTICAL
Lectures: 30 Marks: 15

List of Practical
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Study and plot the growth curve of <i>E. coli</i> by turbidometric methods. Calculations of generation time and specific growth rate 2. Effect of temperature and pH on growth of <i>E. coli</i> 3. Demonstration of the thermal death time and decimal reduction time of <i>E. coli</i>. 4. Demonstration of Di-auxic growth of <i>E. Coli</i> 5. Biochemical Tests: Catalase, Protease & Acid gas production

**MJC 6: FOOD AND DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY****Course Code: S/MCB/402/MJC-6****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will study microbial spoilage of various foods, intrinsic and extrinsic factors of microbial activity.
- Students will gain knowledge on physical & chemical methods of food preservation.
- Students will have idea on beneficial role of gut probiotics, traditional fermented foods and their wide nutritional values.
- Students will study different food infections & intoxications.

Unit 1 Foods as a substrate for microorganisms	Lectures: 6
Intrinsic and extrinsic factors that affect growth and survival of microbes in foods, natural flora and Source of contamination of foods in general.	
Unit 2 Microbial spoilage of various foods	Lectures: 6
Principles, Spoilage of vegetables, fruits, meat, eggs, milk and butter, bread, canned Foods	
Unit 3 Principles and methods of food preservation	Lectures: 8
Principles, physical methods of food preservation: temperature (low, high, canning, drying), irradiation, hydrostatic pressure, high voltage pulse, microwave processing and aseptic packaging, chemical methods of food preservation: salt, sugar, organic acids, SO ₂ , nitrite and nitrates, ethylene oxide, antibiotics and bacteriocins	
Unit 4 Fermented foods	Lectures: 8
Dairy starter cultures, fermented dairy products: yogurt, acidophilus milk, dahi and cheese, other fermented foods: dosa, sauerkraut, soy sauce.	
Unit 5 Probiotics	Lectures: 8
General concept on Probiotic, Prebiotic & Synbiotic, salient features, and health benefits Mode of action of probiotics, Common probiotic foods	
Unit 6 Food borne diseases (causative agents, foods involved, symptoms and preventive measures)	Lectures: 10
Food intoxications: <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , <i>Clostridium botulinum</i> Food infections: <i>Bacillus cereus</i> , <i>Vibrio parahaemolyticus</i> , <i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Salmonella typhi</i> , <i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> and <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i>	
Unit 7 Food sanitation and control	Lectures: 4
HACCP, Indices of food sanitary quality and sanitizers	

**Reference Books**

1. Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). Food Microbiology. 4th edition, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.
2. Banwart JM. (1987). Basic Food Microbiology. 1st edition. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
3. Davidson PM and Brannen AL. (1993). Antimicrobials in Foods. Marcel Dekker, New York.
4. Dillion VM and Board RG. (1996). Natural Antimicrobial Systems and Food Preservation. CABInternational, Wallingford, Oxon.
5. Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1992). Food Microbiology. 3rd edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, India.
6. Gould GW. (1995). New Methods of Food Preservation. Blackie Academic and Professional, London.
7. Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA. (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7th edition, CBSPublishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
8. Lund BM, Baird Parker AC, and Gould GW. (2000). The Microbiological Safety and Quality of Foods. Vol. 1-2, ASPEN Publication, Gaithersberg, MD.
9. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition. Pearson Education.

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. MBRT of milk samples and their standard plate count.
2. Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from a rotten food sample.
3. Preparation of Curd.
4. Demonstration on Nutritional assessment of food product.
5. A survey on fermented foods available in the local market.

**MJC 7: ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY****Course Code: SH/MCB/403/MJC-7****Credit: 4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will study microbial ecology & microbial interactions & impact of microorganisms in environment
- Students will gain advanced knowledge on Waste Management treatment.

Unit 1 Microorganisms and their Habitats	Lectures: 8
Structure and function of ecosystems, Terrestrial Environment: Soil profile and soil microflora, Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats, Atmosphere: Aero-microflora and dispersal of microbes, Animal Environment: Microbes in/on human body (Microbiomes) & animal (ruminants) body. Extreme Habitats: Extremophiles: Microbes thriving at high & low temperatures, pH, high hydrostatic & osmotic pressures, salinity, & low nutrient levels.	
Unit 2 Microbial Interactions	Lectures: 8
Microbe interactions: Mutualism, synergism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, Predation, Microbe-Plant interaction: Symbiotic and non-symbiotic interactions, Microbe-animal interaction: Microbes in ruminants, nematophagous fungi and symbiotic luminescent bacteria.	
Unit 3 Biogeochemical Cycling	Lectures: 8
Carbon cycle: Microbial degradation of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and chitin, Nitrogen cycle: Nitrogen fixation, ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and nitrate reduction, Phosphorus cycle: Phosphate immobilization and solubilization, Sulphur cycle: Microbes involved in Sulphur cycle, Other elemental cycles: Iron.	
Unit 4 Waste Management	Lectures: 8
Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill). Liquid waste management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD), Primary, secondary (oxidation ponds, trickling filter, activated sludge process and Septic tank) and tertiary sewage treatment. Application of Anammox organisms in water purification.	
Unit 5 Microbial Bioremediation	Lectures: 4
Principles and degradation of common pesticides, organic (hydrocarbons, oil spills) and inorganic (metals) matter, biosurfactants.	
Unit 6 Water Potability	Lectures: 4
Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability of water samples: (a) Standard qualitative procedure: presumptive test/MPN test, confirmed and completed tests for faecal coliforms (b) Membrane filter technique and (c) Presence/absence tests.	

**Reference Books**

1. Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
2. Madigan MT, Martinko JM and Parker J. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson/ Benjamin Cummings
3. Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press
4. Barton LL & Northup DE (2011). Microbial Ecology. 1st edition, Wiley Blackwell, USA
5. Campbell RE. (1983). Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford, England.
6. Coyne MS. (2001). Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach. Delmar Thomson Learning.
7. Lynch JM & Hobbie JE. (1988). Microorganisms in Action: Concepts & Application in Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, U.K.
8. Martin A. (1977). An Introduction to Soil Microbiology. 2nd edition. John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York & London.
9. Stolp H. (1988). Microbial Ecology: Organisms Habitats Activities. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England.
10. Subba Rao NS. (1999). Soil Microbiology. 4th edition. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.
11. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from soil (28°C & 45°C).
2. Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from rhizosphere and rhizoplane.
3. Rapid detection of coliform bacteria in water.
4. Demonstration of BOD of waste water sample.
5. Study the presence of microbial activity by detecting (qualitatively) enzymes (amylase and protease) in soil.

**MJC 8: BACTERIAL PATHOGENESIS****Course Code: SH/MCB/404/MJC-8****Credit: 4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students get a prominent knowledge on detailed cell organization, arrangement and other characteristic features of a bacterial cell.
- Students learn about Bacterial Pathogenesis.
- Students will learn about various antibiotics & their mode of action.

Unit 1 Introduction to Bacterial Pathogenesis	Lectures: 8
Basic concepts of infection and host-pathogen interactions, bacterial virulence factors, toxins (types, mechanisms of action, and their effects on the host).	
Unit 2 Mechanisms of Bacterial Pathogenesis	Lectures: 8
Adhesion factors involved in bacterial attachment, invasion strategies, host colonization, inflammatory response of host, tissue damage and disease progression, biofilm formation and quorum sensing.	
Unit 3 Bacterial Diseases	Lectures: 18
Causative agents, symptoms, mode of transmission, pathogenesis, treatment and control Respiratory disease: tuberculosis (<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>), pneumonia (<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>) Gastrointestinal disease: Salmonellosis (<i>Salmonella typhi</i>), cholera (<i>Vibrio cholerae</i>) Sexually transmitted infections: Gonorrhea (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>), syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>) Others: Urinary tract infections (<i>Escherichia coli</i>), Skin and soft tissue infection (<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>), tetanus (<i>Clostridium tetani</i>)	
Unit 4 Antibiotics	Lectures: 8
Definition, classification of antibiotics based on their mechanism of action: Mechanisms of action of antibiotics: Cell wall inhibitors (beta-lactams), Protein synthesis inhibitors (tetracyclines), DNA synthesis inhibitors (quinolones), RNA synthesis inhibitors (rifamycins). Quorum quenching. Lantibiotics.	
Unit 5 Antibiotic Resistance	Lectures: 8
Overview of antibiotic resistance mechanisms, factors contributing to the emergence and spread of antibiotic resistance, strategies to combat antibiotic resistance.	

**Reference Books**

1. Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. WM.T.Brown Publishers.
2. Black JG. (2008). Microbiology: Principles and Explorations. 7th edition. Prentice Hall
3. Madigan MT, and Martinko JM. (2014). Brock Biology of Micro-organisms. 14th edition. Parker J. Prentice Hall International, Inc.
4. Pelczar Jr MJ, Chan ECS, and Krieg NR. (2004). Microbiology. 5th edition Tata McGraw Hill.
5. Srivastava S and Srivastava PS. (2003). Understanding Bacteria. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht
6. Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (2005). General Microbiology. 5th edition McMillan.
7. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition Pearson Education.
8. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.
9. Cappuccino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition. Pearson Education Limited

PRACTICAL**LECTURES: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Identification and characterization: *E. coli*, *Salmonella*, *Staphylococcus*, *Bacillus* on the basis of morphological and Gram characteristics
2. Endospore & Acid Fast Staining
3. Identification of pathogenic bacteria through blood and chocolate agar media
4. Demonstration of routine and microscopic examination of urine sample.
5. Perform antibacterial sensitivity by disc-diffusion method.
6. Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic.



Minor Course

MN-4: FOOD AND DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY

Course Code: S/MCB/405/MN-4

Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students will study microbial spoilage of various foods, intrinsic and extrinsic factors of microbial activity.
- Students will gain knowledge on physical & chemical methods of food preservation.
- Students will have idea on beneficial role of gut probiotics, traditional fermented foods and their wide nutritional values.
- Students will study different food infections & intoxications.

Unit 1 Foods as a substrate for microorganisms	Lectures: 08
Intrinsic and extrinsic factors that affect growth and survival of microbes in foods, natural flora and Source of contamination of foods in general.	
Unit 2 Microbial spoilage of various foods	Lectures:08
Principles, Spoilage of vegetables, fruits, meat, eggs, milk and butter, bread, canned Foods	
Unit 3 Principles and methods of food preservation	Lectures: 08
Principles, physical methods of food preservation: temperature (low, high, canning, drying), irradiation, hydrostatic pressure, high voltage pulse, microwave processing and aseptic packaging, chemical methods of food preservation: salt, sugar, organic acids, SO ₂ , nitrite and nitrates, ethylene oxide, antibiotics and bacteriocins	
Unit 4 Fermented foods	Lectures: 06
Dairy starter cultures, fermented dairy products: yogurt, acidophilus milk, dahi and cheese, other fermented foods: dosa, sauerkraut, soy sauce.	
Unit 5 Probiotics	Lectures: 04
General concept, salient features, and health benefits Mode of action of probiotics, Common probiotic foods	
Unit 6 Food borne diseases (causative agents, foods involved, symptoms and preventive measures)	Lectures: 10
Food intoxications: <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , <i>Clostridium botulinum</i> Food infections: <i>Bacillus cereus</i> , <i>Vibrio parahaemolyticus</i> , <i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Salmonella typhi</i> , <i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> and <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i>	
Unit 7 Food sanitation and control	Lectures: 06
HACCP, Indices of food sanitary quality and sanitizers	

**Reference Books**

1. Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). Food Microbiology. 4th edition, New Age International(P)Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.
2. Banwart JM. (1987). Basic Food Microbiology. 1st edition. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
3. Davidson PM and Brannen AL. (1993). Antimicrobials in Foods. Marcel Dekker, New York.
4. Dillion VM and Board RG. (1996). Natural Antimicrobial Systems and Food Preservation. CAB International, Wallingford, Oxon.
5. Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1992). Food Microbiology. 3rd edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, India.
6. Gould GW. (1995). New Methods of Food Preservation. Blackie Academic and Professional, London.
7. Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA. (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7th edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
8. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition. Pearson Education.

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. MBRT of milk samples and their standard plate count.
2. Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from a rotten food sample.
3. Preparation of Curd.
4. Demonstration on Nutritional assessment of food product.
5. A survey on fermented foods available in the local market.



SEMESTER- V

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/501/MJC-9	Molecular Biology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/502/MJC-10	Fundamentals of Immunology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/503/MJC-11	Instrumentation and Biotechniques	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/504/MJC-12	Fungal, Protozoan and Viral Pathogenesis	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/505/MN- 5	Immunology (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
ACS/506/INT-3	Internship (Compulsory)	2	10	40	50
Total		22	60	240	300



Major Courses

MJC 9: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Course Code: S/MCB/501/MJC-9

Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students will have an overall knowledge about replication, transcription, post transcriptional processing and translation of prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- Students will learn about regulation of gene expression

Unit 1 Structures of DNA and RNA / Genetic Material	Lectures: 06
DNA Structure: Watson and Crick- historic perspective, DNA structure, and Salient features of double helix, Types of DNA, Types of genetic material, denaturation and renaturation, cot curves. DNA topology – linking number, topoisomerases; Organization of Genome: Prokaryotes (<i>E.coli</i>), Viruses (DNA virus-SV40, RNA virus-HIV), Eukaryotes (<i>S.cerevisiae</i>). RNA Structure, Organelle DNA – mitochondria and chloroplast DNA.	
Unit 2 Replication of DNA (Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes)	Lectures: 10
Bidirectional and unidirectional replication, semi- conservative, semi- discontinuous replication. Mechanism of DNA replication: Enzymes and proteins involved in DNA replication –DNA polymerases, DNA ligase, primase, telomerase – for replication of linear ends Various models of DNA replication including rolling circle, Θ (theta) mode of replication, Mismatch and excision repair	
Unit 3 Transcription in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes	Lectures: 08
Transcription: Definition, difference from replication, promoter - concept and strength of promoter RNA Polymerase and the transcription unit Transcription in Eukaryotes: RNA polymerases, general transcription factors.	
Unit 4 Post-Transcriptional Processing	Lectures: 08
Split genes, concept of introns and exons, RNA splicing, spliceosome machinery, concept of alternative splicing, Polyadenylation and capping, Processing of rRNA, RNA interference: si RNA, its significance in brief.	
Unit 5 Translation (Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes)	Lectures: 10
Translational machinery, Charging of tRNA, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, Mechanisms of initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Inhibitors of protein synthesis in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.	
Unit 6 Regulation of gene Expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes	Lectures: 08
Principles of transcriptional regulation, regulation at initiation with examples from <i>lac</i> and <i>trp</i> operons, Changes in Chromatin Structure -DNA methylation and Histone Acetylation mechanisms.	

**Reference Books**

1. Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP, Gann A, Levine M and Losick R (2008) Molecular Biology of the Gene, 6th edition, Cold Spring Harbour Lab. Press, Pearson Publication
2. Becker WM, Kleinsmith LJ, Hardin J and Bertoni GP (2009) The World of the Cell, 7th edition, Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco
3. De Robertis EDP and De Robertis EMF (2006) Cell and Molecular Biology, 8th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia
4. Karp G (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
5. Sambrook J and Russell DW. (2001). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. 4th Edition, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory press.
6. Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, 3rd Ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning
7. Gardner EJ, Simmons MJ, Snustad DP (2008). Principles of Genetics. 8th Ed. Wiley-India

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Study of different types of DNA and RNA using micrographs and model / schematic representations
2. Study of semi-conservative replication of DNA through micrographs / schematic representations
3. Estimation of purity of DNA & RNA sample through spectrophotometer.
4. Isolation of genomic DNA from *E. coli*
5. Resolution and visualization of DNA by Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.
6. Resolution and visualization of proteins by Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE).

**MJC 10: FUNDAMENTALS OF IMMUNOLOGY****Course Code: S/MCB/502/MJC-10****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will have fundamental concept on innate & adaptive immunity, immune cells and organs.
- Students will have concept on epitopes, adjuvants, haptens, MHC.
- Students will have knowledge on types, structure, and functions of antibodies.

Unit 1: Introduction	Lectures: 06
Contributions of following scientists to the development of field of immunology: Edward Jenner, Louis Pasteur, Karl Landsteiner, Robert Koch, Paul Ehrlich, Elie Metchnikoff, Peter Medawar, Emil von Behring, MacFarlane Burnet and Rodney Porter.	
Unit 2: Immune Cells and Organs	Lectures: 06
Structure, Functions and Properties of: Immune Cells –B cell, T cell, NK cell, Macrophage, Dendritic cell, Stem cell Immune Organs – Bone Marrow, Thymus, Lymph Node, Spleen	
Unit 3: Antigens	Lectures: 08
Characteristics of an antigen T-dependent and T-independent antigens Concept of Epitopes, Adjuvants, Haptens, Carrier	
Unit 4: Antibodies	Lectures: 08
Types, Structure, and Functions of antibodies Production and Clinical uses of Monoclonal antibodies	
Unit 5: Antigen-Antibody Interactions	Lectures: 06
Principles, types and applications of Precipitation and Agglutination reactions.	
Unit 6: Major Histocompatibility Complex	Lectures: 08
Organization of MHC locus (Mice & Human) Structure and Functions of MHC I molecule Structure and Functions of MHC II molecule	
Unit 7: Generation of Immune Response	Lectures: 08
Fundamental concept of Innate and Adaptive immunity Generation of Humoral and Cell Mediated Immune Response Antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC)	



Reference Books

1. Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
2. Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S. (2007). Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 6th edition Saunders Publication, Philadelphia.
3. Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology. 11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Determination of human blood groups.
2. Separation of serum from the blood sample.
3. Demonstration of immunoelectrophoresis.
4. Demonstration of immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.
5. Institute Visit.

**MJC 11: INSTRUMENTATION & BIOTECHNIQUES****Course Code: S/MCB/503/MJC-11****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will be acquainted with sophisticated instruments and Biotechniques.
- .Students will learn about various chromatographic techniques.

Unit 1 Microscopy	Lectures: 10
Bright field and dark field microscopy, Fluorescence Microscopy, Phase contrast Microscopy, Confocal Microscopy, Electron Microscopy (Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy) and Micrometry.	
Unit 2 Chromatography	Lectures: 14
Principles and applications of paper chromatography (including Descending and 2-D), Thin layer chromatography. Column packing and fraction collection. Gel filtration chromatography, ion exchange chromatography and affinity chromatography, GLC, HPLC.	
Unit 3 Electrophoresis	Lectures: 10
Principle and applications of native polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, SDS- polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, 2D gel electrophoresis, Isoelectric focusing, and Agarose gel electrophoresis.	
Unit 4 Spectrophotometry	Lectures: 08
Principle and use of study of absorption spectra of biomolecules. Basic instrumentations & analysis of biomolecules using UV and visible range. Colorimetry and turbidometry.	
Unit 5 Centrifugation	Lectures: 08
Preparative and analytical centrifugation, fixed angle and swinging bucket rotors. RCF and sedimentation coefficient, principle and application of differential centrifugation, density gradient Centrifugation and ultracentrifugation.	

**Reference Books :**

1. Wilson K and Walker J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. 7th Ed., Cambridge University Press.
2. Nelson DL and Cox MM. (2008). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 5th Ed., W.H. Freeman and Company.
3. Willey MJ, Sherwood LM & Woolverton C J. (2013). Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9th Ed., McGraw Hill.
4. Karp G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6th edition John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
5. De Robertis EDP and De Robertis EMF. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. 8th edition. Lipincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
6. Cooper G.M. and Hausman R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th Edition. ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington D.C., Sinauer Associates, MA.
7. Nigam A and Ayyagari A. 2007. Lab Manual in Biochemistry, Immunology and Biotechnology. Tata McGraw Hill.

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Ray diagrams of Fluorescence Microscopy
2. Ray diagrams of Phase Contrast Microscopy
3. Separation of mixtures by paper & Thin layer chromatography
4. Study of bacterial colony by Stereomicroscope
5. Separation of components of a given mixture using centrifuge
6. Qualitative & quantitative estimation of biomolecules (any one) by Spectrophotometer.

**MJC 12: FUNGAL, PROTOZOAN AND VIRAL PATHOGENESIS****Course Code: S/MCB/504/MJC-12****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will learn about various types of fungal, Protozoan and viral diseases.
- Students can have brief idea about pathogenesis, Transmission, symptoms and their mode of infection.
- Students will learn about different antimicrobial agents and their mode of action.

Unit 1: Fungal diseases	Lectures: 10
Brief description of mycoses Transmission, symptoms and prevention of Cutaneous mycoses: Tinea pedis (Athlete's foot) & Systemic mycoses: Histoplasmosis, opportunistic mycoses: Candidiasis.	
Unit 2: Protozoan disease	Lectures: 08
Mode of transmission, Symptoms, prophylaxis and control of following diseases: Malaria, Kala-azar.	
Unit 3: Viral diseases	Lectures: 08
Salient features, mode of transmission, symptoms, prophylaxis and control of following diseases: Ebola, Dengue, Chikungunya, Japanese Encephalitis.	
Unit 4: Antimicrobial agents	Lectures: 14
General characteristics and mode of action Antifungal agents: Mechanism of action of Amphotericin B, Griseofulvin Antiviral agents: Mechanism of action of Amantadine, Acyclovir, Azidothymidine. Anti-Protozoal medicine: Chloroquine phosphate, Liposomal amphotericin B.	
Unit 5: Host pathogen interaction	Lectures: 10
Opportunistic infections, Nosocomial infections. Transmission of infection, Pathophysiologic effects of LPS.	

Reference Books

1. Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J. (2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8th edition, University Press Publication
2. Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication
3. Goering R., Dockrell H., Zuckerman M. and Wakelin D. (2007) Mims' Medical Microbiology, 4th edition. Elsevier
4. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology, 9th edition, McGraw Hill Higher Education
5. Madigan MT, Martinko JM, Dunlap PV and Clark DP. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition, Pearson International Edition



PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Isolation and morphological characterization of fungi from garden soil.
2. Study of composition and use of important culture media: Sabouraud Dextrose Agar, Potato Dextrose Agar, Czapek-Dox Agar.
3. Fungal mounting
4. Study of various stages of malarial parasite from micrograph.
5. Study of the structure of important animal viruses (EBOLA and MONKEY POX) using electron micrograph.



Minor Course

MN-5: IMMUNOLOGY

Course Code: S/MCB/505/MN-5
Credit: 4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students will have fundamental concept on innate & adaptive immunity, immune cells and organs.
- Students will have concept on epitopes, adjuvants, haptens, MHC.
- Students will have knowledge on types, structure, and functions of antibodies.

Unit 1: Introduction	Lectures: 08
Contributions of following scientists to the development of field of immunology: Edward Jenner, Louis Pasteur, Karl Landsteiner, Robert Koch, Paul Ehrlich, Elie Metchnikoff, Peter Medawar, MacFarlane Burnet and Rodney Porter.	
Unit 2: Immune Cells and Organs	Lectures: 08
Structure, Functions and Properties of: Immune Cells –B cell, T cell, NK cell, Macrophage, Dendritic cell, Stem cell Immune Organs – Bone Marrow, Thymus, Lymph Node, Spleen	
Unit 3: Antigens	Lectures: 08
Characteristics of an antigen T-dependent and T-independent antigens Concept of Epitopes, Adjuvants, Haptens, Carrier	
Unit 4: Antibodies	Lectures: 06
Types, Structure, and Functions of antibodies Production and Clinical uses of Monoclonal antibodies	
Unit 5: Antigen-Antibody Interactions	Lectures: 06
Principles, types and applications of Precipitation and Agglutination reactions.	
Unit 6: Major Histocompatibility Complex	Lectures: 06
Organization of MHC locus (Mice & Human) Structure and Functions of MHC I molecule Structure and Functions of MHC II molecule	
Unit 7: Generation of Immune Response	Lectures: 08
Fundamental concept of Innate and Adaptive immunity Generation of Humoral and Cell Mediated Immune Response Antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC)	



Reference Books

- Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S. (2007). Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 6th edition Saunders Publication, Philadelphia.
- Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology. 11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Determination of human blood groups
2. Separation of serum from the blood sample
3. Demonstration of immunoelectrophoresis
4. Demonstration of immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method



SEMESTER- VI

Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Marks		
			I.A.	ESE	Total
S/MCB/601/MJC-13	Microbial Genetics	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/602/MJC- 14	Extreme Microbiology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/ 603/MJC -15	Advanced Immunology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/604/MJC- 16	Recombinant DNA Technology	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
S/MCB/605/MN- 6	Molecular Biology & Microbial Genetics (For students of other discipline)	4 (T +P)	10	40 (T 25+P 15)	50
Total		20	50	200	250



Major Courses

MJC 13: MICROBIAL GENETICS

Course Code: S/MCB/601/MJC-13

Credit:4

(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students can have brief idea about different genome organization.
- Students will get to know about different genetic exchange mechanisms.

Unit 1 Genome Organization and Mutations	Lectures: 10
Genome organization of <i>E. coli</i> Mutations and mutagenesis: Definition and types of Mutations; Physical and chemical mutagens; Molecular basis of mutations; Uses of mutations Reversion and suppression: True revertants; Intra- and inter-genic suppression; Ames test; Mutator genes	
Unit 2 Plasmids	Lectures: 10
Types of plasmids – F plasmid, R Plasmids, colicinogenic plasmids, Ti plasmids, linear plasmids, Plasmid replication and partitioning, Host range, plasmid-incompatibility, plasmid amplification, Regulation of copy number, curing of plasmids	
Unit 3 Mechanisms of Genetic Exchange	Lectures: 12
Transformation - Discovery, mechanism, Identification of recombinants Conjugation - Discovery, mechanism, Hfr and F' strains Transduction - Generalized transduction, specialized transduction, LFT & HFT lysates, Mapping By recombination and co-transduction of markers	
Unit 4 Phage Genetics	Lectures: 08
Features of T4 genetics, Genetic basis of lytic <i>versus</i> lysogenic switch of phage lambda	
Unit 5 Transposable elements	Lectures: 10
Prokaryotic transposable elements – Insertion Sequences, composite and non-composite transposons, Replicative and Non replicative transposition Uses of transposons and transposition	

**Reference Books**

1. Klug WS, Cummings MR, Spencer, C, Palladino, M (2011). Concepts of Genetics, 10th Ed., Benjamin Cummings
2. Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, 3rd Ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning
3. Pierce BA (2011) Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 4th Ed., Macmillan Higher Education Learning.
4. Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP et al. (2008) Molecular Biology of the Gene, Benjamin Cummings

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Study the effect of chemical (HNO_2) and physical (UV) mutagens on bacterial cells
2. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from *E.coli*
3. Study different conformations of plasmid DNA through Agarose gel electrophoresis.
4. Demonstration of Bacterial Conjugation
5. Demonstration of bacterial transformation and transduction
6. Demonstration on Ames Test

**MJC 14: EXTREME MICROBIOLOGY****Course Code: S/MCB/602/MJC-14****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will get to know about wonders of the microbial world.
- Students can have brief idea about different extremophiles and their characteristics.
- Students will learn about the microbes present in space and marine environment.

Unit 1: Extremophiles	Lectures: 10
Brief introduction to extremophiles, diversity, occurrence and their importance in environment. Extremophile Biota and categories, evolutionary history and genetic makeup. Utility in Biotechnology.	
Unit 2: Characteristics and classification of Extremophiles	Lectures: 10
Types of extremophiles based on their habitat: Environmental variables- Temperature, Radiation, Pressure, Salinity, pH, Oxygen tension, Chemicals (Methane, Metals etc.),	
Unit 3: Physiology and metabolism of extremophiles	Lectures: 12
Physiological versatility, Stress Response, Modified anabolic pathways. (Carbohydrates, lipids), cellular structural & molecular adaptations, Modifications in tRNA and rRNA structure. Novel 7S rRNA. Signature sequences	
Unit 4: Marine Microbiology	Lectures: 08
Introduction to oceanography: Microbes in deep-sea hydrothermal vents and deep hypersaline anoxic basins. Quorum sensing and luminescent bacteria, bioactive compounds from marine microorganisms	
Unit 5: Space Microbiology	Lectures: 10
Occurrence, diversity of microbial life in space under gravitational force, Applications of Micro-organisms in Space.	

Reference Books

1. Extremophiles by Johri B.N. 2000. Springer Verlag, New York
2. Microbial Diversity by Colwd, D. 1999, Academic Press.
3. Microbial Life in Extreme Environments. Edited by D. J. Kushner. Academic Press.
4. Microbiology of Extreme Environments. Edited by Clive Edward. Open University Press. Milton Keynes.
5. Microbiology of Extreme Environments and its potential for Biotechnology. Edited by M.S. Da Costa, J.C. Duarate, R.A. D. Williams. Elsevier Applied Science, London.



PRACTI CAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Isolation of thermophiles from hot water spring.
2. Studies on halophiles isolated from seawater. [Pigmentation and Salt tolerance]
3. Studies on alkaliphiles isolated from lonar water/sea water
4. Biogenic methane production using different wastes.
5. Study of bacterial cultures from metal sulfides or rock coal or acid mine waters.

**MJC 15: ADVANCED IMMUNOLOGY****Course Code: S/MCB/603/MJC-15****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will be acquainted with advance immunological techniques.
- Students can have brief idea about different immunization and hypersensitive reactions.
- Students will learn about different diseases and immune response against it .

Unit 1: Complement System	Lectures: 10
Components of the Complement system Complement Activation pathways (Classical, Alternative and Lectin pathways) Biological consequences of complement Activation	
Unit 2: Immunization	Lectures: 08
Immunization: Types & functions. Characteristics and functions of Active and Passive Immunization	
Unit 3: Cytokines	Lectures: 08
Properties, types & functions	
Unit 4: Hypersensitive reactions	Lectures: 06
Definitions, types and mechanisms	
Unit 5: Immune response to infectious diseases	Lectures: 06
Immune response to viral (Influenza), bacterial (<i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i>), protozoan (<i>Plasmodium</i>) infections.	
Unit 5: Autoimmunity	Lectures: 06
General concepts Organ-specific autoimmune diseases (Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Graves' disease) Systematic autoimmune diseases (Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Multiple sclerosis)	
Unit 6: Immunological Techniques	Lectures: 06
Immunoelectrophoresis, ELISA, RIA, ELISPOT, Immunofluorescence, Immunoelectron microscopy	

Reference Books

1. Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S. (2007). Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 6th edition Saunders Publication, Philadelphia.
2. Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology. 11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.
3. Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.



PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Perform Total Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
2. Study of serum bactericidal activity (demonstration).
3. Determination of Lysozyme activity (demonstration).
4. Perform DOT ELISA technique.

**MJC 16: RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY****Course Code: S/MCB/604/MJC-16****Credit:4****(Theory: Lectures 50 /Marks 25)****Learning Outcome**

- Students will be acquainted with different cloning techniques.
- Students can have brief idea about advanced genetic engineering techniques.
- Students will learn about different applications of RDT in Industry.

Unit 1 Introduction to Genetic Engineering	Lectures: 04
Milestones in genetic engineering and biotechnology	
Unit 2 Molecular Cloning- Tools and Strategies	Lectures: 08
Restriction endonuclease in genetic engineering; Definition and function of restriction site, linkers, adaptors, DNA Modifying enzymes: Topoisomerase, DNA ligase, Terminal deoxy nucleotidyl transferase, kinases, phosphatase Definition and Properties of following Cloning Vectors: pBR322, pUC8, Bacteriophage lambda, Phagemid, M13, Cosmids, BACs and YACs vectors, expression vectors (Plasmid & Mammalian SV40-based)	
Unit 3 Methods in Molecular Cloning	Lectures: 10
Gene delivery: Microinjection, electroporation, biolistic method (gene gun), liposome and viral mediated delivery, <i>Agrobacterium</i> - mediated delivery Agarose gel electrophoresis, Southern and Northern blotting, dot blot, DNA microarray analysis, SDS-PAGE and Western blotting	
Unit 4 DNA Amplification and DNA sequencing	Lectures: 10
Basic concept of PCR, RT-PCR, Real-Time PCR Sanger's method of DNA Sequencing: traditional and automated sequencing Primer walking and shotgun sequencing	
Unit 5 Construction and Screening of Genomic and cDNA libraries	Lectures: 08
Genomic and cDNA libraries: Preparation and uses, Screening of libraries: Colony hybridization And colony PCR, Chromosome walking and chromosome jumping	
Unit 6 Applications of Recombinant DNA Technology	Lectures: 10
Products of recombinant DNA technology: Insulin, hGH, Antisense molecules, Bt transgenic - cotton, brinjal , Gene therapy, Recombinant vaccines, (Hepatitis B) protein engineering and site directed mutagenesis	



Reference Books

1. Brown TA. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis. 6th edition. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, U.K.
2. Clark DP and Pazdernik NJ. (2009). Biotechnology: Applying the Genetic Revolution. Elsevier Academic Press, USA
3. Primrose SB and Twyman RM. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th edition. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, U.K.
4. Sambrook J and Russell D. (2001). Molecular Cloning-A Laboratory Manual. 3rd edition. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press
5. Wiley JM, Sherwood LM and Woolverton CJ. (2008). Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. McGraw Hill Higher Education

PRACTICAL

Lectures: 30

Marks: 15

List of Practical

1. Demonstration of bacterial Transformation by standard method.
2. Digestion of DNA using restriction enzymes and analysis by agarose gel electrophoresis.
3. Ligation of DNA fragments.
4. Interpretation of sequencing gel Electropherogram.
5. Demonstration of amplification of DNA by PCR
6. Demonstration of Southern blotting.



Minor Course

MN-6: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY & MICROBIAL GENETICS

Course Code: S/MCB/605/MN-6

Credit: 4

(Theory: Lectures 50/Marks 25)

Learning Outcome

- Students will learn about different molecular processes like DNA & RNA replication.
- Students will get acquainted with molecular techniques.
- Students will get idea about prokaryotic genetics through practical experiments.

Unit 1 Genome Organization and Replication of DNA (Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes)

Lectures: 08

DNA Structure: Watson and Crick- historic perspective, DNA structure, and Salient features of double helix, Types of DNA, Types of genetic material, denaturation and renaturation, cot curves. DNA topology – linking number, topoisomerases; Mechanism of DNA replication: Enzymes and proteins involved in DNA replication –DNA polymerases, DNA ligase, primase, telomerase. Models of DNA replication: rolling circle, θ (theta) mode of replication

Unit 2 Transcription & Post-Transcriptional Processing in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes

Lectures: 06

Concept of Gene & operon (operator & promoter) RNA Polymerase and the transcription unit
Transcription in Eukaryotes: RNA polymerases, general transcription factors. ,
Concept of introns and exons, RNA splicing, spliceosome, Polyadenylation and capping,

Unit 3 Translation (Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes)

Lectures: 08

Translational machinery, Charging of tRNA, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, Mechanisms of initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Inhibitors of protein synthesis in prokaryotes and eukaryote.

Unit 4 Regulation of gene Expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes

Lectures: 06

Principles of transcriptional regulation, regulation at initiation with examples from *lac* and *trp* operons, Changes in Chromatin Structure -DNA methylation and Histone Acetylation mechanisms.

Unit 5 Mutation & DNA repair in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes

Lectures: 08

Mutations and mutagenesis: Definition and types of Mutations; Physical and chemical mutagens; Molecular basis of mutations; Uses of mutations. Reversion and suppression: True revertants; Intra- and inter-genic suppression; Ames test; Mutator genes. Mismatch and excision repair.

Unit 6 Mechanisms of Genetic Exchange in Prokaryotes

Lectures: 06

Discovery & mechanism of Transformation and Conjugation, Hfr and F' strains. Transduction - Generalized transduction, specialized transduction, LFT & HFT lysates.

Unit 7 Plasmids & Transposable elements

Lectures: 08

Types of plasmids – F plasmid, R Plasmids, colicinogenic plasmids, Ti & Degradative plasmids. Host range, partitioning, plasmid-incompatibility, plasmid amplification, Regulation of copy number, curing. Transposable elements – Insertion Sequences, composite and non-composite transposons, Replicative and Non replicative transposition, Uses of transposons and transposition

**Reference Books**

1. Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP, Gann A, Levine M and Losick R (2008) Molecular Biology of the Gene, 6th edition, Cold Spring Harbour Lab. Press, Pearson Publication
2. Becker WM, Kleinsmith LJ, Hardin J and Bertoni GP (2009) The World of the Cell, 7th edition, Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco
3. De Robertis EDP and De Robertis EMF (2006) Cell and Molecular Biology, 8th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia
4. Karp G (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
5. Sambrook J and Russell DW. (2001). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. 4th Edition, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory press.
6. Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, 3rd Ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning
7. Gardner EJ, Simmons MJ, Snustad DP (2008). Principles of Genetics. 8th Ed. Wiley-India

PRACTICAL**Lectures: 30****Marks: 15****List of Practical**

1. Study the effect of physical (UV) mutagens on bacterial cells
2. Isolation of genomic DNA from *E. coli*
3. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from *E.coli*
4. Visualization of Genomic and plasmid DNA through Agarose gel electrophoresis.
5. Demonstration of Bacterial Conjugation
6. Demonstration of bacterial transformation and transduction